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SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



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SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

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George Jaszi / Director
Allan H. Young / Deputy Director
Carol S. Carson / Editor-in-Chief,
Survey of Current Business
Manuscript Editor: Dannelet A. Grosvenor
Managing Editor: Leland L. Scott

Staff Contributors to This Issue: Leo M. Bernstein, Karl D. Galbraith, Gurmukh S. Gill, Martin Murphy, Eugene P. Seskin, David F. Sullivan, Joseph C. Wakefield, Richard C. Ziemer

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SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

FOR the 260th—but last—time, the masthead of the **SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS** carries George Jaszi's name as director of the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) or its predecessor agency, the Office of Business Economics. Mr. Jaszi is retiring after more than 45 years as a civil servant. Forty-three of those years were with the Department of Commerce: first as an economist in the National Income Division of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, then as the chief of that division beginning in 1949, as an assistant director of the Office of Business Economics beginning in 1959, and finally as the director of the agency beginning in 1963. Over these years, he left an indelible mark on BEA and its work of developing and maintaining the economic accounts of the United States.

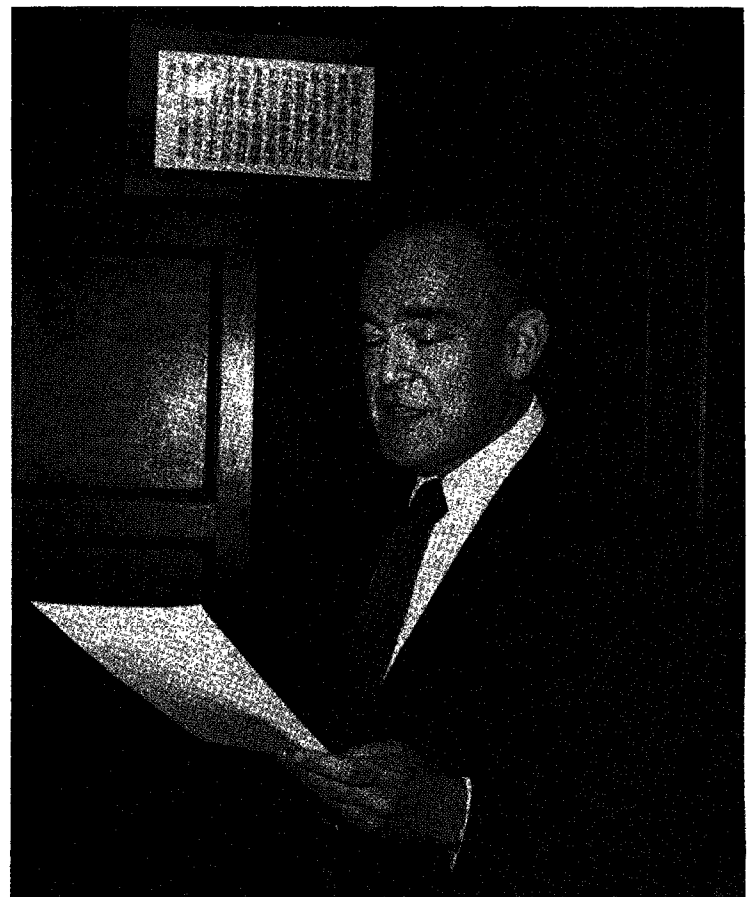
Mr. Jaszi's contributions go back to the very beginning of GNP—the cornerstone of the national income and product accounts. He was one of a team of four—the others were Edward F. Denison, the late Milton Gilbert, and Charles F. Schwartz—who roughed out a sketch of the two-sided economic accounts that were prepared during World War II to provide information needed for economic mobilization. The same team prepared the first precise formulation of the accounting system in 1947 and wrote the first detailed explanation of its conceptual framework in 1951. Shortly thereafter, Mr. Jaszi worked on the first official measures of constant-dollar GNP, which facilitated the analysis of cyclical movements of the economy and made possible the analysis of economic growth, and on the extension of the accounts to show the distribution of income by size class.

Over the last 25 years or so, Mr. Jaszi has directed the enhancement of BEA's national, regional, and international economic accounts and related tools of analysis with the goal of providing a more sharply focused and more comprehensive picture of the U.S. economy. Highlights of these efforts span the range of BEA's programs:

- The national income and product account estimates were provided on a more timely schedule, in more detail, and with more attention to separating changes in value into changes in prices and changes in constant-price measures. The amount of quarterly information was vastly expanded. The full quarterly presentation in the **SURVEY** now consists of about 50 tables and shows not only GNP in current and constant dollars with associated measures of prices, product component detail, national income and personal income, corporate profits, and other well-known

measures, but also many others such as auto and truck output, inventory stocks, gross domestic product of corporate business, and merchandise trade by end-use commodity category. The 130 tables usually presented in the July **SURVEY** provide even more detail. For example, they include annual estimates of income and product by industry. Further, beginning in 1983, a quarterly "flash" estimate of major GNP aggregates was published 15 days before the end of a quarter.

- Wealth accounts were developed as an extension of the income and product accounts. They now cover all types of tangible wealth—privately owned and government-owned equipment and structures, and durable goods owned by consumers.



- The concept of the Federal budget in the framework of the economic accounts was forged; this concept significantly influenced the format in which the official budget has been presented since fiscal year 1969. More recently, the cyclically adjusted budget, an important analytical tool for measuring the impact of the Federal budget on the economy, was developed as a replacement for the high-employment budget.

- The input-output work at the Department of Commerce was started in 1962. Its hallmark is the conceptual and statistical consistency of input-output tables with the other branches of BEA's economic accounts. A number of conceptual refinements were introduced in the main tables, and adjunct tables—for example, tables showing the distribution of structures and equipment among acquiring industries—were developed.

- Regional accounts were expanded to provide, in addition to the annual income measures already available for States, quarterly measures for States and annual measures for local areas. The preparation of estimates was supplemented by projections of income, employment, and population and by regional econometric models that assess the impact of external factors on local economies.

- The U.S. balance of payments accounts were enhanced by conceptual improvements, methodological changes to keep pace with rapid changes in the international financial system, and presentation of more detail. In addition, a survey-based information system relating to multinational corporations was established.

- Pioneering estimates of pollution abatement and control expenditures were prepared. The concepts and definitions underlying these estimates were adopted by many countries.

- Forward-looking analysis that supplements BEA's work on the economic accounts was strengthened. Within the Federal Government, BEA took a leading role in developing macroeconomic models of the U.S. economy and currently circulates the results of its quarterly model to key officials. The BEA plant and equipment expenditures survey was improved in several ways, notably by the preparation of constant-dollar estimates of actual and planned expenditures. The system of leading, coincident, and lagging indicators was revamped in the mid-1970's, with special attention to the increased need to distinguish between indicators affected by inflation and those not.

Mr. Jaszi's work on BEA's economic accounts was paralleled by two activities that, while drawing upon his BEA work, also contributed to it. First, he was one of the architects of the United Nations system of national accounts, which is used both for international reporting and as an aid to countries in setting up economic accounts. As one of a group of experts convened by the League of Nations, he worked on the first set of international guidelines for the construction of economic accounts. Subsequently, under the auspices of the United Nations, he participated in drafting a more comprehensive system of economic accounts and in preparing two revisions of the system—one

in the 1960's and one ongoing with a 1990 target date for implementation—to adapt it to changes in economic structure, statistical capabilities, and policy-oriented applications. Second, throughout most of his career he taught university courses on a part-time basis. He introduced students at American University, George Washington University, and Georgetown University, among others, to economic accounting, and sought to recruit his best students for BEA.

Mr. Jaszi's influence on BEA is not, however, fully reflected in a list of substantive enhancements of its output. His influence is less tangible, but not less real, in other ways—for example, in how people outside BEA view it and its work and how the organization functions. Outsiders, from government policymakers to business economists, respect BEA's professionalism and integrity. Mr. Jaszi's own professionalism has been widely recognized. Fellow economic accountants elected him to the chair of the Conference on Research in Income and Wealth, their professional organization in the United States, and the International Association for Research in Income and Wealth. The honors he has received over the years include a Rockefeller Public Service Award, in 1974, and a Presidential Distinguished Executive Rank award, the highest Federal Government award that can be earned by career civil servants, in 1980. He has viewed the excellence of BEA's work as the shield behind which politically sensitive statistics, such as GNP and the leading indicators, can be prepared without partisan interference. Further, he has viewed the provision of direct policy advice as the sure way to invite such interference. Accordingly, he has pursued the former and has scrupulously avoided the latter, and has insisted that BEA staff do the same.

A passage from Confucius, which is visible in its frame in the picture of Mr. Jaszi standing behind his desk at BEA, is a favorite of his: "If concepts are not clear, words do not fit; if words do not fit, the day's work cannot be accomplished." Two of the trademarks of his directorship can be seen as the tools he used to pursue the clarification of concepts. First, he questioned—definitions, classifications, methodological assumptions, thoroughness of research; little escaped. His questioning, and his staff's preparation for his questioning, improved the quality of BEA's work and, at least as importantly, set the tone for the open, intellectual environment at BEA. He also respected others' questioning; he insisted that BEA's estimates and methodologies be accessible so that others could question and that BEA staff be responsive to questions put to them. Second, he insisted on precise writing. Word choice, punctuation, and sentence and paragraph structure—for internal memos as well as for BEA publications—were all matters of concern. His name on the SURVEY's masthead has not represented merely organizational hierarchy; he actively reviewed SURVEY articles in pursuit of cogency and precision. For the future, it will be a worthy goal for the SURVEY, and for BEA, to maintain the standards he set.

The Editor-in-Chief

the BUSINESS SITUATION

REVISED (45-day) estimates show that real GNP increased at an annual rate of 5 percent in the fourth quarter of 1984.¹ Preliminary (15-day) estimates, published a month ago, had shown a 4-percent increase. Inflation, as measured by the GNP fixed-weighted price index, remained virtually unrevised at a 3½-percent annual rate of increase (table 1).

1. Quarterly estimates in the national income and product accounts are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, and quarterly changes in them are differences between these rates. Quarter-to-quarter percent changes are compounded to annual rates. Real, or constant-dollar, estimates are expressed in 1972 dollars.

Table 1.—Revisions in Selected Component Series of the NIPA's, Fourth Quarter of 1984

	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates			Percent change from preceding quarter at annual rates	
	15-day estimate	45-day estimate	Revision	15-day estimate	45-day estimate
Billions of current dollars					
GNP	3,752.5	3,764.2	11.7	6.4	7.8
Personal consumption expenditures.....	2,398.6	2,397.4	-1.2	6.5	6.2
Nonresidential fixed investment.....	448.9	445.9	-3.0	12.7	9.8
Residential investment.....	155.4	153.1	-2.3	.1	-5.7
Change in business inventories.....	31.1	35.3	4.2		
Net exports.....	-64.3	-49.2	15.1		
Government purchases.....	782.7	781.7	-1.0	11.9	11.3
National income	2,226.2	2,227.5	1.3	6.4	6.7
Compensation of employees.....					
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.....	521.3	519.5	-1.8	9.0	7.5
Other.....					
Personal income	3,100.4	3,098.9	-1.5	7.2	7.0
Billions of constant (1972) dollars					
GNP	1,661.1	1,664.8	3.7	3.9	4.9
Personal consumption expenditures.....	1,076.2	1,075.4	-.8	3.9	3.6
Nonresidential fixed investment.....	215.1	212.7	-2.4	11.1	6.3
Residential investment.....	59.8	59.3	-.5	-1.7	-5.3
Change in business inventories.....	14.2	16.8	2.6		
Net exports.....	-15.2	-10.2	5.0		
Government purchases.....	311.0	310.8	-.2	6.6	6.3
Index numbers, 1972 = 100 ¹					
GNP implicit price deflator.....	225.90	226.10	.20	2.4	2.8
GNP fixed-weighted price index.....	237.1	237.1	0	3.5	3.4
GNP chain price index.....				3.4	3.4

1. Not at annual rates.

NOTE.—For the fourth quarter of 1984, the following revised or additional major source data became available: For *personal consumption expenditures*, revised retail sales for November and December; for *nonresidential fixed investment*, manufacturers' shipments of equipment for November (revised) and December, construction put in place for November (revised) and December; for *residential investment*, construction put in place for November (revised) and December; for *change in business inventories*, book values for manufacturing and trade for November (revised) and December; for *net exports of goods and services*, merchandise trade for December; for *government purchases of goods and services*, Federal unified budget outlays for December, and State and local construction put in place for November (revised) and December; for *wages and salaries*, revised employment, average hourly earnings, and average weekly hours for November and December; for *GNP prices*, the Consumer Price Index and the Producer Price Index for December, unit-value indexes for exports and imports for December, export and import price indexes for December, and residential housing prices for the quarter.

The \$3½ billion upward revision in real GNP can be traced to large, but partly offsetting, revisions in some of the major components. The upward revisions were in net exports and change in business inventories. Net exports were revised up \$5 billion, mainly due to an upward revision in merchandise exports and a downward revision in merchandise imports. Inventory investment was revised up \$2½ billion, largely due to upward revisions in manufacturing, wholesale trade, and retail trade. The downward revision of \$2½ billion in nonresidential fixed investment was in producers' durable equipment, mainly com-

puters. In personal consumption expenditures (PCE), a downward revision in nondurables more than offset upward revisions in services and durables. In residential investment, the downward revision was mainly in multifamily structures. In government, a downward revision in State and local purchases (construction) a little more than offset an upward revision in Federal purchases (largely defense).

Overall, the picture of the economy, as described in the last month's "Business Situation," did not alter much. The fourth-quarter increase in real GNP was accounted for by a sharp increase in final sales that more than offset a decline in business inventory investment. Within final sales, all major components increased except residential construction. Net exports accounted for one-half of the increase in final sales, and PCE a little more than one-fourth.

Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts

A comprehensive revision of the national income and product accounts is underway. It will incorporate benchmark data, such as the 1977 economic censuses; improved adjustments for misreporting of tax return information; and information from a variety of other sources. All series in the accounts will be revised back to 1973, and some will be revised for earlier years. Preliminary estimates for 1977 appeared in the May 1984 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS and the improved adjustments for misreporting of tax return information were described in the June 1984 SURVEY. The current schedule calls for completing the revision in December 1985.

The revision of the estimates for 1982-84 that would customarily be published this July will be combined with the December revision. However, selected national income and product account tables with detailed annual estimates for 1984 (on an unrevised basis) will appear in the July 1985 SURVEY.

Table 1.13.—Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business in Current Dollars and Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business in Current and Constant Dollars

	Billions of dollars									Billions of dollars							
	1983	1984 ^r	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates							1983	1984 ^r	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
			1983		1984							1983		1984			
			III	IV	I	II	III	IV ^r				III	IV	I	II	III	IV ^r
Gross domestic product of corporate business.....	2,037.0	2,277.4	2,076.6	2,135.0	2,207.4	2,271.3	2,292.4	.....	Net domestic product.....	1,699.7	1,922.5	1,736.6	1,791.8	1,858.6	1,917.6	1,936.0	.....
Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj.....	231.2	246.3	233.4	236.4	239.9	244.1	248.1	252.9	Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies.....	196.7	214.6	200.4	203.7	207.3	213.4	216.9	220.9
Net domestic product.....	1,805.8	2,031.2	1,843.2	1,898.6	1,967.5	2,027.2	2,044.3	.....	Domestic income.....	1,503.0	1,707.8	1,536.2	1,588.0	1,651.2	1,704.2	1,719.1	.....
Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies.....	206.2	224.8	210.0	213.4	217.2	223.5	227.2	231.3	Compensation of employees.....	1,263.1	1,392.7	1,277.8	1,310.8	1,354.0	1,384.5	1,405.2	1,427.2
Domestic income.....	1,599.6	1,806.4	1,633.3	1,685.2	1,750.3	1,803.7	1,817.1	.....	Wages and salaries.....	1,044.3	1,143.0	1,051.5	1,084.8	1,111.3	1,137.1	1,153.0	1,170.5
Compensation of employees.....	1,357.1	1,494.7	1,372.8	1,407.2	1,453.2	1,485.6	1,508.3	1,531.9	Supplements to wages and salaries.....	218.8	249.7	226.4	226.0	242.7	247.4	252.1	256.7
Wages and salaries.....	1,121.2	1,225.7	1,129.0	1,163.5	1,192.0	1,219.0	1,236.5	1,255.3	Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj.....	171.0	235.3	188.0	205.8	223.0	240.8	231.6	.....
Supplements to wages and salaries.....	236.0	269.0	243.8	243.7	261.2	266.6	271.7	276.6	Profits before tax.....	148.8	185.8	170.4	171.5	188.9	195.9	173.8	.....
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj.....	200.4	262.9	217.5	234.4	251.7	269.8	258.5	.....	Profits tax liability.....	58.0	71.4	67.0	66.7	74.5	77.2	64.4	.....
Profits before tax.....	178.4	213.2	199.9	200.0	217.6	224.8	200.4	.....	Profits after tax.....	90.8	114.4	103.4	104.8	114.5	118.6	109.5	.....
Profits tax liability.....	75.8	90.0	84.7	84.5	92.7	95.8	83.1	.....	Dividends.....	62.8	69.9	63.2	63.9	65.9	70.3	70.9	72.4
Profits after tax.....	102.6	123.2	115.2	115.5	124.9	128.9	117.3	.....	Undistributed profits.....	28.0	44.5	40.2	40.9	48.5	48.3	38.5	.....
Dividends.....	63.0	70.5	63.3	64.2	66.3	70.9	71.6	73.3	IVA.....	-11.2	-5.9	-19.3	-9.2	-13.5	-7.3	-2	-2.8
Undistributed profits.....	39.6	52.7	51.9	51.3	58.6	58.1	45.7	.....	CCAdj.....	33.4	55.4	36.9	43.6	47.5	52.2	58.0	63.8
IVA.....	-11.2	-5.9	-19.3	-9.2	-13.5	-7.3	-2	-2.8	Net interest.....	69.0	79.8	70.4	71.3	74.2	78.9	82.4	83.8
CCAdj.....	33.2	55.6	36.9	43.6	47.6	52.3	58.3	64.3	Billions of 1972 dollars								
Net interest.....	42.1	48.8	43.0	43.6	45.4	48.3	50.4	51.2	Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.....	896.4	977.6	912.4	931.1	956.9	979.5	980.0	.....
Gross domestic product of financial corporate business.....	119.3	123.7	120.0	120.8	123.3	124.3	123.5	.....	Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj.....	100.0	104.0	100.7	101.5	102.4	103.4	104.5	105.8
Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.....	1,917.7	2,153.7	1,956.6	2,014.2	2,084.2	2,146.9	2,168.9	.....	Net domestic product.....	796.4	873.6	811.7	829.6	854.6	876.1	875.5	.....
Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj.....	218.0	231.2	220.0	222.5	225.6	229.3	232.9	237.2	Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies.....	97.8	101.2	98.5	100.0	100.7	101.2	101.1	101.9
									Domestic income.....	698.6	772.4	713.2	729.6	753.9	774.9	774.4	

Table 1.11.—National Income by Type of Income

	2,646.7	2,961.9	2,684.4	2,766.5	2,873.5	2,944.8	2,984.9	
National income.....	2,646.7	2,961.9	2,684.4	2,766.5	2,873.5	2,944.8	2,984.9	
Compensation of employees.....	1,984.9	2,173.0	2,000.7	2,055.4	2,113.4	2,159.2	2,191.9	2,227.5
Wages and salaries.....	1,658.8	1,804.0	1,670.8	1,715.4	1,755.9	1,793.3	1,819.1	1,847.5
Government and government enterprises.....	327.7	349.8	330.6	335.0	342.9	347.5	352.0	356.9
Other.....	1,331.1	1,454.1	1,340.3	1,380.4	1,413.0	1,445.8	1,467.1	1,490.6
Supplements to wages and salaries.....	326.2	369.0	329.9	340.0	357.4	365.9	372.8	380.0
Employer contributions for social insurance.....	153.1	173.5	153.9	157.9	169.4	172.4	174.7	177.5
Other labor income.....	173.1	195.5	175.9	182.1	188.1	193.5	198.1	202.5
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj.....	121.7	154.2	123.3	131.9	154.9	149.8	153.7	158.3
Farm.....	13.8	28.0	11.2	17.3	32.5	23.4	27.3	28.6
Proprietors' income with IVA.....	22.1	36.2	19.6	25.7	40.7	31.7	35.5	36.8
CCAdj.....	-8.4	-8.2	-8.4	-8.3	-8.3	-8.3	-8.2	-8.2
Nonfarm.....	107.9	126.2	112.1	114.6	122.5	126.3	126.4	129.7
Proprietors' income.....	100.4	114.5	103.8	105.5	112.4	115.0	113.8	116.8
IVA.....	-8	-4	-1.3	-7	-1.2	-4	1	-3
CCAdj.....	8.3	12.2	9.5	9.7	11.2	11.8	12.5	13.2
Rental income of persons with CCAdj.....	58.3	62.5	56.2	60.4	61.0	62.0	63.0	63.9
Rental income of persons.....	96.6	102.9	96.6	99.1	99.9	102.5	104.2	105.1
CCAdj.....	-38.3	-40.5	-40.3	-38.7	-38.8	-40.6	-41.2	-41.2
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj.....	225.2	287.1	245.0	260.0	277.4	291.1	282.8	
Corporate profits with IVA.....	192.0	231.5	208.1	216.3	229.8	238.7	224.5	
Profits before tax.....	203.2	237.5	227.4	225.5	243.3	246.0	224.8	
Profits tax liability.....	75.8	90.0	84.7	84.5	92.7	95.8	83.1	
Profits after tax.....	127.4	147.5	142.6	141.1	150.6	150.2	141.7	
Dividends.....	72.9	80.5	73.3	75.4	77.7	79.9	81.3	83.0
Undistributed profits.....	54.5	67.0	69.3	65.6	72.9	70.2	60.3	
IVA.....	-11.2	-5.9	-19.3	-9.2	-13.5	-7.3	-2	-2.8
CCAdj.....	33.2	55.6	36.9	43.6	47.6	52.3	58.3	64.3
Net interest.....	256.6	285.1	259.2	258.9	266.8	282.8	293.5	297.3
Addenda:								
Corporate profits after tax with IVA and CCAdj.....	149.4	197.2	160.2	175.5	184.7	195.2	199.8	
Dividends.....	72.9	80.5	73.3	75.4	77.7	79.9	81.3	83.0
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCAdj.....	76.5	116.7	86.9	100.0	107.0	115.3	118.4	

Table 1.7.—Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal Income

	Billions of dollars							
	1983	1984 ^r	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
			1983		1984			
			III	IV	I	II	III	IV ^r
Gross national product.....	3,304.8	3,664.2	3,346.6	3,431.7	3,553.3	3,644.7	3,694.6	3,764.2
Less:								
Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj.....	377.1	403.2	382.8	386.4	391.8	400.0	406.9	414.2
Capital consumption allowances.....	367.2	417.3	375.7	387.8	398.6	410.3	423.1	437.1
Less: CCAdj.....	-9.9	14.1	-7.1	1.4	6.8	-10.3	16.3	22.9
Equals: Net national product.....	2,927.7	3,261.0	2,963.9	3,045.4	3,161.5	3,244.7	3,287.7	3,350.0
Less:								
Indirect business tax and nontax liability.....	280.4	304.0	284.7	290.1	295.5	301.3	306.6	312.5
Business transfer payments.....	15.6	17.3	15.8	16.2	16.7	17.1	17.5	18.0
Statistical discrepancy.....	5	-8.2	-4.8	-4.8	2.2	-9.0	-13.0	
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.....	15.6	14.0	16.2	22.6	26.4	9.6	8.4	11.8
Equals: National income.....	2,646.7	2,961.9	2,684.4	2,766.5	2,873.5	2,944.8	2,984.9	
Less:								
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj.....	225.2	287.1	245.0	260.0	277.4	291.1	282.8	
Net interest.....	256.6	285.1	259.2	258.9	266.8	282.8	293.5	297.3
Contributions for social insurance.....	272.7	306.0	274.3	281.0	298.9	304.2	308.1	312.7
Wage accruals less disbursements.....	-4	0	-4	0	2	2	-4	2
Plus:								
Government transfer payments to persons.....	389.3	399.4	388.1	392.5	394.7	398.1	401.0	403.8
Personal interest income.....	376.3	434.8	382.3	388.2	403.9	425.6	449.3	460.1
Personal dividend income.....	70.3	77.7	70.7	72.8	75.0	77.2	78.5	80.2
Business transfer payments.....	15.6	17.3	15.8	16.2	16.7	17.1	17.5	18.0
Equals: Personal income.....	2,744.2	3,012.8	2,763.3	2,836.5	2,920.5	2,984.6	3,047.3	3,098.9

	Percent		Percent at annual rates							Percent		Percent at annual rates					
			Seasonally adjusted								Seasonally adjusted						
	1983	1984 *	1983		1984 *					1983	1984 *	1983		1984 *			
			III	IV	I	II	III	IV *				III	IV	I	II	III	IV *
Gross national product:																	
Current dollars.....	7.7	10.9	10.1	10.6	14.9	10.7	5.6	7.8	Government purchases of goods and services:								
1972 dollars.....	3.7	6.9	6.8	5.9	10.1	7.1	1.6	4.9	Current dollars.....	5.4	9.1	4.5	.9	7.8	24.3	9.6	11.3
Implicit price deflator.....	3.8	3.8	3.1	4.4	4.4	3.3	3.9	2.8	1972 dollars.....	-3	3.5	-5	-4.3	1.0	18.6	5.4	6.3
Chain price index.....	4.3	4.0	4.4	4.1	4.9	4.1	3.9	3.4	Implicit price deflator.....	5.7	5.4	5.1	5.5	6.7	4.8	4.0	4.7
Fixed-weighted price index.....	4.2	4.2	4.7	3.9	5.0	4.3	4.0	3.4	Chain price index.....	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.2	7.8	5.2	4.1	3.5
									Fixed-weighted price index.....	4.8	5.4	5.3	4.9	7.3	5.4	3.9	3.7
Personal consumption expenditures:									Federal:								
Current dollars.....	8.6	8.6	7.6	9.2	8.6	10.2	5.0	6.2	Current dollars.....	4.2	9.6	-2.0	-4.3	2.0	50.5	7.8	20.3
1972 dollars.....	4.8	5.3	3.8	6.8	4.6	7.9	.7	3.6	1972 dollars.....	-6	5.4	-5.3	-8.7	-2.8	45.2	6.2	15.3
Implicit price deflator.....	3.7	3.2	3.7	2.3	3.8	2.2	4.3	2.6	Implicit price deflator.....	4.8	3.9	3.5	4.8	5.0	3.7	1.5	4.3
Chain price index.....	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.6	4.7	3.3	3.9	3.7	Chain price index.....	4.2	4.3	3.8	4.6	8.0	3.7	1.6	1.0
Fixed-weighted price index.....	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.4	4.9	3.1	4.0	3.8	Fixed-weighted price index.....	3.5	4.1	4.2	4.6	7.3	3.8	1.4	1.1
Durable goods:									National Defense:								
Current dollars.....	14.1	13.8	12.0	24.0	15.8	13.1	-4.2	10.5	Current dollars.....	11.7	10.4	3.3	13.2	12.5	14.7	-.8	21.4
1972 dollars.....	12.1	13.0	9.0	20.5	16.3	12.0	-3.6	12.7	1972 dollars.....	7.1	5.7	-1.9	9.2	3.4	12.2	-2.3	16.0
Implicit price deflators.....	1.8	.7	2.8	2.9	-.5	1.1	-1.9	1.3	Implicit price deflator.....	4.2	4.5	5.3	3.6	8.8	2.2	1.5	4.6
Chain price index.....	2.2	1.6	2.7	3.9	-.2	1.8	.1	1.3	Chain price index.....	4.3	4.5	4.1	5.6	6.9	4.6	1.4	.5
Fixed-weighted price index.....	2.5	2.1	3.3	4.1	.6	2.4	.7	1.6	Fixed-weighted price index.....	3.5	4.3	4.0	6.1	6.9	4.3	.9	.7
Non-durable goods:									Nondefense:								
Current dollars.....	5.8	6.9	7.6	5.7	9.2	8.4	1.5	2.1	Current dollars.....	-12.8	7.0	-15.5	-44.1	-29.1	277.9	36.5	17.2
1972 dollars.....	3.7	4.6	3.9	5.0	4.1	10.3	-1.2	-.5	1972 dollars.....	-16.9	4.7	-13.6	-46.3	-21.1	217.5	31.7	13.6
Implicit price deflator.....	2.1	2.2	3.6	.6	4.9	-1.7	2.7	2.7	Implicit price deflator.....	4.9	2.2	-2.2	4.2	-10.2	19.0	3.6	3.2
Chain price index.....	2.2	2.9	2.7	2.3	5.7	-.2	1.9	3.7	Chain price index.....	4.1	3.8	3.1	1.8	11.7	.6	2.3	2.5
Fixed-weighted price index.....	2.0	2.9	2.8	2.3	5.8	-.1	1.5	3.5	Fixed-weighted price index.....	3.4	3.8	4.9	.5	8.3	2.6	2.8	2.3
Services:									State and local:								
Current dollars.....	9.4	8.6	6.6	8.3	6.2	10.9	10.5	8.1	Current dollars.....	6.2	8.7	9.0	4.4	11.5	10.0	10.7	

NOTE.—The implicit price deflator for GNP is a weighted average of the detailed price indexes used in the deflation of GNP. In each period, the weights are based on the composition of constant-dollar output in that period. In other words, the price index for each item (1972=100) is weighted by the ratio of the quantity of the item valued in 1972 prices to the total output in 1972 prices. Changes in the implicit price deflator reflect both changes in prices and changes in

the composition of output. The chain price index uses as weights the composition of output in the prior period, and therefore reflects only the change in prices between the two periods. However, comparisons of percent changes in the chain index also reflect changes in the composition of output. The fixed-weighted price index uses as weights the composition of output in 1972. Accordingly, comparisons over any time span reflect only changes in prices.

Reconciliation and Other Special Tables

Table 1.—Reconciliation of Changes in Compensation Per Hour in the Business Economy Other Than Farm and Housing and Average Hourly Earnings in the Private Nonfarm Economy, Seasonally Adjusted

	1984			
	I	II	III ^a	IV ^a
1. Compensation per hour of all persons in the business economy other than farm and housing (percent change at annual rate) ¹	6.7	3.7	3.5	3.5
2. Less: Contribution of supplements.....	1.6	.3	.5	.3
3. Plus: Contribution of housing and nonprofit institutions.....	-7	-1	-2	-1
4. Less: Contribution of employees of government enterprises, unpaid family workers, and the self-employed.....	1.0	-1	-2	-1
5. Equals: Wages and salaries per hour of employees in the private nonfarm economy (percent change at annual rate).....	3.4	3.5	3.1	3.2
6. Less: Contribution of nonproduction workers in manufacturing.....	0	-2	.1	.1
7. Less: Contribution of non-BLS data, detailed weighting, and seasonal adjustment.....	-7	-3	.4	.2
8. Equals: Average hourly earnings, production and nonsupervisory workers in the private nonfarm economy (percent change at annual rate).....	4.1	3.9	2.6	2.9

^aRevised.

^bPreliminary.

1. BLS estimates of changes in hourly compensation in the nonfarm business sector for the four quarters are 6.1, 3.7, 3.6, and 3.7 percent.

Table 2.—National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services

	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates										Percent change from preceding period at annual rates									
	Billions of dollars					Billions of 1972 dollars					Implicit price deflator					Fixed-weighted price index				
	1983					1984					1983					1984				
	IV	I	II	III	IV	IV	I	II	III	IV	IV	I	II	III	IV	IV	I	II	III	IV
National defense	207.2	213.4	220.8	220.3	231.3	86.3	87.1	89.6	89.1	92.4	3.6	8.8	2.2	1.5	4.6	4.8	8.5	4.4	1.6	1.5
Durable goods.....	62.9	66.5	70.7	66.3	73.7	25.0	26.1	27.7	25.8	27.8	7.9	4.4	.7	4.1	12.1	8.0	3.2	11.9	4.1	.6
Military equipment.....	53.7	56.1	59.9	55.3	62.8	20.7	21.4	22.8	20.8	22.9	8.7	5.1	-.5	5.3	12.5	13.3	2.7	14.3	4.8	-.2
Aircraft.....	22.1	22.7	23.9	23.3	26.1	7.0	6.9	7.3	7.2	7.5	11.5	15.7	-1.0	-1.2	26.8	31.7	3.2	24.7	6.1	-2.0
Missiles.....	9.3	7.8	7.7	7.7	10.7	4.0	3.2	3.2	3.1	4.2	13.1	9.9	.2	17.0	10.9	-3.3	4.3	14.2	6.2	-1.4
Ships.....	7.5	7.6	8.1	7.5	8.5	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.9	3.2	1.1	3.0	6.4	3.2	6.0	-.1	1.2	6.1	6.4	4.6
Vehicles.....	4.4	5.2	6.5	5.3	5.9	1.5	1.8	2.3	2.0	2.3	1.1	-4.4	-15.7	-21.5	-3.9	-1.0	-2.4	-7.9	-9.8	1.5
Electronics equipment.....	3.8	4.0	4.4	3.9	4.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.0	6.7	5.5	-1.7	2.8	.3	6.6	2.1	1.5	2.2	3.4
Other.....	6.6	8.8	9.4	7.6	7.6	3.3	4.3	4.6	3.7	3.7	-.2	4.5	2.4	5.9	-.6	-4.6	3.8	3.0	3.6	3.7
Other durable goods.....	9.2	10.4	10.8	11.1	10.9	4.3	4.8	4.9	5.0	4.9	-7.8	5.8	5.1	4.5	1.8	-9.0	5.1	3.3	1.6	1.9
Nondurable goods.....	11.7	11.6	11.9	11.8	11.5	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.8	-15.2	17.9	3.3	-12.0	-6.2	15.7	-3.6	-.4	-3.8	-3.4
Bulk petroleum products.....	6.5	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.5	.8	.9	.9	.9	.9	-3.0	-14.6	-.2	-4.9	-6.9	20.1	-10.2	-2.8	-6.1	-5.4
Ammunition.....	3.0	2.8	3.1	2.8	2.8	1.0	.9	1.0	1.0	.9	20.8	12.6	-.3	-20.1	19.3	12.6	17.4	7.6	.2	.2
Clothing and textiles.....	1.0	.8	.7	.9	.9	.5	.4	.4	.4	.5	3.9	6.7	1.7	2.5	-.5	4.6	4.6	1.4	2.3	-.3
Other nondurable goods.....	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	1.4	.8	9.1	6.6	-3.5	1.4	8.5	2.4	.8	1.8
Services	127.6	130.9	133.7	136.8	140.9	56.3	56.3	57.1	58.2	59.6	3.7	10.8	2.3	2.2	1.8	2.8	12.1	2.2	1.3	2.2
Compensation of employees.....	74.4	77.5	77.8	78.1	78.4	34.8	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.1	3.5	15.7	1.1	.9	1.7	3.6	15.7	1.1	.9	1.7
Military.....	44.6	46.5	46.7	46.8	47.0	20.4	20.5	20.6	20.6	20.6	4.5	16.1	.8	1.0	1.1	4.5	16.1	.8	1.0	1.1
Civilian.....	29.8	31.0	31.1	31.2	31.5	14.4	14.4	14.5	14.5	14.5	2.0	15.2	1.5	.7	2.6	2.0	15.2	1.5	.6	2.7
Other services.....	53.2	53.4	55.9	58.7	62.5	21.5	21.3	22.1	23.1	24.6	4.0	4.4	3.1	2.6	.2	1.2	5.0	4.6	2.2	3.1
Contractual research and development.....	17.5	18.0	18.7	19.9	21.7	6.9	7.0	7.2	7.6	8.3	7.6	3.8	2.3	4.1	1.0	7.8	4.4	.7	3.2	5.6
Travel.....	2.6	2.7	2.9	2.8	3.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	-1.7	-.3	8.3	9.4	-.8	-1.1	1.3	3.4	6.3	6.6
Transportation.....	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	-6.0	4.3	2.5	6.7	5.2	-7.1	4.0	4.3	4.0	6.8
Communications.....	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.4	.6	.6	.6	.6	.8	-7.0	24.1	-4.5	3.3	4.6	.5	8.7	2.2	10.7	2.4
Depot maintenance.....	6.2	6.2	6.5	6.8	7.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	-.3	-.1	6.3	5.3	-3.4	-12.7	13.4	5.2	6.1	-10.0
Other.....	22.4	21.8	23.2	24.6	25.6	9.2	8.8	9.3	9.9	10.3	3.9	5.2	2.7	-1.8	.9	1.4	4.2	8.9	-1.3	2.5
Structures.....	4.9	4.4	4.5	5.4	5.2	2.2	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.0	4.6	8.2	4.0	4.1	-2.6	1.5	3.5	-2.7	5.9
Military facilities.....	3.2	2.8	2.6	3.3	3.1	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.3	2.1	5.7	7.6	3.7	4.6	-5.0	1.6	2.2	-4.9	7.0
Other.....	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.0	.7	.7	.8	.9	.8	.5	.9	6.1	5.9	3.6	3.3	1.5	6.5	2.7	3.6
Addenda:																				
Total purchases less compensation.....	132.8	135.9	142.9	142.3	152.9	51.5	52.1	54.6	54.0	57.4	2.8	4.9	1.8	2.1	4.7	5.7	3.0	7.2	2.1	1.3
Total purchases less compensation and bulk petroleum.....	126.3	129.1	136.1	135.4	146.4	50.7	51.2	53.7	53.1	56.5	6.1	5.0	2.3	2.3	6.5	4.6	4.2	8.1	2.8	1.9

Federal Fiscal Programs

THE fiscal year 1986 budget, submitted to Congress in early February, would fundamentally alter the scope and scale of Federal fiscal programs and significantly change the Federal Government's relationship with some parts of the economy, especially agriculture and State and local governments. To help reduce the large and growing deficit, the budget proposes a 1-year freeze in total outlays other than for debt service. The freeze would not be applied across-the-board; it would be achieved by a combination of selective freezes, terminations, reductions, and management improvements in individual programs. National defense outlays, while reduced from the estimate included in the mid-session review of the 1985 budget, continue to increase, as do outlays for Social Security benefits.

The budget proposes substantial reductions from current services outlays—that is, outlays that would take place without policy changes. The reductions are in medicare, in agricultural and other subsidies to business and upper income groups, in numerous grants to State and local governments, in Federal payroll costs, and in credit programs. A freeze is proposed for automatic annual cost-of-living adjustments for some entitlement program benefits other than Social Security, for means-tested programs, and for programs for the disabled. A number of immediate terminations, including local government revenue sharing and additions to the strategic petroleum reserve, as well as phaseouts, including crop insurance and grants for the construction of sewage treatment plants, are proposed.

The budget also proposes to increase a variety of fees—such as loan

origination fees, customs fees, and navigation fees—paid by users and beneficiaries of Federal services. The budget does not include any proposal for tax reform and simplification, although the administration plans to submit a proposal later. The minor tax changes that are proposed increase receipts, on balance, in 1986 by only \$0.2 billion.

Table 1.—Economic Assumptions Underlying the Fiscal Year 1986 Budget

	Calendar year			
	Actual		Estimates	
	1983	1984	1985	1986
Billions of dollars				
GNP:				
Current dollars.....	3,305	3,361	3,948	4,285
1972 dollars.....	1,535	1,639	1,703	1,771
Incomes:				
Personal income.....	2,744	3,013	3,241	3,483
Wages and salaries.....	1,659	1,804	1,921	2,065
Corporate profits before taxes.....	203	234	242	286
Percent change from preceding year				
GNP in current dollars:				
Annual average.....	7.7	10.8	7.8	8.5
Fourth quarter.....	10.4	9.3	8.5	8.5
GNP in 1972 dollars:				
Annual average.....	3.7	6.8	3.9	4.0
Fourth quarter.....	6.3	5.6	4.0	4.0
GNP deflator:				
Annual average.....	3.8	3.7	3.8	4.4
Fourth quarter.....	3.8	3.5	4.3	4.3
Consumer Price Index: ¹				
Annual average.....	3.0	3.4	4.1	4.3
Fourth quarter.....	3.3	3.5	4.5	4.3
Percent				
Unemployment rate: ²				
Annual average.....	9.5	7.4	7.0	6.9
Fourth quarter.....	8.5	7.2	7.0	6.9
Insured unemployment rate: ³				
Annual average.....	3.9	2.8	2.8	2.8
Fourth quarter.....	3.3	2.8	2.8	2.8
Interest rate:				
91-day Treasury bills ⁴	8.6	9.6	8.1	7.9
10-year Treasury notes.....	11.1	12.4	11.0	10.3

1. Consumer Price Index for urban earners and clerical workers.

2. Percent of labor force, including armed forces residing in the United States.

3. Insured unemployment under the State regular unemployment insurance program, excluding recipients of extended benefits, as percentage of covered employment under that program.

4. Average rate on new issues within the year. The estimates assume, by convention, that interest rates vary with the rate of inflation. They do not represent a forecast of interest rates.

Source: "The Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 1986."

National defense spending increases 12.6 percent in 1986; in real terms, according to the administration, the increase is 8.3 percent. This level of spending would push total spending for national defense for the fiscal year 1982-86 period to \$1.2 trillion, or about 27 percent of total budget outlays for the period. The budget continues the pattern of large increases for procurement—up 19.1 percent in 1986—and smaller increases in operation and maintenance—up 6.7 percent—and in compensation of military personnel—up 7.2 percent. Much of the procurement spending increase is for strategic nuclear programs: The administration is requesting \$6.2 billion for 48 B-1 bombers, \$4.7 billion for a Trident submarine and missiles, and \$4.0 billion for 48 MX missiles. A large increase—22.3 percent—is proposed for research and development, with emphasis on strategic weapons programs, including the Star Wars program, the space-based defense against nuclear missiles.

Nondefense spending declines 2.4 percent in 1986; in real terms, the decline is 6.1 percent. Excluding debt service and social security, nondefense spending declines 12.1 percent,

Table 2.—Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures

	Fiscal year		
	Actual		Estimates
	1984	1985	1986
[Billions of dollars]			
Unified budget			
Receipts.....	666.5	736.9	793.7
Outlays.....	851.8	959.1	973.7
Surplus or deficit (-).....	-185.3	-222.2	-180.0
National income and product accounts			
Receipts.....	687.6	758.5	826.6
Expenditures.....	857.9	948.5	992.7
Surplus or deficit (-).....	-170.3	-190.0	-166.1
Cyclically adjusted surplus or deficit (-) ¹	-160.9	-203.0	-184.8

1. The cyclically adjusted budget is based on a middle-expansion trend GNP. A discussion of the middle-expansion trend GNP and the cyclical adjustment of the Federal Government budget is presented in the December 1983 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Sources: "The Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 1986," and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

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reflecting the administration's freeze program. The only major function to show an increase is health, reflecting an increase in medicaid. The largest proposed reductions are in agriculture and energy.

The administration proposes to include all currently off-budget entities in the coverage of the unified budget; the budget estimates, in total and by function, reflect this proposal. Among the off-budget entities proposed for inclusion are the Federal Financing Bank (FFB), the strategic petroleum reserve, and the Postal Service.

Economic assumptions

The economic assumptions underlying the fiscal year 1986 budget are shown in table 1. In addition, monetary policy is assumed to avoid excessive stimulus, while providing sufficient liquidity to sustain the expansion. According to the Council of Economic Advisers, the economic assumptions for 1986 "reflect projected trends and should not be interpreted as year-to-year forecasts."

GNP in constant dollars is forecast to increase at a constant rate of 4 percent through calendar years 1985 and

1986. From the fourth quarter of 1984 to the fourth quarter of 1985, personal consumption expenditures are expected to increase 4.3 percent, about the same as in 1984. Residential investment—with housing starts of 1.7 million—is expected to increase 1.7 percent, about one-half the 1984 increase. Nonresidential investment is expected to increase 6.8 percent, considerably below the 1984 increase but still faster than GNP. The increase in Federal purchases over the four quarters of 1985 is 2.2 percent, down from 14.2 percent over the preceding four quarters, due to assumed cuts in purchases in late 1985. State and local purchases are expected to increase at a slower pace—2.7 percent—in 1985 than in 1984.

With moderate expansion of the money supply and continued real growth in GNP, prices—as measured by the GNP deflator—are expected to increase 4.3 percent over the four quarters of 1985. Employment is expected to increase 2.3 million in 1985, compared with 3.5 million in 1984, leading to a decline in the unemployment rate to 7 percent by the fourth quarter of 1985.

Unified budget

The unified budget deficit decreases from \$222.2 billion in fiscal year 1985 to \$180.0 billion in fiscal year 1986 (table 2 and chart 1). Of the \$42.2 billion decline in the 1986 deficit, over one-half is the result of two factors: \$11.0 billion is the result of including off-budget entities in the budget and \$12.5 billion is the result of a decline in new loans for low-rent public housing. The deficit of off-budget entities

declines to \$1.5 billion in 1986 from \$12.5 billion in 1985. The FFB accounts for \$10.3 billion of this decline; the decline in its deficit is largely the result of a proposal to terminate several lending programs. The decline in low-rent public housing loans reflects a decline from an unusually large outlay—\$14.3 billion—in 1985 by the Department of Housing and Urban Development to purchase public and Indian housing loans for which the tax-exempt status has been questioned because of a provision of the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984; in 1986, these outlays amount to \$1.8 billion. Excluding these two factors, the deficit declines \$18.8 billion.

Receipts increase \$56.8 billion—or 7.7 percent—in 1986, to \$793.7 billion. Receipts in 1985 are \$736.9 billion, up 10.6 percent from 1984. Proposed legislation and administrative actions increase receipts, on balance, \$0.2 billion in 1986. The largest proposed increases are \$0.6 billion in taxes levied to finance the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund (commonly referred to as Superfund), which pays for the cleanup of hazardous waste sites, and \$0.4 billion for a speedup in the deposit of State and local government social security payroll taxes. The largest reductions are \$0.7 billion for a 3-year extension of the research and experimental expenditures tax credit, which is scheduled to expire December 31, 1985, and \$0.4 billion for a tuition tax credit of 50 percent of tuition expenses paid to private elementary and secondary schools for qualified dependents.

Outlays increase \$14.6 billion—or only 1.5 percent—in 1986, to \$973.7

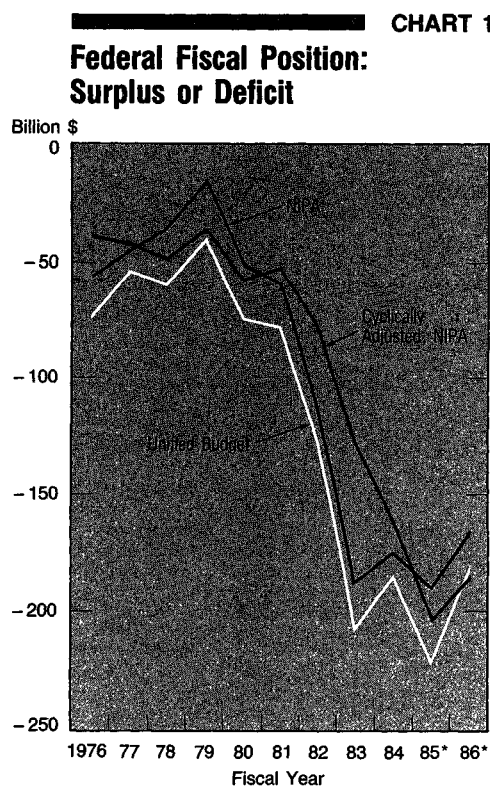


Table 3.—Unified Budget Outlays by Function

[Billions of dollars]

	Fiscal year				Change from preceding year		
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1984	1985	1986
Total	808.3	851.8	959.1	973.7	43.5	107.3	14.6
National defense	209.9	227.4	253.8	285.7	17.5	26.4	31.9
Social security and medicare	229.3	235.8	257.4	269.4	12.5	21.6	12.0
Income security	122.6	112.7	127.2	115.8	-9.9	14.5	-11.4
Housing assistance	10.0	11.3	25.4	12.3	1.3	14.1	-13.1
Other	112.6	101.4	101.8	103.5	-11.2	.4	1.7
Net interest	89.8	111.1	130.4	142.6	21.3	19.3	12.2
Health	28.6	30.4	33.9	34.9	1.8	3.5	1.0
Education, training, employment, and social services	26.6	27.6	30.4	29.3	1.0	2.8	-1.1
Transportation	21.3	23.7	27.0	25.9	2.4	3.3	-1.1
International affairs	11.8	15.9	19.6	18.3	4.1	3.7	-1.3
Agriculture	22.9	13.6	20.2	12.6	-9.3	6.6	-7.6
Energy	9.4	7.1	8.2	4.7	-2.3	1.1	-3.5
Undistributed offsetting receipts	-34.0	-32.0	-32.3	-37.5	2.0	-.3	-5.2
All other functions	76.1	78.5	83.3	72.0	2.4	4.8	-11.3
Addendum:							
National defense, social security and medicare, and net interest	523.0	574.3	641.6	697.7	51.3	67.3	56.1
All other functions	285.3	277.5	317.5	276.0	-7.8	40.0	-41.5

billion. Outlays in 1985 are \$959.1 billion, up \$107.3 billion, or 12.6 percent. The 1986 increase is the net result of \$58.8 billion in increases and \$44.2 billion in decreases. Table 3 shows the change in unified budget outlays by function; three functions—national defense, social security and medicare, and net interest—account for 95 percent of the \$58.8 billion of increases. The \$44.2 billion of decreases is largely the result of proposals to cut non-defense outlays except Social Security benefits. (Net interest is indirectly reduced by the effect of the other functional reductions on the increase in debt.) Reductions in agriculture and in energy and an increase in undistributed offsetting receipts account for about 40 percent of the reductions. The decline in housing assistance, a subfunction of income security, is the result of the unusually large increase in 1985 discussed earlier.

Current services estimates

Current services estimates show what receipts and outlays would be without policy changes. They are neither recommended amounts nor forecasts, but rather are a base with which administration or congressional

proposals can be compared. The level of outlays generally is that needed to maintain ongoing Federal programs and activities at fiscal year 1985 levels in real terms. The major exception is for national defense; the current services reflects enacted 1985 appropriations and administration policy in the 1985 mid-session review.

Unified budget receipts in 1986 are \$0.6 billion lower than current services receipts, reflecting proposed tax reductions of \$1.6 billion and tax increases of \$1.0 billion (table 4). The largest proposed tax reduction is the extension of the research and experimental expenditures tax credit and the largest tax increase is the speed-up of the State and local government deposit of Social Security taxes. Receipts are also reduced by a proposed 5-percent reduction in Federal employee pay, effective January 1, 1986; the pay reduction lowers contributions for retirement and for life insurance.

Unified budget outlays are \$50.8 billion lower than current services outlays; proposed program reductions (\$51.5 billion) exceed proposed increases (\$0.7 billion). Current services outlays for national defense are reduced \$8.9 billion, or 3.0 percent. Outlays for nondefense programs are reduced \$42.6 billion, or 5.8 percent. Farm income stabilization programs are reduced \$5.3 billion, and include a proposal to set Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) price support loan rates and subsidy target prices in alignment with market prices. Medicare outlays are reduced \$4.1 billion, mainly by proposals to freeze payments to hospitals under the prospective payment system at 1985 levels and to extend the existing freeze on payments to physicians until October 1986. The termination of local government revenue sharing in 1986, 1 year before the current authorization expires, reduces outlays \$3.8 billion. The termination of further additions to the strategic petroleum reserve, a part of the reduction in the energy function, reduces outlays \$1.5 billion.

According to the budget, current services outlays for discretionary programs are 20 percent of budget outlays in 1986, and current services outlays for entitlements and other mandatory programs are 43 percent. The former—such as housing, mass transit, and pay raises—are reduced a net

\$21.2 billion, and the latter—such as medicare, medicaid, and farm price supports—are reduced \$13.9 billion. The remaining reductions—\$12.0 billion—are in national defense (\$8.9 billion) and in net interest (\$3.1 billion). Undistributed offsetting receipts, which are offset against total outlays, are higher by \$3.6 billion. The impending sale of the Conrail system accounts for \$1.2 billion of the increase and proposed user fees for \$1.4 billion. Included in the user fees are processing fees on passengers and commercial carriers entering the United States by land or sea (\$0.5 billion) and fees for dredging harbors and inland waterways (\$0.6 billion).

Federal sector

BEA has prepared estimates of the Federal sector on the national income and product accounting (NIPA) basis consistent with the unified budget estimates (table 2).

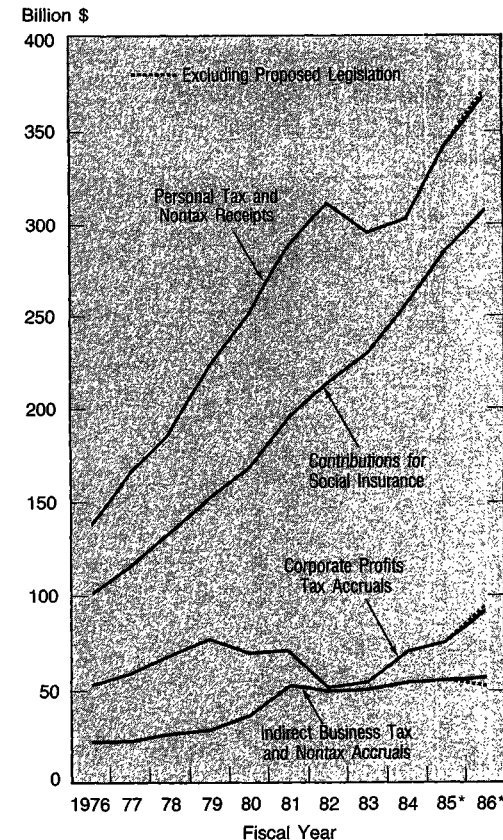
Estimates of the Federal sector are integrated conceptually and statisti-

Table 4.—Relation of Current Services Budget to Unified Budget
(Billions of dollars)

	Fiscal year	
	1985	1986
Receipts		
Current services estimate.....	736.9	794.3
Plus: Proposed legislation:		
Extension of research and experimen-		
tal expenditures tax credit.....		-.7
Tuition tax credit.....		-.4
Federal pay reduction.....		-.4
State and local government deposit of		
Social Security taxes.....		.4
Other.....		.5
Equals: Unified budget.....	736.9	793.7
Outlays		
Current services estimate.....	960.4	1,024.5
Plus: Proposed program increases:		
National defense.....	.6	
Other.....	.4	.7
Proposed program reductions:		
National defense.....		-8.9
Nondefense:		
Farm income stabilization.....		-5.3
Medicare.....		-4.1
Revenue sharing.....		-3.8
Net interest.....		-3.3
Housing assistance.....		-1.7
Strategic petroleum reserve.....		-1.5
Education.....		-1.2
Medicaid.....		-1.1
Federal pay raises.....		-1.3
Other.....		-1.2
Equals: Unified budget.....	959.1	973.7

Source: "The Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 1986."

CHART 2
Federal Government Receipts, NIPA Basis



*Estimates by BEA.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

85-2-1

cally with the rest of the NIPA's and differ in several respects from the unified budget. Unlike the unified budget, they exclude financial transactions, such as loans, and record several categories of receipts and expenditures on a timing basis that is different from the budget. (For a more detailed discussion of the differences, see the February 1980 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.) Table 5 shows the relation between unified budget and NIPA receipts and table 6 shows the relation between unified budget outlays and NIPA expenditures. The proposed inclusion of off-budget entities in the unified budget eliminates a reconciliation item between the unified budget and the Federal sector of the NIPA's; these entities always have been included in the Federal sector.

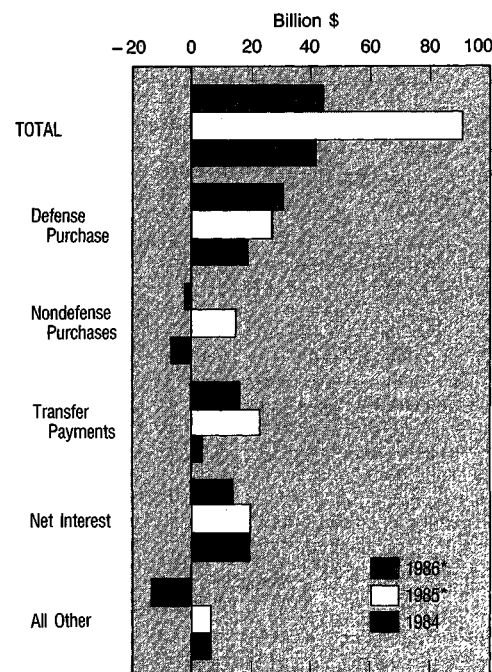
Federal receipts on the NIPA basis in fiscal year 1986 are \$826.6 billion, up \$68.1 billion from 1985 (chart 2). The increase is the net result of an

\$81.4 billion increase due to higher tax bases and a \$13.3 billion decrease due to tax changes (table 7). Enacted tax changes reduce receipts \$16.0 billion in 1986 and proposed legislation increases taxes \$2.7 billion. Proposed legislation increases indirect business tax and nontax accruals \$3.8 billion and reduces other receipt categories \$1.1 billion. The major proposals increasing indirect business taxes are to put in place a variety of user fees and to use funds recovered by the Federal Government from pricing and allocation violations under the Emergency Petroleum Allocation Act of 1973 to finance various energy programs. (In the unified budget, the recovered funds are recorded as proprietary receipts and are offset against outlays.)

Federal expenditures on the NIPA basis in 1986 are \$992.7 billion, up \$44.2 billion from 1985; this increase is about one-half the increase in 1985 (chart 3 and chart 4). Table 8 high-

lights the major factors that contribute to recent changes in Federal expenditures. The largest increase in 1986—\$16.3 billion—is in "other" national defense purchases; combined with the increases in purchases of

CHART 3
Changes in Federal Government Expenditures, NIPA Basis



*Estimates by BEA.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

85-2-3

Table 5.—Relation of Federal Government Receipts in the National Income and Product Accounts to the Unified Budget

(Billions of dollars)

	Fiscal year		
	1984	1985	1986
Unified budget receipts	666.5	736.9	793.7
Less: Coverage differences:	1.8	1.9	2.1
Plus: Netting differences:			
Contributions to government employees retirement funds	13.1	14.7	15.1
Other	12.3	13.9	16.1
Timing differences:			
Corporate income tax	-1.9	-6.6	2.7
Federal and State unemployment insurance taxes	-4	.5	-4
Withheld personal income tax and social security contributions	.2	1.9	1.4
Excise taxes	-7	-1.1	-3
Other			
Miscellaneous			
Equals: Federal Government receipts, NIPA's	687.6	758.5	826.6

Table 6.—Relation of Federal Government Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to the Unified Budget

(Billions of dollars)

	Fiscal year		
	1984	1985	1986
Unified budget outlays	851.8	959.1	973.7
Less: Coverage differences:			
Geographic	5.0	5.2	5.2
Other	.2	.2	-1.2
Financial transactions:			
Net lending	18.2	36.4	13.0
Other	-1	-1.4	-1.7
Net purchases of land:			
Outer Continental Shelf	-3.5	-1.7	-4.0
Other	.1	.3	.1
Plus: Netting differences:			
Contributions to government employees retirement funds	13.1	14.7	15.1
Other	12.3	13.9	16.1
Timing differences:			
National defense purchases	2.2	1.5	-.9
Other	-1.7	-1.7	-2.0
Miscellaneous	.2	.2	.1
Equals: Federal Government expenditures, NIPA's	857.9	948.5	992.7

Table 7.—Sources of Change in Federal Receipts, NIPA Basis

(Billions of dollars)

	Change from preceding fiscal year		
	1984	1985	1986
Total receipts	58.2	70.9	68.1
Due to tax bases	74.1	70.3	81.4
Due to tax changes ¹	-15.9	.6	-13.3
Enacted	-15.9	.6	-16.0
Proposed			2.7
Personal tax and nontax receipts	6.1	37.4	28.2
Due to tax bases	36.2	51.0	53.0
Due to tax changes	-30.1	-13.6	-24.8
Enacted	-30.1	-13.6	-24.4
Proposed			-4
Corporate profits tax accruals	16.4	5.6	17.4
Due to tax bases	18.7	6.6	16.5
Due to tax changes	-2.3	-1.0	.9
Enacted	-2.3	-1.0	1.7
Proposed			-8
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals	4.4	.9	1.0
Due to tax bases	-.2	-.2	-.8
Due to tax changes	4.6	1.1	1.8
Enacted	4.6	1.1	-2.0
Proposed			3.8
Contribution for social insurance	31.3	27.0	21.5
Due to tax bases	19.4	12.9	12.7
Due to tax changes	11.9	14.1	8.8
Enacted	11.9	14.1	8.7
Proposed			.1

1. Consist of all tax changes since fiscal year 1981.

Table 8.—Sources of Change in Federal Expenditures, NIPA Basis

	Change from preceding fiscal year		
	1984	1985	1986
Total expenditures	41.5	90.6	44.2
Purchases of goods and services.....	12.0	41.6	28.1
Military hardware.....	10.0	8.2	13.4
Pay changes ¹	2.5	3.9	—4
National defense.....	1.8	2.9	—5
Nondefense.....	—7	1.0	—9
Commodity Credit Corporation.....	—10.6	9.2	—7
Payments in kind.....	—6.6	8.2	—2
Other.....	—4.0	1.0	—5
Other.....	10.1	20.3	14.4
National defense.....	6.9	15.0	16.3
Nondefense.....	3.2	5.3	—1.9
Transfer payments.....	3.8	22.8	16.3
Social security.....	7.6	12.4	11.1
Medicare.....	4.7	8.0	2.4
Military and civilian pensions.....	1.6	—7	2.9
Unemployment benefits.....	—12.3	—1.6	—5
Other.....	2.2	3.3	—4
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments.....	5.1	9.2	—3.9
Public assistance.....	1.8	2.9	—4
Highways.....	1.5	2.6	—7
Revenue sharing.....	—	—	—3.4
Other.....	1.8	3.7	—1.6
Net interest paid.....	19.4	19.9	13.2
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.....	1.7	—3.1	—9.4
Commodity Credit Corporation.....	—2.0	—3	—1.3
Agriculture subsidies.....	5.1	—3.0	—4.9
Payments in kind.....	6.6	—8.2	—2
Other.....	—1.5	5.2	—4.7
Housing.....	—6	—6	—3
Postal Service.....	—3	—	—7
Other.....	—2.3	—4	—2.2
Wage accruals less disbursements.....	—3	—	—

1. Consists of pay changes beginning with January 1984.

military hardware and pay changes, national defense purchases increase \$30.2 billion, accounting for about 70 percent of the total increase. Net interest paid increases \$13.2 billion and Social Security benefits increase \$11.1 billion, including \$7.5 billion for cost-of-living adjustments. Partly offsetting these increases are declines in agriculture subsidies, in revenue sharing, and in "other" nondefense purchases. The 5-percent civilian pay reduction results in a \$0.9 billion decline in 1986.

Table 9 shows the relation between national defense outlays in the unified budget and national defense purchases on the NIPA basis. In 1986, outlays, which are measured on a checks-issued basis, increase slightly more than purchases, which are recorded largely on a delivery basis. This larger increase in outlays reflects the steep increase in procurement of military hardware, for which checks are issued prior to delivery.

Quarterly pattern.—Table 10 shows the major factors that affect the quarterly pattern of receipts and expenditures through fiscal year 1986. The

Table 9.—Relation of National Defense Purchases in the National Income and Product Accounts to National Defense Outlays in the Unified Budget

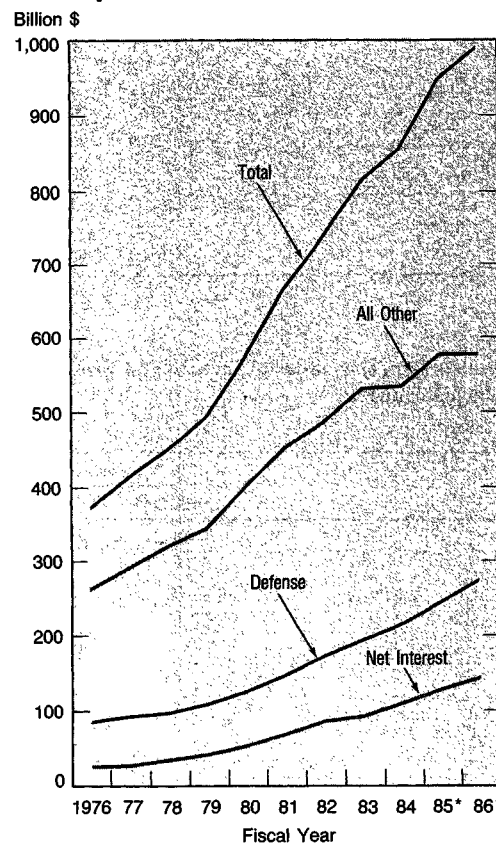
	Fiscal year		
	Actual 1984	Estimates 1985	Estimates 1986
National defense outlays in the unified budget	227.4	253.8	285.7
Department of Defense, military.....	220.8	246.3	277.5
Military personnel.....	64.2	68.0	72.9
Operation and maintenance.....	67.4	74.6	79.6
Procurement.....	61.9	69.7	83.0
Aircraft.....	23.2	27.1	32.0
Missiles.....	6.7	8.1	10.3
Ships.....	8.5	9.3	10.4
Weapons.....	6.5	6.8	7.9
Ammunitions.....	1.8	1.2	2.4
Other.....	15.2	17.2	20.0
Research, development, test, and evaluation.....	23.1	27.8	34.0
Other.....	4.2	6.3	8.0
Atomic energy and other defense-related activities.....	6.6	7.5	8.2
Plus: Military assistance outlays.....	.9	1.6	1.7
Less: Payment to military retirement trust fund.....	16.5	17.0	18.2
Grants-in-aid and net interest paid.....	1.1	1.2	1.4
Timing differences.....	—2.2	—1.5	—0.9
Other adjustments.....	—2.5	—2.8	—3.0
Equals: National defense purchases, NIPA's	215.4	241.5	271.7

Table 11.—Cyclically Adjusted Surplus or Deficit (—), NIPA Basis

	Based on middle-expansion trend GNP		Based on 6-percent unemployment rate trend GNP	
	Level	Change	Level	Change
Calendar year:				
1983.....	—129.2	—36.7	—90.8	—32.4
1984.....	—174.6	—45.4	—130.1	—39.3
1985.....	—197.9	—23.3	—149.1	—19.0
Quarters:				
1983:				
I.....	—116.2	25.0	—79.4	26.7
II.....	—112.3	3.9	—73.9	5.5
III.....	—139.1	—26.8	—100.9	—27.0
IV.....	—149.3	—10.2	—109.0	—8.1
1984:				
I.....	—149.4	—1	—106.6	2.4
II.....	—165.1	—15.7	—121.1	—14.5
III.....	—179.8	—14.7	—134.8	—13.7
IV.....	—204.1	—24.3	—158.1	—23.8
1985:				
I.....	—203.8	.3	—156.6	1.5
II.....	—204.2	—4	—155.7	.9
III.....	—199.7	4.5	—150.5	5.2
IV.....	—183.8	15.9	—133.6	16.9
1986:				
I.....	—188.5	—4.7	—138.8	—5.2
II.....	—184.8	3.7	—133.5	5.3
III.....	—181.9	2.9	—129.9	3.6

Federal deficit declines steadily after the fourth quarter of 1984, with one interruption in the first quarter of 1986, when the second round of indexation under the Economic Recovery Tax Act (the first round was in the first quarter of 1985) holds down the increase in personal taxes. Receipts reflect the pattern of enacted and proposed tax changes and the administration's projected quarterly pattern of wages and profits. Expenditures reflect the pattern of proposed legislation and selected other items, such as a cost-of-living increases in retirement benefits.

Cyclically adjusted deficit.—Measures of the cyclically adjusted budget are estimates of what the budget would be if the economy were moving along a trend GNP path—a path free from cyclical fluctuations—rather than along its actual path. Consequently, cyclical fluctuations in the economy do not affect cyclically adjusted budgets. Two measures of the cyclically adjusted budget, one based on a "middle expansion" trend GNP and one based on a 6-percent unemployment rate trend GNP, are shown in table 11. (See the December 1983 SURVEY for a discussion of these trend measures of GNP and BEA's methodology for calculating cyclically adjusted budgets.)

CHART 4
Federal Government Expenditures, NIPA Basis

*Estimates by BEA.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

85-24

Revised Estimates of New Plant and Equipment Expenditures in the United States, 1947-83

THIS article presents revised estimates of new plant and equipment (P&E) expenditures by business in the United States for 1947-83. Revised estimates for the first three quarters of 1984 will be published, together with estimates for the fourth quarter of 1984, in the April 1985 *SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS*. The estimates are of both actual and planned expenditures compiled from the quarterly P&E expenditures survey conducted by BEA.¹

This comprehensive revision is the fourth in the history of the P&E survey. Comprehensive revisions have two primary purposes: The introduction of "benchmarks," to which the

P&E survey-based estimates are tied, and the retabulation of the P&E survey reports.² Benchmarks are universe estimates for each industry based on data from the quinquennial economic censuses and, especially for industries not covered by these censuses, from a variety of other sources that provide comprehensive, detailed information. Retabulations incorporate information not available when

the previously published estimates were prepared; industry and size classifications are updated, and company reports received too late to be included in the previous tabulations are included. In addition, the quarterly survey samples are reedited.

In this revision, benchmarks for 1977 are introduced, and estimates back to 1973 and forward to 1983 are revised to reflect them. The retabulation is carried out for 1977 and later years. The revised series also reflect definitional revisions, which affect the estimates for 1947-83, and recalculation of seasonal factors, bias-adjustment factors, and price deflators.

This revision was done in the context of a number of changes resulting from an in-depth review of the P&E survey over the last several years.

1. Estimates of capital expenditures by business for pollution abatement are not part of this revision.

2. Some comprehensive revisions have had other purposes, such as the introduction of changes in coverage. The three previous revisions are summarized in earlier *SURVEY* articles: "Capital Expenditures by Manufacturing Industries in the Postwar Period," December 1951; "Capital Expenditures by Nonmanufacturing Industries," August 1952; "Revised Estimates of New Plant and Equipment Expenditures in the United States, 1947-69," Parts 1 and 2, January and February 1970; "Revised Estimates of New Plant and Equipment Expenditures in the United States, 1947-77," October 1980.

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Eugene P. Seskin, Chief of the Business Investment Branch, and J. Steven Landefeld, former Chief of the Manufacturing Investment Branch, planned and directed this revision project. George R. Green, Chief, and Leo C. Maley, Assistant Chief, Business Outlook Division, provided overall guidance. Edward K. Smith, Associate Director for National Analysis and Projections, and Charles A. Waite, former Associate Director for National Analysis and Projections, provided general direction.

John H. Gates prepared the benchmarks for the manufacturing industries, developed specifications for the computer programs, and coordinated much of the work.

Jon E. Trevathan prepared the benchmarks for the professional services and real estate industries, developed methodological specifications, and supervised preparation of the revised estimates for the nonmanufacturing industries.

David F. Sullivan prepared the benchmarks for the transportation and communication industries and developed the estimates for the definitional revisions.

Michael Phillips supervised preparation of the revised estimates for the manufacturing industries and coordinated statistical assistance.

John T. Woodward, former Chief of the Business Investment Branch, participated in the the formulation of methodology and reviewed the revised series for 1977-83.

Other BEA staff that contributed to the revision project were:

Industry benchmarks: Laurence J. Blumberg, Sharon P. Montgomery (finance and insurance), Charles S. Robinson (public utilities), Robert E. Yuskavage (mining, trade, personal and business services, and construction);

Revised estimates for 1947-83: Owen J. Flagel, Michael D. Glenn, Philippe S.J. Morris, William J. Russo, Scott D. Smith;

Seasonal and bias adjustments; constant-dollar estimates: Felicia V. Candela, Wayne T. Dameron, Robert A. Sylvester;

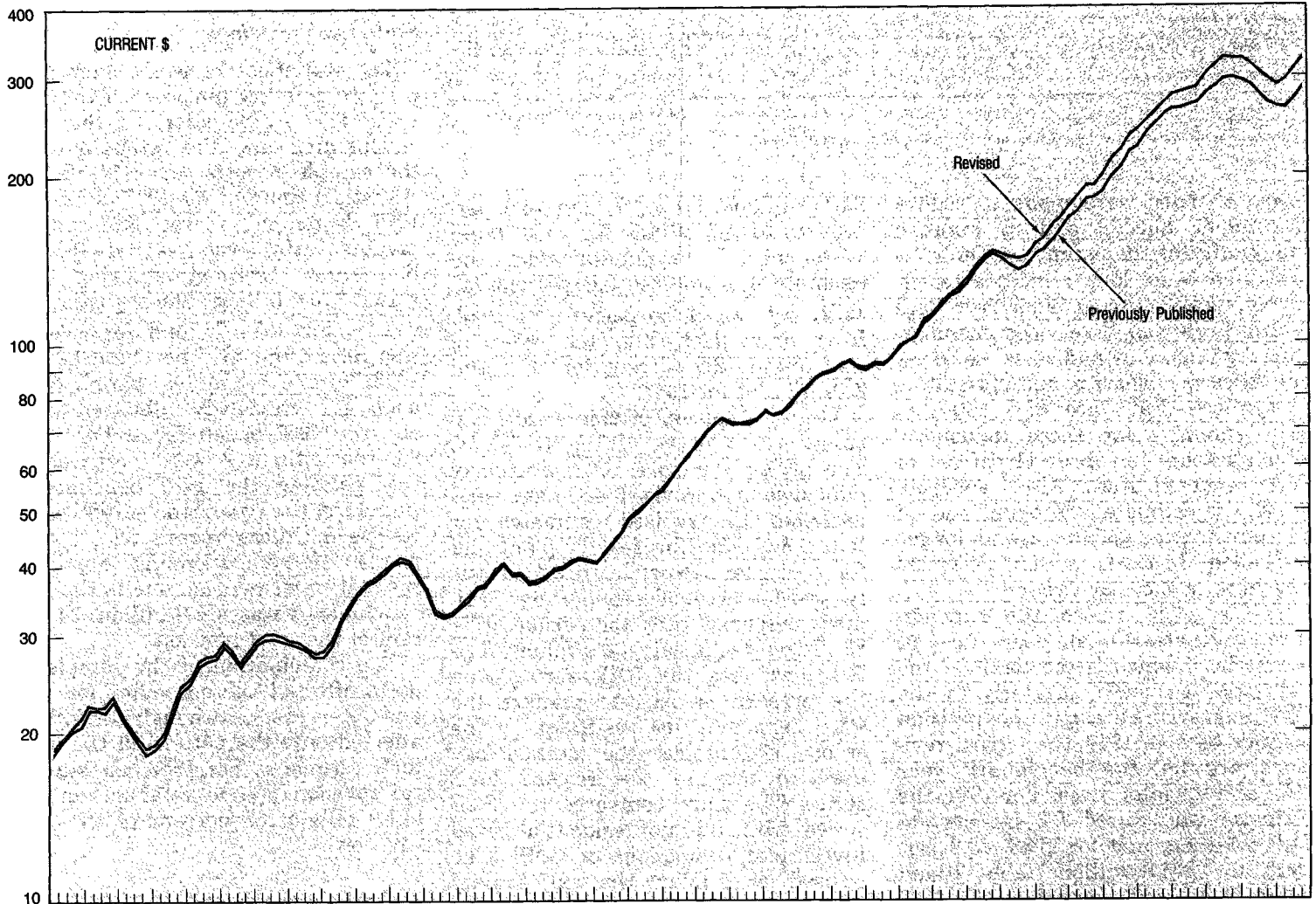
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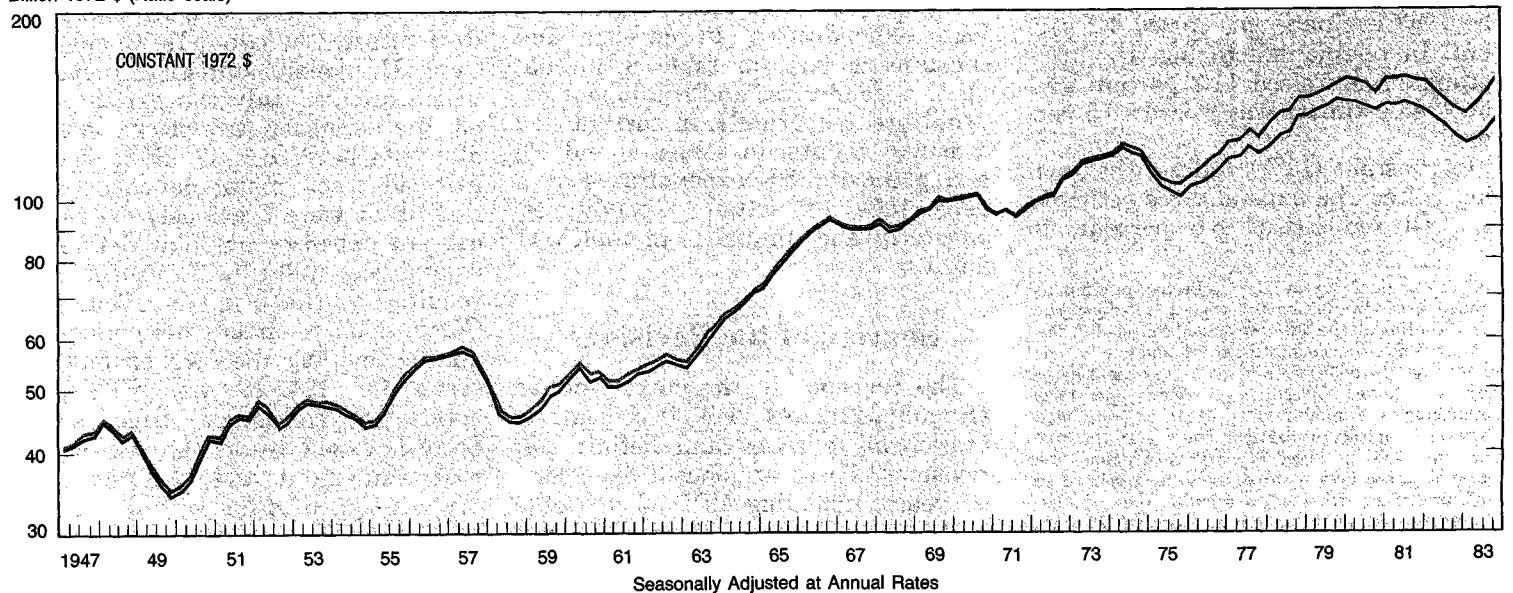
Secretarial: Cheryle A. Morgan, Brenda G. Davis, Jeanette M. Tolbert.

New Plant and Equipment Expenditures, All Industries: Previously Published and Revised

Billion \$ (Ratio scale)



Billion 1972 \$ (Ratio scale)



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

85-2-5

Table 1.—Sources of the Revisions of Plant and Equipment Expenditures

[Billions of dollars]

Item	1947	1957	1967	1973	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Total revision, all industries	0.47	0.49	0.39	1.48	10.14	14.22	14.74	18.35	25.85	27.86	35.56
Statistical revisions				.75	8.71	12.77	13.06	16.67	24.04	26.36	33.91
1977 benchmarks ¹				.75	8.71	10.53	11.13	9.92	10.64	10.70	11.95
Retabulation of sample reports ²						2.24	1.93	6.75	13.40	15.66	21.96
Definitional revisions	.47	.49	.39	.73	1.43	1.45	1.68	1.68	1.81	1.50	1.65

1. Calculated by industry group as the ratio of the revised estimate to the previously published 1977 estimate times the previously published estimate for each year.

2. Amount of change due to reclassification of companies, inclusion of late reports, and reediting.

These changes were made to reduce respondent burden and to improve the quality of the estimates. Quarterly estimates no longer include selected nonmanufacturing industries: Real estate; professional services; membership organizations and social services; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services. Data are now collected only annually for these industries, which account for about 11 percent of P&E expenditures. Also, separate quarterly estimates of plant and of equipment expenditures are no longer published. Instead, annual estimates now appear once each year.³

The revision raised the expenditures estimates for all years for "all industries," which is the total for the industries surveyed quarterly in the P&E survey.⁴ Although the revision extends back to 1947, the largest revisions are for the benchmark year 1977 and for later years. For 1977, the estimate was raised 5.8 percent, to \$184.8 billion, and for 1983, 13.2 percent, to \$304.8 billion (table 7 and chart 5). In manufacturing, the 1977 estimate was lowered 2.5 percent, but the 1983 estimate was raised 4.2 percent. In nonmanufacturing, the 1977 estimate was raised 11.3 percent and the 1983 estimate was raised 19.6 percent.

In constant (1972) dollars, the revision raised the expenditures estimate for "all industries" 6.6 percent, to

\$126.0 billion, for 1977, and 14.6 percent, to \$146.4 billion, for 1983 (table 7 and chart 5). In manufacturing, the estimate was lowered 2.6 percent for 1977, but raised 2.5 percent for 1983. In nonmanufacturing, the estimate was raised 12.5 percent for 1977 and 23.0 percent for 1983.

The first section of this article discusses the sources of the revisions. The second compares the previously published and revised estimates and describes the revised estimates for total P&E expenditures, for plant and for equipment expenditures separately, and for planned expenditures. Primary emphasis is on the period 1977-83. Three technical notes follow. The first describes the P&E survey and the procedures used to prepare the P&E expenditures estimates. The second summarizes the methodology used to prepare the revised P&E series. The third compares the P&E series with the nonresidential fixed investment component of GNP. The revised series follow the text: Annual P&E expenditures, in current and constant dollars, in table 7; quarterly P&E expenditures, in current and constant dollars, in table 8; annual plant expenditures and equipment expenditures, separately, in current and constant dollars, in tables 9 and 10; and planned P&E expenditures as a percentage of actual expenditures, quarterly and annually, in tables 11 and 12.

Sources of the Revisions

The revisions in the current-dollar annual estimates had two sources: Statistical revisions and definitional revisions. These are shown for selected years, including 1977-83, in table 1. The recalculation of seasonal factors affected the quarterly, but not the annual, estimates; the recalculation of bias-adjustment factors affected the estimates of planned, but not

actual, expenditures; and the recalculation of price deflators affected the constant-dollar, but not the current-dollar, estimates.

Statistical revisions

The statistical revisions stem from the two primary purposes of the revision: The introduction of the 1977 benchmarks and the retabulation of the sample reports for 1977-83. The statistical revision for 1977 due to the 1977 benchmarks was \$8.7 billion; manufacturing was lowered \$1.7 billion and nonmanufacturing was raised \$10.4 billion. The statistical revisions for 1973-76 and for 1978-83 also reflect the 1977 benchmarks. For 1973-76, the estimates were revised using the previously published series and the 1977 benchmarks. For 1978-83, the estimates were prepared by extrapolating the 1977 benchmarks; therefore, the size of the statistical revisions for these years varies in proportion to P&E spending. For 1983, the statistical revision due to the 1977 benchmarks was \$12.0 billion, 34 percent of the total revision.

The retabulation of the sample reports affected the estimates for 1977 and later years, although for 1977 it affected only the pattern of the quarterly estimates. For 1983, the statistical revision due to retabulation was \$21.9 billion, 62 percent of the total revision.

Definitional revisions

Three nonmanufacturing industries were affected by two definitional revisions. Unlike the statistical revisions, which affected only the period 1973-83, the definitional revisions affected all years back to 1947. First, certain railroad track maintenance expenditures that were previously defined as current expenses are now defined as capital expenditures. Railroads were required by the Interstate Commerce Commission to make this change beginning in 1983; the P&E expenditure series for 1947-83 was revised to obtain a consistent time series. Second, expenditures for leased railroad equipment and aircraft, previously assigned to the railroad and air transportation industries, are now assigned to the finance industry (in most cases, the industry of the original purchaser). This revision, which affected the estimates for 1959 and

3. The annual survey that collected preliminary planned expenditures for the coming calendar year was discontinued; the data previously collected in that survey are now collected in the third- and fourth-quarter surveys. In addition, several survey-based series were discontinued: Investment carryover and starts, manufacturers' evaluation of their capacity, and manufacturers' capacity utilization. The survey questionnaires were also modified to clarify instructions and definitions, especially with regard to lease-related expenditures. For further information on these changes and others made at the same time, see page 29 of the January 1984 SURVEY.

4. "All industries," on which this article focuses, excludes the farm sector and the nonmanufacturing industries surveyed only annually. The sum of "all industries" plus the nonmanufacturing industries surveyed only annually is "total nonfarm business."

later years, makes the treatment of leased assets consistent across all industries—that is, the P&E expenditure series is now entirely on an owner basis. For 1947, the revision due to the definitional revisions was \$0.5 billion. For 1973, it was \$0.7 billion, 49 percent of the total revision; for 1977, \$1.4 billion, 14 percent of the total revision; and for 1983, \$1.7 billion, 5 percent of the total revision.

The Revised P&E Expenditures Series

On the revised basis, P&E expenditures for “all industries” increased at an average annual rate of 7.8 percent from 1947 to 1983 (table 2). The previously published series increased at a rate of 7.5 percent.⁵ During this period, manufacturing expenditures increased at a rate of 7.5 percent, and nonmanufacturing increased at a rate of 8.1 percent. In the previously published series, the comparable rates were 7.3 percent and 7.7 percent, respectively.

During 1977–83, P&E expenditures for “all industries” increased at an average annual rate of 8.7 percent, compared with 7.5 percent for the previously published series. Manufacturing expenditures increased at a faster rate, 9.5 percent, than nonmanufacturing, 8.2 percent. In the previously published series, the comparable rates were 8.3 percent and 6.9 percent, respectively. In manufacturing, nondurable goods industries increased at a faster rate, 10.5 percent, than durable goods, 8.4 percent. The largest growth rates in manufacturing were in “other nondurables” (18.3 percent), aircraft, and electrical machinery. The smallest growth rates were in blast furnaces-steel works (2.1 percent) and fabricated metals. In nonmanufacturing, the largest growth rates were in finance and insurance (18.7 percent), air transportation, and wholesale and retail trade. Railroads and personal and business services had smaller growth rates, and “other transportation” declined.

On the revised basis, real (constant-dollar) P&E expenditures for “all industries” increased at an average annual rate of 3.5 percent from 1947

Table 2.—Plant and Equipment Expenditures in Current and Constant Dollars: Average Annual Rates of Change

Industry	Current dollars					Constant dollars				
	1947–83	1947–57	1957–67	1967–77	1977–83	1947–83	1947–57	1957–67	1967–77	1977–83
All industries ¹	7.8	7.3	6.0	9.8	8.7	3.5	3.0	4.8	3.3	2.5
Manufacturing	7.5	7.2	6.3	7.7	9.5	2.8	2.6	4.8	1.1	3.0
Durable goods	7.9	9.8	7.6	6.3	8.4	3.6	4.9	5.9	2	3.0
Nondurable goods	7.1	5.3	4.9	9.2	10.5	2.3	8	3.5	2.1	2.9
Nonmanufacturing ¹	8.1	7.3	5.8	11.2	8.2	4.0	3.4	4.8	4.8	2.3
Mining	9.0	9.4	–2.0	21.7	7.6	3.0	4.9	–3.2	12.1	–3.8
Transportation	4.7	3.6	5.5	6.4	2.3	3	–9	4.2	2	–4.0
Public utilities	9.6	13.8	4.6	11.6	8.3	4.6	8.5	3.3	4.1	1.5
Commercial and other	8.4	6.1	7.2	11.3	9.2	4.8	2.9	6.5	5.5	3.9

1. Surveyed quarterly.

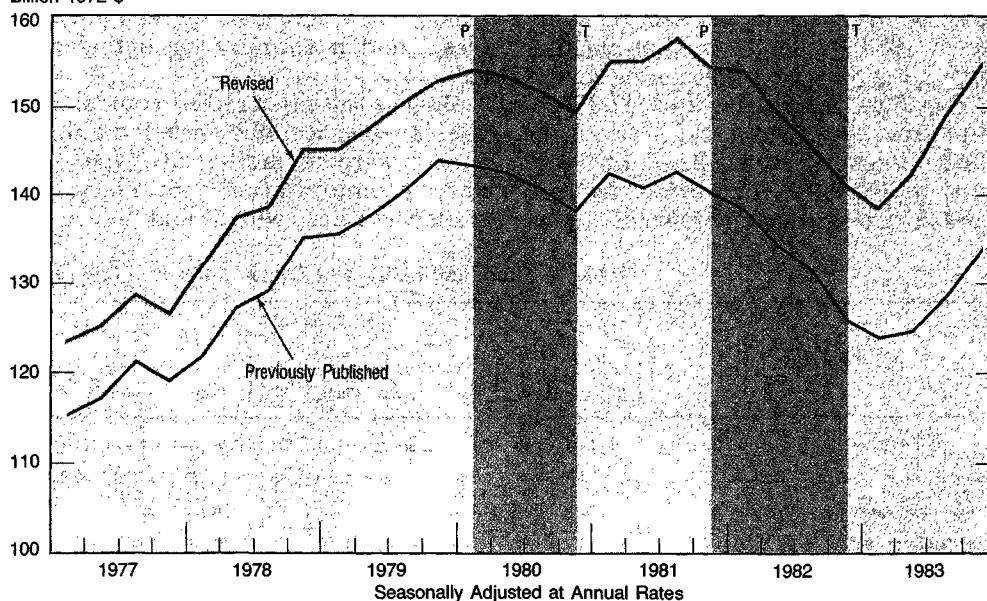
to 1983, compared with 3.2 percent for the previously published series (table 2). For 1977–83, the revised series increased at an annual rate of 2.5 percent, compared with 1.3 percent for the previously published series. During this period, real expenditures in manufacturing increased at a faster rate, 3.0 percent, than in nonmanufacturing, 2.3 percent. Durable and nondurable goods industries increased at about the same rate. In nonmanufacturing, “commercial and other” and public utilities increased, while transportation and mining declined.

The revised series of real P&E expenditures follows a cyclical pattern similar to that of the previously published series; both show two contrac-

tions during 1977–83 corresponding to the two business-cycle contractions in the U.S. economy (chart 6). Real P&E expenditures for “all industries” peaked in the first quarter of 1980 at \$154.1 billion; they declined 3.0 percent over the next three quarters. Real expenditures then rose from the first through the third quarters of 1981, when they reached \$157.7 billion. They then declined 11.9 percent over the next six quarters, to \$138.9 billion. The 1980 contraction in real P&E expenditures was mild compared to the average for the eight postwar business-cycle contractions (the postwar average was a five-quarter decline of 11.7 percent); the 1981–83 contraction corresponded more closely to the average.

Real Plant and Equipment Expenditures, All Industries: Cyclical Peaks and Troughs

Billion 1972 \$



Note: Peaks (P) and troughs (T) are turning points in the business cycle as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

5. Unless otherwise noted, all comparisons with the previously published series are on the “all industries” basis.

Table 3.—Plant and Equipment Expenditures During the 1981–83 Contraction

Industry	Billions of 1972 dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates		Quarters of decline	Percent change peak to trough
	Peak ¹	Trough ²		
All industries ³	157.66	138.89	6	-11.9
Manufacturing	60.09	50.72	5	-15.6
Durable goods	31.17	25.59	8	-17.9
Primary metals ⁴	3.94	2.58	4	-34.6
Blast furnaces, steel works	2.07	1.42	3	-31.3
Nonferrous metals	1.26	.69	6	-45.1
Fabricated metals	1.86	1.28	8	-31.3
Electrical machinery	6.41	5.36	1	-16.4
Machinery, except electrical	7.54	6.60	4	-12.4
Transportation equipment ⁴	7.89	4.96	8	-37.1
Motor vehicles	5.07	3.15	8	-37.9
Aircraft	1.80	1.36	8	-24.4
Stone, clay, and glass	1.66	1.21	6	-27.2
Other durables ⁵	3.10	2.58	4	-16.8
Nondurable goods	29.06	24.96	5	-14.1
Food including beverage	4.93	3.65	8	-26.0
Textiles	.85	.64	5	-24.6
Paper	3.62	2.65	8	-26.9
Chemicals	6.90	5.45	5	-21.0
Petroleum	8.12	6.69	8	-17.6
Rubber	1.12	1.00	3	-10.7
Other nondurables ⁶	4.71	4.13	3	-12.3
Nonmanufacturing ³	97.58	87.65	6	-10.2
Mining	6.44	4.02	7	-37.5
Transportation	7.49	5.88	6	-21.4
Public utilities	20.10	19.09	3	-5.1
Commercial and other	64.65	58.38	6	-9.7
Wholesale and retail trade	16.44	15.59	2	-5.2
Finance and insurance	17.34	16.29	4	-6.1
Personal and business services ⁷	14.62	11.72	7	-19.8
Communication	17.78	12.81	10	-27.9

1. Peak in each industry's plant and equipment expenditures during the period 1980:IV–1982:III.

2. Trough in each industry's plant and equipment expenditures during the period 1981:IV–1983:III.

3. Surveyed quarterly.

4. Includes industries not shown separately.

5. Consists of lumber, furniture, instruments, and miscellaneous.

6. Consists of tobacco, apparel, printing-publishing, and leather.

7. Includes construction.

The peaks and troughs for various industries differed in timing and severity from those for "all industries." During the most recent contraction in real P&E spending, manufacturing declined 15.6 percent, and nonmanufacturing, 10.2 percent, from their peaks in the third quarter of 1981 to their respective troughs in the fourth quarter of 1982 and the second quarter of 1983 (table 3). In manufacturing, the contraction was more severe in durables, which declined 17.9 percent from peak to trough, than in nondurables, which declined 14.1 percent. In durables, the largest declines were in nonferrous metals (45.1 per-

cent), motor vehicles, blast furnaces-steel works, and fabricated metals. Stone-clay-glass, which had never recovered from the previous contraction, declined an additional 27.2 percent. In nondurables, the largest declines were in paper (26.9 percent), food-beverage, and textiles. The smallest declines in manufacturing were in rubber (10.7 percent), "other nondurables," and machinery (except electrical).

During the most recent contraction, the largest declines in nonmanufacturing were in mining (37.5 percent) and communication. Spending in transportation, which had never re-

covered from the previous contraction, declined an additional 21.4 percent. The smallest declines—5.1 percent to 6.1 percent—were in public utilities, wholesale and retail trade, and finance and insurance.

Expenditures for plant and for equipment

Once each year, companies are asked to separate their annual P&E expenditures into plant and equipment. However, not all companies that report total P&E expenditures provide such a breakdown. As a result, the two components are less reliable than the total, and separate estimates for plant and for equipment are presented only for the major industry groups shown in table 4.

On the revised basis, for the benchmark year 1977, plant expenditures were \$62.5 billion, 0.3 percent lower than previously published; equipment expenditures were \$122.3 billion, 9.2 percent higher than previously published. For 1983, plant expenditures were \$107.4 billion, 0.4 percent lower than previously published; equipment expenditures were \$197.4 billion, 22.3 percent higher than previously published.

From 1947 to 1983, plant expenditures and equipment expenditures for "all industries" increased at about the same average annual rate—7.8 percent and 7.9 percent, respectively. For 1977–83, plant expenditures increased faster, at an average annual rate of 9.4 percent, compared with 8.3 percent for equipment expenditures.

From 1977 to 1983, manufacturing expenditures for equipment increased at a slightly faster average annual rate, 9.6 percent, than those for plant, 9.1 percent. Equipment expenditures increased faster for both durable and nondurable goods industries. In nonmanufacturing, in contrast, expendi-

Table 4.—Plant and Equipment Expenditures by Type: 1947, 1977, and 1983

Industry	Billions of dollars									Average annual rates of change (percent)						Plant as percentage of total		
	1947			1977			1983			1947–83			1977–83			1947	1977	1983
	Total	Plant	Equip-ment	Total	Plant	Equip-ment	Total	Plant	Equip-ment	Total	Plant	Equip-ment	Total	Plant	Equip-ment			
All industries ¹	20.11	7.30	12.82	184.82	62.51	122.31	304.78	107.35	197.43	7.8	7.8	7.9	8.7	9.4	8.3	36.3	33.8	35.2
Manufacturing	8.73	3.11	5.62	67.48	19.19	48.29	116.20	32.38	83.82	7.5	6.7	7.8	9.5	9.1	9.6	35.6	28.4	27.9
Durable goods	3.39	.99	2.40	32.77	6.54	26.23	53.08	9.61	43.47	7.9	6.5	8.4	8.4	6.6	8.8	29.3	19.9	18.1
Nondurable goods	5.34	2.12	3.22	34.71	12.65	22.06	63.12	22.77	40.35	7.1	6.8	7.3	10.5	10.3	10.6	39.6	36.4	36.1
Nonmanufacturing ¹	11.38	4.19	7.20	117.34	43.32	74.02	188.58	74.97	113.61	8.1	8.3	8.0	8.2	9.6	7.4	36.8	36.9	39.8
Mining	.69	.18	.51	9.81	4.50	5.31	15.19	8.48	6.72	9.0	11.3	7.4	7.6	11.1	4.0	26.1	45.8	55.8
Transportation	2.69	.95	1.74	12.20	4.20	8.00	13.97	5.37	8.60	4.7	4.9	4.5	2.3	4.2	1.2	35.2	34.4	38.4
Public utilities	1.64	1.02	.61	27.83	15.63	12.20	44.96	28.19	16.77	9.6	9.6	9.6	8.3	10.3	5.5	62.6	56.2	62.7
Commercial and other	6.38	2.04	4.34	67.51	19.00	48.51	114.45	32.93	81.52	8.4	8.0	8.5	9.2	9.6	9.0	31.9	28.1	28.8

1. Surveyed quarterly.

tures for plant grew at a faster rate, 9.6 percent, than those for equipment, 7.4 percent. Plant expenditures increased faster for each major industry group in nonmanufacturing.

Plant expenditures as a proportion of total P&E expenditures for "all industries" varied little over time; they were 36.3 percent of the total in 1947, 33.8 percent in 1977, and 35.2 percent in 1983. In manufacturing, the proportion declined from 35.6 percent in 1947, to 28.4 percent in 1977, to 27.9 percent in 1983. The larger decline was in durable goods; nondurable goods showed relatively little change. In nonmanufacturing, the proportion changed little from 1947 to 1977, then increased slightly. The largest increase was in mining, from 26.1 percent in 1947, to 45.8 percent in 1977, to 55.8 percent in 1983.

Planned expenditures

The estimates for planned P&E expenditures were revised to be consistent with the revised estimates for actual P&E expenditures. The planned expenditures estimates incorporate adjustments for systematic reporting biases due to factors other than cyclical changes in economic and operating conditions.

The mean absolute percentage deviation between planned and actual spending levels for 1955-83 was 1.8 percent for one-quarter-ahead plans and 2.6 percent for two-quarters-ahead plans.⁶ For manufacturing, the deviations were 2.8 percent and 3.9 percent, respectively; for nonmanufacturing, they were 1.7 percent and 2.7 percent, respectively.

The mean absolute percentage deviations for major industry groups were larger than the deviations for "all industries" and vary from industry to industry. The deviations were smallest for "commercial and other" (2.5 percent for one-quarter-ahead and 3.5 percent for two-quarters-ahead plans), nondurable goods manufacturing, public utilities, and durable goods manufacturing. They were largest for mining (5.6 percent and 7.3 percent) and transportation (3.9 percent and 7.9 percent).

For plans reported 1 year ahead in the fourth-quarter survey, the mean

absolute percentage deviation between planned and actual spending for 1955-83 was 3.0 percent for "all industries." For manufacturing, the deviation was 4.5 percent, and for nonmanufacturing, 2.6 percent. Among major industry groups, the deviations were smallest for public utilities (3.4 percent), nondurable goods manufacturing, and "commercial and other." They were largest for transportation (7.7 percent), mining, and durable goods manufacturing.

TECHNICAL NOTES

1. The P&E Survey

This note describes the P&E survey—the data reported, the collection schedule, and the sample—and the procedures used to prepare the P&E expenditures estimates.

Description of the P&E survey

BEA's quarterly P&E survey collects data on expenditures by business for new plant and equipment for installation or use in the United States. The survey covers expenditures both for new facilities and for expansion or replacement of existing facilities that are chargeable to fixed asset accounts and for which depreciation or amortization accounts are ordinarily maintained. The distinction between structures—that is, plant—and equipment is not always clear-cut. However, a useful guideline is that the former are not movable, but the latter are. Detailed definitions of plant and equipment expenditures, showing specifically what is included and what is excluded, as well as other instructions to respondents are given on the back of the report forms. A sample form is provided at the end of this article.

Companies generally report expenditures for the quarter in which payment is made to the supplier; construction work performed by a company's own employees—force-account construction work—is generally reported for the quarter in which costs are incurred.

Companies are instructed to report expenditures for structures and equipment acquired for lease to others. Thus, the reporting is on an owner, rather than on a user, basis. Expenditures are included in the industry of the company retaining title, even if

the capital good is for use by, or even capitalized by, a company in another industry.

Companies are instructed to report, whenever possible, on a fully consolidated basis—that is, for all their domestic operations, including those of their majority-owned subsidiaries. BEA classifies each company in a two-digit Standard Industrial Classification industry on the basis of its primary activity, which is the activity with the largest volume of sales or business receipts. All of its capital expenditures—for its primary activity as well as for its other activities—are assigned to that industry. Company classifications are reviewed during comprehensive revisions using responses to survey questions and outside information; changes are reflected in the retabulated samples. In addition, classifications of companies involved in major mergers are reexamined between revisions.

P&E expenditures—both actual and planned—have been collected quarterly since the survey began in 1947. Each quarterly survey collects the following data: Actual expenditures for the previous quarter and planned expenditures one quarter ahead, two quarters ahead, and three quarters ahead. The third- and fourth-quarter surveys collect planned expenditures for the coming calendar year (year-ahead plans). (Plans for the second half of the year are derived in the fourth-quarter survey by subtracting the sum of the first-quarter and second-quarter plans from the year-ahead plans.) At various times during each year, annual data are collected on the following: P&E expenditures, separate plant and equipment expenditures, sales, assets, price changes, type of business activity, and P&E expenditures for assets for lease to others.⁷

BEA currently requests quarterly data from a nonprobability sample of about 12,000 companies; about 9,000 additional companies are sampled in the industries surveyed only annually. In 1977, for "all industries," the

7. The P&E survey began to collect the data on leasing in early 1985. This additional information will be used for three purposes: (1) To confirm proper reporting of lease-related expenditures by survey respondents, (2) to identify industries in which leasing is important and sample coverage is weak, and (3) to analyze any survey-related undercoverage of leasing in order to develop adjustments to the P&E expenditures estimates.

6. The year 1955 was chosen as the initial year for the calculations because bias adjustment of planned expenditures was introduced at that time.

proportion of P&E expenditures represented by companies responding to the survey—that is, the sample “coverage”—was 54 percent; the corresponding proportion for manufacturing was 68 percent and for nonmanufacturing, 45 percent.⁸ Survey coverage is highest in the most concentrated industries, characterized by a relatively small number of large firms making a large share of the industry's capital expenditures. Table 5 shows that sample coverage in 1977 was above 80 percent in blast furnaces-steel works, nonferrous metals, motor vehicles, aircraft, petroleum, electric utilities, and communication, but below 25 percent in mining, wholesale and retail trade, finance and insurance, personal and business services (including construction), and in the nonmanufacturing industries surveyed only annually.

Estimating procedures

For each quarter, universe estimates of actual and planned P&E expenditures are made for each industry by extrapolating the P&E universe estimates forward from the previous quarter on the basis of movements in the quarterly sample. (The starting points for the series of quarterly universe estimates are the benchmarks. The methodology for determining the benchmarks is described in technical note 2.) The four steps in the procedure for making the quarterly estimates are as follows.

First, after each quarter's report forms have been reviewed for accuracy and consistency, the sample data are summarized by “tab group.” For most industries, the tab groups are asset-size classes; for the other industries, the tab group is the entire industry.⁹ For each tab group, expenditures of companies reporting in both

the current and the preceding quarter are totaled and used to calculate a ratio indicating the relative change from the preceding quarter.

Second, each tab group's sample is edited. Companies reporting relative changes in investment spending that are noticeably different from other companies in that group are identified, and some are classified as “outliers.”

Third, a tab-group universe estimate is derived in which the outliers are treated separately using their reported values; the remainder of the universe estimate is based on the relative change in investment spending by the other companies. (The universe estimates for planned expenditures are made as just described except that

the tab-group summaries are based on sample data for the current quarter and the three successive quarters.)

Fourth, several adjustments are made to the universe estimates. The planned expenditures estimates are adjusted for systematic reporting biases, and the actual and bias-adjusted planned expenditures estimates are adjusted for seasonal variation. Then, the resulting set of actual and planned current-dollar estimates is adjusted to remove the effects of inflation; the result is a set of actual and planned constant-dollar estimates. Descriptions of these adjustments follow.

Bias adjustments.—Comparison of planned expenditures with actual expenditures for the same quarter reveals systematic reporting biases in the planned expenditures. Because there are well-established patterns in these biases, for most purposes it is desirable to adjust the plans data for them. Bias-adjusted plans estimates are prepared by dividing universe estimates for planned expenditures by bias-adjustment factors. These factors are calculated by industry for each planning horizon. For a given quarter, the bias-adjustment factor is the median of the ratios of planned to actual expenditures for that quarter in the preceding 8 years.¹⁰

Seasonal factors.—Seasonal factors for adjusting the P&E expenditures by industry are computed using the Census Bureau's X-11 program. The seasonal factors for actual P&E expenditures are also used to seasonally adjust the bias-adjusted planned expenditures.

Price deflators.—The actual and planned quarterly expenditures estimates are adjusted by BEA to remove the effects of inflation using implicit price deflators derived from unpublished detailed estimates in the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) of current- and constant-dollar nonresidential fixed investment (NRFI). Because NRFI differs from the P&E series (see technical note 3), the NIPA estimates must be adjusted before price deflators for P&E expenditures can be calculated. First, capital-flow matrixes are used to trans-

Table 5.—Percentage of New Plant and Equipment Expenditures Accounted for by Survey Respondents, 1977

Industry	Percent
All industries ¹	54
Manufacturing	68
Durable goods	68
Primary metals ²	81
Blast furnaces, steel works	86
Nonferrous metals	99
Fabricated metals	32
Electrical machinery	71
Machinery, except electrical	63
Transportation equipment ²	80
Motor vehicles	97
Aircraft	81
Stone, clay, and glass	45
Other durables ³	63
Nondurable goods	69
Food including beverage	47
Textiles	44
Paper	54
Chemicals	76
Petroleum	99
Rubber	34
Other nondurables ⁴	28
Nonmanufacturing ¹	45
Mining	21
Transportation	50
Railroad	51
Air	58
Other	47
Public utilities	83
Electric	85
Gas and other	71
Commercial and other	33
Wholesale and retail trade	15
Finance and insurance	19
Personal and business services ⁵	12
Communication	90
Addenda:	
Total nonfarm business ⁶	48
Manufacturing	68
Nonmanufacturing	39
Surveyed quarterly	45
Surveyed annually ⁷	6

1. Surveyed quarterly.

2. Includes industries not shown separately.

3. Consists of lumber, furniture, instruments, and miscellaneous.

4. Consists of tobacco, apparel, printing-publishing, and leather.

5. Includes construction.

6. “All industries” plus the part of nonmanufacturing that is surveyed annually.

7. Consists of real estate; professional services; membership organizations and social services; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services.

8. In 1977, coverage for total nonfarm business was 48 percent and for total nonmanufacturing (including those industries surveyed only annually), 39 percent.

9. Asset-size classes are used because investment behavior is likely to vary with company size. For the manufacturing industries, the trade and construction industries, as well as for personal and business services, real estate, hospitals and nursing homes, and educational services and museums, three asset-size classifications are used: \$100.0 million and over, \$10.0 million to \$99.9 million, and under \$10.0 million. For the utilities, communication, insurance, and selected transportation industries, two tab groups are used: Specific large companies that account for a substantial portion of the industry's P&E expenditures and the remaining companies. The other industries are not stratified, either because size diversity is limited or because the sample is too small to stratify.

10. The second-half plans derived in the fourth-quarter survey are also adjusted for reporting biases with factors calculated by the method described. The year-ahead plans reported in the fourth-quarter survey are derived by summing the bias-adjusted one-quarter ahead, two-quarters ahead, and second-half plans.

form the NIPA current- and constant-dollar estimates of structures and producers' durable equipment by type into current- and constant-dollar purchases by establishment-based industry; adjustments are made to conform the NIPA estimates to P&E survey industry definitions. Second, the adjusted establishment-based estimates are transformed to a company basis. Implicit price deflators are then derived by dividing the current-dollar estimates by the constant-dollar estimates.

Constant-dollar P&E estimates are calculated by applying the implicit price deflators to the quarterly current-dollar estimates. Final constant-dollar estimates are derived by constraining the industry deflators so that the growth rate for the total P&E deflator for "all industries" equals that of the nonresidential fixed investment deflator (on a P&E survey basis).

To adjust planned P&E expenditures, the price deflator for each industry is projected using its growth rate over the latest four quarters. Once the deflators are projected, they are applied to each industry's seasonally adjusted, planned current-dollar expenditures.¹¹

2. Revision Methodology

The methodology used to prepare the revised P&E series is summarized in five sections: 1977 benchmarks, definitional revisions, quarterly expenditures series, planned expenditures, and expenditures for plant and for equipment.

1977 benchmarks

Previous benchmarks were compiled for 1948, 1958, 1963, 1967, and 1972; the current revision introduces benchmarks for 1977. The current benchmark year was selected primarily because of the availability of 1977 *Enterprise Statistics* data prepared by the Bureau of the Census. (Benchmarks for 1982 will be prepared after 1982 *Enterprise Statistics* data become available.)

The sources and methods used to prepare the 1977 benchmarks varied among industries. The 1977 edition of *Enterprise Statistics* was the principal source of the benchmarks for the manufacturing industries, and for the mining, trade, personal and business services, and construction industries. Specifically, the benchmarks for the manufacturing industries, for mining, and for construction were based on published and unpublished tabulations of data from *Enterprise Statistics*, the *Census of Manufactures*, the *Census of Mineral Industries*, and the *Census of Construction Industries*. For wholesale trade, retail trade, and personal and business services, benchmarks were constructed from a combination of enterprise and establishment statistics prepared by the Bureau of the Census. Specifically, the benchmarks were derived from capital expenditures and employment data for establishments from the *Census of Wholesale Trade*, the *Census of Retail Trade*, and the *Census of Service Industries*, using employment matrixes from *Enterprise Statistics* to transform the establishment data to a company basis.

For transportation, a combination of data from the Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC), the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), other regulatory agencies, and the P&E sample was used in conjunction with data from the *Statistics of Income* compiled by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). (The ICC data were supplemented with data from other agencies to include companies engaged in intrastate transportation, which are not regulated by the ICC.) The ratio of universe gross depreciable assets reported by the IRS to the gross depreciable assets reported in the combined data was multiplied by the expenditures reported in these data to obtain benchmarks.

For public utilities, communication, real estate, and the for-profit portions of professional services, benchmarks were based on a combination of data from the P&E sample and data from the *IRS Statistics of Income*.¹² The ratio of universe gross depreciable assets reported by the IRS to the

gross depreciable assets reported by companies in the P&E sample was multiplied by the expenditures reported in the P&E sample to obtain benchmarks.

For finance, the basic procedure just described was followed, supplemented with balance sheet and income data compiled by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. This basic procedure was also used for insurance, except that total assets were used instead of gross depreciable assets.

For membership organizations and social services and for the not-for-profit portions of professional services, IRS data were not available. Benchmarks for those industries were based on data from the Census Bureau's *County Business Patterns* on employment and number of establishments (instead of IRS gross depreciable assets) in conjunction with P&E sample data. The benchmarks for most of these industries also incorporated data from other government agencies and various professional associations.

For those industries stratified by tab group, benchmarks were allocated by tab group based on the size distribution of total assets. Asset data were obtained from the *IRS Statistics of Income*, from tabulations of published and unpublished *Enterprise Statistics* data, and from responses by the P&E sample.

Definitional revisions

In addition to the benchmarks, the revised estimates incorporate the two definitional revisions. For railroads, the estimates of newly capitalized track maintenance for 1979-82—years for which railroads were required to restate their financial reports on the new basis—were constructed by multiplying previously expensed track maintenance by the proportion of that expense that was capitalized in the restated reports to the ICC. For earlier periods, the 1979 proportion was applied to track maintenance expenditures. For the definitional revision involving aircraft and railroad equipment for lease, the expenditures were reassigned, for 1959 and later years, from air and railroad transportation to the finance industry.

11. For a more detailed discussion of the deflation methodology, see "Constant-Dollar Estimates of New Plant and Equipment Expenditures in the United States, 1947-80," *SURVEY*, September 1981.

12. Professional services includes hospitals and nursing homes, other health services, legal services, educational services and museums, and miscellaneous professional services.

Quarterly expenditures series

The preparation of the revised quarterly expenditures series was carried out by tab group in three steps: Estimating 1977 quarterly expenditures, interpolating the quarterly series between the 1972 and 1977 benchmarks, and extrapolating the quarterly series forward from the 1977 benchmarks.

Estimates of expenditures for each quarter of 1977 were based on the 1977 benchmarks and the quarterly pattern of the retabulated P&E sample. The quarterly samples of company responses were retabulated to incorporate the following improvements: (1) Reports received too late to be included in the previously published estimates were included; (2) each company in the sample was reclassified by industry and size on the basis of data reported in 1980; and (3) the quarterly samples were reedited. A preliminary revised estimate for the fourth quarter of 1976 was constructed by multiplying the previously tabulated estimate for that quarter by the ratio of the 1977 benchmark to the previously tabulated 1977 estimate. Preliminary revised estimates for the quarters of 1977 were obtained by linking them to the preliminary estimate for the fourth quarter of 1976 using a chain of link relatives derived from the retabulated samples. These revised quarterly estimates for 1977 were then forced to the 1977 benchmark using the ratio of the 1977 benchmark to the sum of the preliminary revised estimates for the four quarters.

The expenditures estimates for the quarters between the previous benchmark year (1972) and the current benchmark year (1977) were revised using an interpolation procedure. The percentage difference between the previously published estimate for the first quarter of 1977 and the final revised estimate for that quarter was distributed geometrically to the quarters from the first quarter of 1973 through the fourth quarter of 1976.

The expenditures estimates for most industries were not revised prior to 1973. However, as noted earlier, the estimates for air transportation and finance were revised back to 1959, and the estimates for railroad transportation were revised back to 1947. In these cases, the revised quarterly estimates for each tab group for

years prior to 1973 were obtained by distributing revised annual estimates using the previously tabulated quarterly series.

Expenditures estimates for successive quarters starting in the first quarter of 1978 were revised by extrapolating forward from the final revised estimates for the fourth quarter of 1977 using a chain of link relatives derived from the retabulated samples. Expenditures data from sources other than the P&E survey were used as checks, especially when the sample was weak.

Planned expenditures

The revised estimates for planned expenditures were prepared in two steps. For plans reported in 1972-76, ratios of previously reported planned to actual expenditures for each tab group for each planning horizon were multiplied by the revised actual expenditures to obtain revised planned expenditures.¹³

For plans reported in 1977 and later years, the universe estimates for plans by tab group were revised in the same way as those for actual expenditures for that period. The revised planned expenditures for each period were then adjusted for systematic reporting biases using the procedure described in technical note 1.

Expenditures for plant and for equipment

The methodology for preparing separate benchmarks for plant and for equipment expenditures was similar to that used in preparing benchmarks for total P&E expenditures. In most cases, the same sources that provided benchmark information on total P&E expenditures provided information on the breakdown between plant and equipment. There were a few exceptions—for example, for public utilities, the breakdowns were based primarily on reports from the Federal Power Commission and the American Gas Association, and for petroleum pipelines, they were based on the Census Bureau's *Value of New Construction Put in Place*.

The interpolation back to 1972 and extrapolation forward from 1977 were prepared using the separate data for

plant and for equipment from the P&E sample in the same way as described earlier for total P&E expenditures. Because the response rate for reporting plant and equipment expenditures separately is lower than that for reporting total P&E expenditures, the estimates for plant and for equipment were forced to equal the total P&E estimates for each tab group.

3. Comparison of the P&E Series with the Nonresidential Fixed Investment Component of GNP

The nonresidential fixed investment (NRFI) series, which is a component of GNP, differs from the P&E expenditures series in type of detail, data sources, coverage, and timing. First, the NRFI series provides estimates of investment by type of structure and by type of producers' durable equipment. The P&E series provides estimates of investment by industry.

Second, the NRFI series is estimated primarily from Census Bureau surveys of the value of new construction put in place and manufacturers' shipments of equipment, with adjustments for merchandise exports and imports and for government purchases. The P&E series is estimated primarily from BEA's surveys of plant and equipment expenditures.

Third, the coverage of expenditures in the two series differs. Investment in the farm sector is included in NRFI, but not in the P&E series. Certain industries—real estate; professional services; membership organizations and social services; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services—are surveyed only annually in the P&E series, and, therefore, are not included in the quarterly "all industries" total; they are included in NRFI each quarter. In addition, certain outlays not capitalized by business (and thus not included in the P&E series) are included in the NRFI estimates—for example, outlays for new motor vehicles held for less than 1 year, for some oil and gas well drilling costs, and for some other outlays associated with mining. NRFI also includes, but the P&E series excludes, reimbursable expenditures for new

13. This procedure was also applied to plans reported before 1972 for the three industries revised because of the definitional revisions.

Table 6.—Comparison of Plant and Equipment (P&E) Expenditures and the Nonresidential Fixed Investment (NRFI) Component of GNP

[Billions of dollars]

Year	P&E expenditures (total nonfarm business)	Plus: Adjustments to NRFI basis ¹	Equals: P&E expenditures adjusted to NRFI basis	Less: NRFI ²	Equals: Difference	Column 5 as a percentage of column 3	Addenda:		
							Year-to-year change in adjusted P&E (column 3)	Year-to-year change in NRFI (column 4)	Difference in year-to-year change (column 7—column 8)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1948	26.0	4.1	30.1	26.3	3.8	12.8			
1958	42.6	4.4	47.0	42.0	5.0	10.6			
1963	53.6	4.4	58.0	54.8	3.2	5.5			
1967	83.8	5.6	89.5	83.9	5.5	6.2			
1972	120.9	6.9	127.8	121.0	6.8	5.4			
1977	208.1	15.6	223.7	213.5	10.2	4.6			
1978	245.3	19.0	264.4	259.0	5.4	2.0	40.7	45.5	-4.8
1979	284.9	19.0	304.0	301.9	2.1	.7	39.6	42.9	-3.3
1980	314.5	19.3	333.8	321.3	12.5	3.7	29.8	19.4	10.4
1981	349.3	21.9	371.2	368.4	2.8	.8	37.4	47.1	-9.7
1982	347.5	18.1	365.6	363.8	1.8	.5	-5.6	-4.6	-1.0
1983	343.3	15.5	358.9	367.2	-8.3	-2.3	-6.7	3.4	-10.1

1. Consists of capital expenditures by the farm sector; items charged as current expenses by business but included in the NRFI component of GNP, for example, outlays for new motor vehicles held for less than 1 year, for some oil and gas well drilling costs, and for some other outlays associated with mining; reimbursable expenditures for new motor vehicles by employees for business use; and net purchases of, and broker/dealer margins on, used plant and equipment; less capital expenditures for certain types of residential structures, such as dormitories (which are included as residential investment in the NIPA's).

2. The NRFI estimates prior to 1977 are the presently published estimates; the 1977 estimate is the preliminary revised estimate introduced in the May 1984 Survey; and the estimates for 1978-83 are extrapolations of the 1977 estimate by the published NRFI estimates. Therefore, all NRFI estimates in the table should be regarded as preliminary, pending the comprehensive NIPA revisions to be published later this year.

motor vehicles by employees for business use, and net purchases of, and broker/dealer margins on, used plant and equipment. The P&E expenditures series includes, but NRFI excludes, expenditures for certain types of residential structures, such as dormitories (which are included as residential investment in the NIPA's).

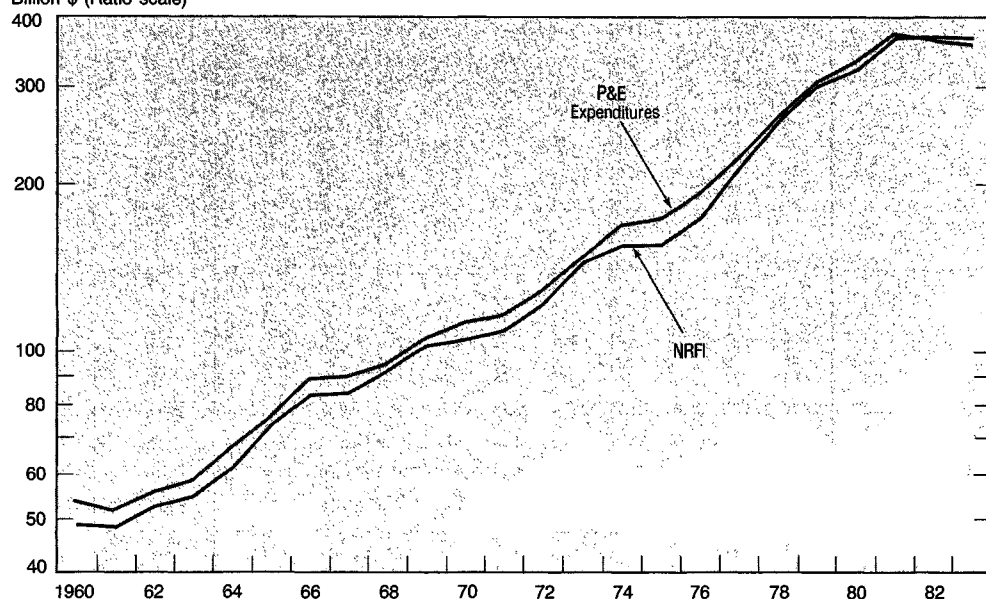
Fourth, the timing of the two series differs. The NRFI series reflects the value of new construction put in place and shipments of equipment; the P&E series reflects expenditures. On balance, expenditures tend to lag.

Table 6 shows NRFI and P&E expenditures (adjusted to the definitions and coverage of NRFI) for P&E benchmark years and for years since the current benchmark year. (Chart 7 shows the two series for 1960-83.) For 1977-83, adjusted P&E expenditures increased 60.4 percent, compared with 72.0 percent for NRFI. As a percentage of adjusted P&E expenditures, the absolute difference averaged 2.1 percent for 1977-83, down from 6.6 percent for the interbenchmark period 1972-77.

CHART 7

Comparison of Plant and Equipment (P&E) Expenditures and the Nonresidential Fixed Investment (NRFI) Component of GNP

Billion \$ (Ratio scale)



Note: P&E expenditures are adjusted to the definitions and coverage of NRFI; see table 6.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

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The following are available from BEA on magnetic tape or in computer print-out form: The series presented in tables 7-12; the quarterly unadjusted actual expenditures series; the planned expenditures series (before and after bias and seasonal adjustment); bias-adjustment factors and ratios of planned to actual expenditures; seasonal factors for the current-dollar series; and implicit price deflators for quarterly and annual P&E, for annual plant, and for annual equipment. The cost of the tape is \$150; the cost of the printout is \$45. For further information, write to P&E Survey Statistics, Business Outlook Division (BE-52), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230, or telephone (202) 523-0874.

Tables 7-12 and sample form follow on pages 26-47.

Table 9.—Expenditures for New Plant and for New Equipment

[Billions of

Line		1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
1	All industries ¹	20.11	22.78	20.28	21.56	26.81	28.16	29.96	28.86	30.94	37.90	40.54	33.84	35.88	39.44
2	Plant.....	7.30	8.43	7.75	8.07	10.03	10.61	11.14	10.76	11.59	13.89	14.85	12.76	12.68	13.46
3	Equipment.....	12.82	14.35	12.53	13.49	16.78	17.54	18.82	18.09	19.35	24.01	25.70	21.07	23.20	25.98
4	Manufacturing.....	8.73	9.25	7.32	7.73	11.07	12.12	12.43	12.00	12.50	16.33	17.50	12.98	13.76	16.36
5	Plant.....	3.11	3.22	2.44	2.39	3.79	4.21	4.01	3.75	3.99	5.17	5.66	4.22	4.04	4.88
6	Equipment.....	5.62	6.02	4.88	5.33	7.28	7.91	8.42	8.25	8.50	11.16	11.84	8.77	9.72	11.47
7	Durable goods.....	3.89	3.54	2.67	3.22	5.12	5.75	5.71	5.49	5.87	8.19	8.59	6.21	6.72	8.28
8	Plant.....	.99	.93	.64	.71	1.56	1.83	1.48	1.22	1.38	2.03	2.36	1.65	1.34	1.81
9	Equipment.....	2.40	2.60	2.04	2.51	3.55	3.92	4.23	4.27	4.49	6.15	6.23	4.56	5.38	6.47
10	Nondurable goods.....	5.34	5.71	4.64	4.51	5.95	6.37	6.72	6.51	6.62	8.15	8.91	6.77	7.04	8.08
11	Plant.....	2.12	2.29	1.80	1.68	2.23	2.39	2.52	2.53	2.61	3.14	3.30	2.56	2.70	3.07
12	Equipment.....	3.22	3.42	2.84	2.82	3.73	3.99	4.19	3.98	4.01	5.01	5.61	4.21	4.34	5.01
13	Nonmanufacturing ¹	11.38	13.53	12.96	13.83	15.74	16.04	17.53	16.85	18.44	21.57	23.04	20.86	22.12	23.08
14	Plant.....	4.19	5.21	5.31	5.67	6.24	6.40	7.13	7.01	7.60	8.72	9.19	8.55	8.64	8.57
15	Equipment.....	7.20	8.33	7.65	8.16	9.50	9.64	10.40	9.84	10.84	12.84	13.85	12.31	13.48	14.51
16	Mining.....	.69	.93	.88	.84	1.11	1.21	1.25	1.29	1.31	1.64	1.69	1.43	1.35	1.29
17	Plant.....	.18	.23	.22	.24	.30	.32	.34	.34	.36	.45	.46	.37	.36	.35
18	Equipment.....	.51	.69	.66	.60	.81	.89	.91	.94	.95	1.19	1.23	1.06	.99	.94
19	Transportation.....	2.69	3.17	2.80	2.87	3.60	3.56	3.58	2.91	3.10	3.56	3.84	2.72	3.47	3.54
20	Plant.....	.95	1.06	.96	.98	1.13	1.22	1.28	1.08	1.12	1.20	1.23	.86	.82	.88
21	Equipment.....	1.74	2.11	1.83	1.89	2.47	2.34	2.31	1.83	1.98	2.36	2.61	1.86	2.65	2.66
22	Public utilities.....	1.64	2.67	3.28	3.42	3.75	3.96	4.61	4.23	4.26	4.78	5.95	5.74	5.46	5.40
23	Plant.....	1.02	1.63	2.06	2.19	2.38	2.40	2.72	2.59	2.64	2.92	3.53	3.49	3.39	3.18
24	Equipment.....	.61	1.05	1.22	1.24	1.37	1.57	1.89	1.64	1.61	1.85	2.42	2.26	2.07	2.21
25	Commercial and other.....	6.38	6.77	6.01	6.70	7.29	7.31	8.09	8.42	9.77	11.59	11.56	10.97	11.84	12.86
26	Plant.....	2.04	2.28	2.06	2.27	2.44	2.46	2.80	3.00	3.47	4.14	3.96	3.84	4.07	4.17
27	Equipment.....	4.34	4.48	3.94	4.43	4.85	4.85	5.29	5.43	6.30	7.45	7.60	7.13	7.77	8.69
28	Addenda:														
29	Total nonfarm business ²	22.27	25.97	24.03	25.81	31.38	32.16	34.20	33.62	37.08	45.25	48.62	42.55	45.17	48.99
30	Plant.....	8.92	10.87	10.70	11.44	13.63	13.71	14.43	14.58	16.47	19.83	21.43	19.79	20.28	21.29
31	Equipment.....	13.35	15.11	13.34	14.37	17.74	18.45	19.76	19.03	20.60	25.42	27.19	22.76	24.89	27.70
32	Manufacturing.....	8.73	9.25	7.32	7.73	11.07	12.12	12.43	12.00	12.50	16.33	17.50	12.98	13.76	16.36
33	Plant.....	3.11	3.22	2.44	2.39	3.79	4.21	4.01	3.75	3.99	5.17	5.66	4.22	4.04	4.88
34	Equipment.....	5.62	6.02	4.88	5.33	7.28	7.91	8.42	8.25	8.50	11.16	11.84	8.77	9.72	11.47
35	Nonmanufacturing.....	13.54	16.73	16.72	18.08	20.31	20.04	21.77	21.62	24.58	28.91	31.11	29.57	31.41	32.63
36	Plant.....	5.81	7.64	8.26	9.04	9.84	9.49	10.43	10.83	12.48	14.66	15.77	15.58	16.23	16.41
37	Equipment.....	7.74	9.08	8.46	9.04	10.46	10.54	11.34	10.79	12.10	14.25	15.35	14.00	15.18	16.22
38	Surveyed quarterly.....	11.38	13.53	12.96	13.83	15.74	16.04	17.53	16.85	18.44	21.57	23.04	20.86	22.12	23.08
39	Plant.....	4.19	5.21	5.31	5.67	6.24	6.40	7.13	7.01	7.60	8.72	9.19	8.55	8.64	8.57
40	Equipment.....	7.20	8.33	7.65	8.16	9.50	9.64	10.40	9.84	10.84	12.84	13.85	12.31	13.48	14.51
41	Surveyed annually ³	2.16	3.19	3.76	4.25	4.57	4.00	4.23	4.76	6.14	7.35	8.08	8.72	9.29	9.55
42	Plant.....	1.62	2.44	2.95	3.37	3.60	3.10	3.29	3.82	4.88	5.94	6.58	7.03	7.60	7.84
43	Equipment.....	.54	.76	.81	.88	.96	.90	.94	.94	1.26	1.41	1.49	1.69	1.69	1.71

1. Surveyed quarterly.

2. "All industries" plus the part of nonmanufacturing that is surveyed annually.

3. Consists of real estate; professional services; membership organizations and social services; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services.

by Business in Current Dollars: Annually, 1947-83

dollars]

1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	Line
38.34	40.86	43.67	51.26	59.52	70.40	72.75	76.42	85.74	91.91	92.91	103.40	120.03	139.67	142.42	158.44	184.82	217.76	254.96	282.80	315.22	310.58	304.78	1
13.41	13.73	14.57	16.81	18.67	22.86	24.10	26.23	30.04	34.06	34.90	37.00	42.94	49.49	50.27	56.45	62.51	73.18	84.61	96.13	111.92	111.69	107.35	2
24.92	27.13	29.10	34.46	40.85	47.54	48.65	50.19	55.70	57.85	58.01	66.40	77.09	90.19	92.15	101.99	122.31	144.57	170.35	186.67	203.30	198.88	197.43	3
15.53	16.03	17.27	21.23	25.41	31.37	32.25	32.34	36.27	36.99	33.60	35.42	42.35	52.48	53.66	58.53	67.48	78.58	95.92	112.33	126.54	120.68	116.20	4
4.84	4.85	4.89	5.91	7.19	9.15	9.26	9.39	10.89	11.85	10.44	10.12	11.99	15.44	15.70	17.63	19.19	22.83	26.26	30.99	35.87	34.52	32.38	5
10.69	11.18	12.38	15.32	18.22	22.23	22.98	22.95	25.39	25.14	23.16	25.30	30.36	37.04	37.95	40.90	48.29	55.75	69.66	81.33	90.66	86.16	83.82	6
7.43	7.81	8.64	10.98	13.49	17.23	17.83	17.93	19.97	19.80	16.78	18.22	22.63	26.77	25.37	27.50	32.77	39.46	48.50	55.36	59.81	55.35	53.08	7
1.57	1.37	1.54	1.99	2.75	4.11	4.14	4.23	4.81	4.98	4.12	3.88	5.03	5.96	5.32	5.86	6.54	8.43	10.30	11.78	11.90	10.48	9.61	8
5.86	6.44	7.10	8.99	10.74	13.12	13.68	13.70	15.16	14.82	12.66	14.34	17.61	20.81	20.05	21.64	26.23	31.03	38.20	43.58	47.91	44.87	43.47	9
8.10	8.22	8.63	10.25	11.92	14.15	14.42	14.40	16.31	17.19	16.82	17.20	19.72	25.71	28.28	31.03	34.71	39.13	47.42	56.96	66.73	65.33	63.12	10
3.27	3.48	3.35	3.92	4.43	5.04	5.12	5.16	6.07	6.87	6.32	6.24	6.96	9.48	10.88	11.77	12.65	14.41	15.96	19.21	23.97	24.05	22.77	11
4.83	4.74	5.27	6.33	7.48	9.11	9.30	9.24	10.23	10.32	10.50	10.96	12.76	16.23	17.90	19.26	22.06	24.72	31.46	37.75	42.76	41.28	40.35	12
22.80	24.83	26.40	30.04	34.12	39.03	40.50	44.08	49.47	54.92	59.31	67.98	77.67	87.19	88.76	99.91	117.34	139.18	159.04	170.47	188.68	189.89	188.58	13
8.57	8.88	9.68	10.89	11.48	13.72	14.84	16.84	19.16	22.22	24.47	26.89	30.95	34.05	34.57	38.83	43.32	50.35	58.35	65.13	76.05	77.17	74.97	14
14.23	15.95	16.72	19.14	22.63	25.31	25.66	27.24	30.32	32.70	34.84	41.09	46.73	53.14	54.19	61.09	74.02	88.82	100.68	105.34	112.63	112.72	113.61	15
1.26	1.41	1.26	1.33	1.36	1.42	1.38	1.44	1.77	2.02	2.67	2.88	3.30	4.58	6.12	7.63	9.81	11.22	12.81	15.99	21.39	20.05	15.19	16
.37	.42	.37	.42	.43	.47	.47	.58	.78	1.05	1.31	1.40	1.61	2.23	2.73	3.50	4.50	5.13	6.32	9.01	13.05	11.75	8.48	17
.89	.99	.89	.91	.94	.94	.91	.85	1.00	.97	1.37	1.48	1.69	2.35	3.39	4.13	5.31	6.10	6.49	6.98	8.34	8.29	6.72	18
3.14	3.59	3.64	4.71	5.66	6.68	6.57	6.91	7.23	7.17	6.42	7.14	8.00	9.16	9.95	11.10	12.20	13.36	16.05	16.60	15.84	14.79	13.97	19
.73	.85	.92	1.01	1.06	1.21	1.17	1.39	1.52	1.56	1.81	1.72	2.11	2.64	3.68	4.61	4.20	3.94	4.77	5.14	5.51	5.36	5.37	20
2.40	2.75	2.73	3.71	4.60	5.47	5.40	5.52	5.70	5.61	4.61	5.42	5.88	6.52	6.27	6.49	8.00	9.42	11.28	11.47	10.33	9.43	8.60	21
5.20	5.12	5.33	5.80	6.49	7.82	9.33	10.52	11.70	13.03	14.70	16.26	17.99	19.96	20.23	22.90	27.83	31.50	35.63	37.74	41.21	45.43	44.96	22
3.14	3.04	3.16	3.43	4.05	4.92	5.63	6.83	7.34	7.77	8.15	9.20	10.39	11.28	11.98	13.36	15.63	18.31	21.06	22.74	25.61	28.30	28.19	23
2.06	2.08	2.17	2.37	2.44	2.90	3.69	3.69	4.36	5.25	6.55	7.06	7.60	8.68	8.24	9.54	12.20	13.20	14.57	15.00	15.59	17.13	16.77	24
13.21	14.71	16.17	18.20	20.60	23.11	23.22	25.22	28.77	32.71	35.52	41.69	48.39	53.49	52.47	58.29	67.51	83.09	94.56	100.14	110.24	109.63	114.45	25
4.33	4.57	5.24	6.05	5.95	7.11	7.56	8.04	9.51	11.83	13.20	14.56	16.84	17.90	16.17	17.36	19.00	22.98	26.21	28.25	31.87	31.77	32.93	26
8.88	10.14	10.94	12.15	14.66	16.00	15.66	17.18	19.26	20.87	22.32	27.13	31.55	35.59	36.29	40.93	48.51	60.11	68.35	71.89	78.37	77.36	81.52	27
48.14	51.61	53.59	62.02	70.79	82.62	83.82	88.92	100.02	106.15	109.18	120.91	139.26	159.83	162.60	179.91	208.15	245.34	284.94	314.47	349.26	347.47	343.35	28
21.43	22.45	22.57	25.33	27.61	32.61	32.62	35.98	41.03	44.78	47.25	50.02	56.97	63.73	64.21	70.23	77.74	90.78	103.68	115.91	133.22	135.19	132.03	29
26.70	29.16	31.03	36.70	43.19	50.01	51.20	52.94	58.99	61.36	61.93	70.89	82.29	96.10	98.40	109.68	130.41	154.56	181.26	198.56	216.04	212.28	211.31	30
15.53	16.03	17.27	21.23	25.41	31.37	32.25	32.34	36.27	36.99	33.60	35.42	42.35	52.48	53.66	58.53	67.48	78.58	95.92	112.33	126.54	120.68	116.20	31
4.84	4.85	4.89	5.91	7.19	9.15	9.26	9.39	10.89	11.85	10.44	10.12	11.99	15.44	15.70	17.63	19.19	22.83	26.26	30.99	35.87	34.52	32.38	32
10.69	11.18	12.38	15.32	18.22	22.23	22.98	22.95	25.39	25.14	23.16	25.30	30.36	37.04	37.95	40.90	48.29	55.75	69.66	81.33	90.66	86.16	83.82	33
32.60	35.58	36.33	40.80	45.39	51.25	51.57	56.58	63.74	69.16	75.58	85.49	96.91	107.35	108.95	121.38	140.67	166.76	189.02	202.15	222.72	226.79	227.15	34
16.59	17.60	17.68	19.42	20.42	23.46	23.35	26.59	30.15	32.94	36.81	39.90	44.98	48.29	48.50	52.60	58.55	67.95	77.42	84.92	97.34	100.67	99.65	35
16.01	17.98	18.65	21.38	24.97	27.78	28.22	29.99	33.60	36.22	38.77	45.59	51.93	59.06	60.44	68.78	82.12	98.81	111.60	117.23	125.38	126.12	127.49	36
22.80	24.83	26.40	30.04	34.12	39.03	40.50	44.08	49.47	54.92	59.31	67.98	77.67	87.19	88.76	99.91	117.34	139.18	159.04	170.47	188.68	189.89	188.58	37
8.57	8.88	9.68	10.89	11.48	13.72	14.84	16.84	19.16	22.22	24.47	26.89	30.95	34.05	34.57	38.83	43.32	50.35	58.35	65.13	76.05	77.17	74.97	38
14.23	15.95	16.72	19.14	22.63	25.31	25.66	27.24	30.32	32.70	34.84	41.09	46.73	53.14	54.19	61.09	74.02	88.82	100.68	105.34	112.63	112.72	113.61	39
9.80	10.75	9.93	10.76	11.27	12.22	11.07	12.50	14.27	14.24	16.26	17.51	19.24	20.16	20.19	21.47	23.33	27.58	29.98	31.68	34.04	36.89	38.56	40
8.02	8.71	7.99	8.52	8.94	9.75	8.52	9.75	10.99	10.72	12.34	13.02	14.04	14.24	13.94	13.77	15.22	17.60	19.07	19.79	21.30	23.50	24.68	41
1.78	2.04	1.93	2.24	2.33	2.47	2.56	2.75	3.28	3.52	3.92	4.50	5.20	5.92	6.25	7.69	8.10	9.99	10.92	11.89	12.74	13.39	13.88	42

Table 10.—Expenditures for New Plant and for New Equipment

(Billions of

Line		1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
1	All industries ²	42.27	43.88	37.71	38.97	44.83	46.29	48.13	46.30	48.81	56.29	57.05	47.43	49.18	54.06
2	Plant.....	16.10	16.88	15.58	15.86	17.83	18.40	18.94	18.55	19.68	22.01	22.57	19.81	19.44	20.87
3	Equipment.....	26.17	27.00	22.13	23.11	27.00	27.89	29.19	27.75	29.13	34.27	34.49	27.62	29.74	33.19
4	Manufacturing.....	19.52	18.55	14.03	14.61	19.12	20.46	20.61	19.94	20.31	24.89	25.23	18.58	19.25	22.86
5	Plant.....	6.61	6.04	4.63	4.60	6.54	7.05	6.63	6.39	6.72	8.12	8.59	6.59	6.25	7.68
6	Equipment.....	12.91	12.51	9.40	10.01	12.57	13.41	13.98	13.55	13.60	16.77	16.64	11.99	13.00	15.17
7	Durable goods.....	7.70	7.22	5.16	6.09	8.90	9.80	9.59	9.24	9.61	12.54	12.43	8.86	9.38	11.51
8	Plant.....	2.19	1.84	1.27	1.43	2.80	3.19	2.57	2.19	2.44	3.33	3.70	2.67	2.20	2.99
9	Equipment.....	5.51	5.38	3.89	4.66	6.10	6.61	7.02	7.05	7.17	9.21	8.73	6.19	7.18	8.52
10	Nondurable goods.....	11.82	11.34	8.87	8.51	10.22	10.66	11.02	10.70	10.70	12.35	12.81	9.72	9.87	11.34
11	Plant.....	4.42	4.20	3.36	3.17	3.75	3.86	4.06	4.20	4.28	4.79	4.89	3.92	4.05	4.69
12	Equipment.....	7.40	7.13	5.52	5.35	6.47	6.79	6.96	6.50	6.43	7.56	7.92	5.80	5.82	6.65
13	Nonmanufacturing ²	22.76	25.33	23.68	24.36	25.71	25.83	27.51	26.36	28.49	31.40	31.82	28.86	29.93	31.20
14	Plant.....	9.49	10.84	10.95	11.26	11.28	11.35	12.31	12.16	12.96	13.89	13.98	13.22	13.19	13.19
15	Equipment.....	13.27	14.49	12.73	13.10	14.43	14.48	15.20	14.20	15.53	17.51	17.84	15.64	16.74	18.01
16	Mining.....	1.49	1.81	1.67	1.57	1.86	1.99	2.02	2.09	2.10	2.47	2.42	2.06	1.89	1.81
17	Plant.....	.37	.42	.42	.45	.48	.52	.54	.57	.60	.70	.69	.57	.55	.54
18	Equipment.....	1.12	1.39	1.25	1.13	1.38	1.47	1.48	1.52	1.50	1.78	1.73	1.48	1.35	1.27
19	Transportation.....	5.81	6.19	5.25	5.11	6.11	5.90	5.74	4.60	4.83	5.24	5.34	3.70	4.63	4.68
20	Plant.....	2.10	2.08	1.85	1.82	1.98	2.06	2.07	1.77	1.83	1.85	1.79	1.24	1.19	1.28
21	Equipment.....	3.71	4.11	3.40	3.28	4.12	3.84	3.67	2.83	2.99	3.39	3.54	2.46	3.44	3.40
22	Public utilities.....	3.76	5.72	6.83	6.75	6.71	7.13	7.96	7.26	7.06	7.29	8.53	7.87	7.26	7.15
23	Plant.....	2.65	3.82	4.62	4.53	4.51	4.56	4.91	4.57	4.50	4.56	5.21	5.09	4.78	4.51
24	Equipment.....	1.10	1.90	2.20	2.23	2.21	2.57	3.05	2.69	2.56	2.73	3.31	2.78	2.48	2.64
25	Commercial and other.....	11.69	11.61	9.94	10.92	11.03	10.81	11.80	12.41	14.51	16.40	15.54	15.22	16.15	17.55
26	Plant.....	4.36	4.52	4.06	4.46	4.31	4.21	4.79	5.25	6.03	6.78	6.29	6.31	6.67	6.85
27	Equipment.....	7.33	7.09	5.87	6.46	6.72	6.61	7.01	7.16	8.48	9.62	9.25	8.91	9.48	10.70
28	Addenda:														
29	Total nonfarm business ³	46.03	48.99	43.66	45.63	51.52	52.02	54.18	53.30	57.80	66.58	67.85	59.41	61.80	67.09
30	Plant.....	19.05	20.96	20.50	21.44	23.34	23.02	23.87	24.45	27.15	30.65	31.71	29.90	30.27	32.11
31	Equipment.....	26.98	28.03	23.16	24.18	28.18	29.00	30.30	28.85	30.65	35.93	36.14	29.51	31.53	34.99
32	Manufacturing.....	19.52	18.55	14.03	14.61	19.12	20.46	20.61	19.94	20.31	24.89	25.23	18.58	19.25	22.86
33	Plant.....	6.61	6.04	4.63	4.60	6.54	7.05	6.63	6.39	6.72	8.12	8.59	6.59	6.25	7.68
34	Equipment.....	12.91	12.51	9.40	10.01	12.57	13.41	13.98	13.55	13.60	16.77	16.64	11.99	13.00	15.17
35	Nonmanufacturing.....	26.52	30.44	29.63	31.02	32.40	31.56	33.56	33.36	37.49	41.69	42.62	40.83	42.55	44.24
36	Plant.....	12.44	14.91	15.87	16.84	16.79	15.96	17.24	18.06	20.44	22.53	23.12	23.31	24.02	24.42
37	Equipment.....	14.07	15.52	13.75	14.18	15.61	15.60	16.32	15.30	17.05	19.16	19.50	17.52	18.53	19.82
38	Surveyed quarterly.....	22.76	25.33	23.68	24.36	25.71	25.83	27.51	26.36	28.49	31.40	31.82	28.86	29.93	31.20
39	Plant.....	9.49	10.84	10.95	11.26	11.28	11.35	12.31	12.16	12.96	13.89	13.98	13.22	13.19	13.19
40	Equipment.....	13.27	14.49	12.73	13.10	14.43	14.48	15.20	14.20	15.53	17.51	17.84	15.64	16.74	18.01
41	Surveyed annually ⁴	3.76	5.11	5.95	6.66	6.69	5.73	6.05	7.00	8.99	10.29	10.80	11.98	12.61	13.04
42	Plant.....	2.95	4.07	4.92	5.58	5.51	4.61	4.93	5.90	7.47	8.64	9.14	10.09	10.83	11.23
43	Equipment.....	.81	1.04	1.03	1.08	1.18	1.11	1.12	1.10	1.52	1.65	1.66	1.89	1.79	1.80

1. Procedures for preparing constant-dollar estimates are described in the September 1981 Survey.

2. Surveyed quarterly.

3. "All industries" plus the part of nonmanufacturing that is surveyed annually.

4. Consists of real estate; professional services; membership organizations and social services; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services.

by Business in Constant Dollars: Annually, 1947-83¹

1972 dollars]

1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	Line
52.79	55.89	59.28	68.86	79.05	90.80	90.97	91.85	98.48	100.34	96.45	103.40	115.41	120.61	107.95	114.01	126.03	138.45	149.16	152.18	155.70	147.51	146.36	1
20.87	21.25	22.41	25.56	27.87	32.62	33.15	34.34	36.68	38.49	36.96	37.00	39.96	38.51	34.55	37.62	38.82	41.10	41.86	41.76	43.37	41.43	40.44	2
31.92	34.64	36.87	43.30	51.17	58.18	57.82	57.51	61.81	61.85	59.49	66.40	75.45	82.10	73.40	76.38	87.21	97.35	107.30	110.42	112.33	106.08	105.92	3
21.75	22.18	23.66	28.76	34.05	40.69	40.26	38.67	41.42	40.05	34.77	35.42	40.74	45.13	39.98	41.50	45.06	48.43	54.06	57.79	59.09	54.24	53.67	4
7.64	7.51	7.58	9.10	10.91	13.28	12.90	12.40	13.31	13.35	11.06	10.12	11.08	11.77	10.58	11.65	11.60	12.18	12.31	12.47	12.38	11.03	10.73	5
14.12	14.67	16.08	19.65	23.14	27.41	27.36	26.27	28.11	26.70	23.70	25.30	29.66	33.36	29.40	29.85	33.46	36.25	41.75	45.32	46.71	43.21	42.94	6
10.33	10.74	11.73	14.74	17.95	22.24	22.14	21.35	22.73	21.38	17.32	18.22	21.85	23.45	19.41	20.08	22.67	25.41	28.68	30.32	30.70	27.92	27.05	7
2.60	2.27	2.49	3.17	4.30	6.10	5.88	5.69	5.95	5.65	4.36	3.88	4.66	4.65	3.79	4.15	4.34	5.00	5.32	5.40	5.08	4.29	3.88	8
7.73	8.47	9.24	11.57	13.65	16.15	16.26	15.66	16.78	15.74	12.96	14.34	17.20	18.80	15.62	15.92	18.33	20.41	23.36	24.92	25.62	23.63	23.17	9
11.43	11.44	11.94	14.01	16.10	18.45	18.12	17.32	18.69	18.67	17.45	17.20	18.89	21.68	20.57	21.42	22.38	23.02	25.38	27.47	28.39	26.32	26.62	10
5.03	5.24	5.09	5.93	6.61	7.19	7.02	6.72	7.36	7.71	6.71	6.24	6.42	7.13	6.79	7.50	7.26	7.18	6.99	7.07	7.30	6.74	6.85	11
6.39	6.20	6.84	8.08	9.49	11.26	11.10	10.61	11.33	10.96	10.74	10.96	12.46	14.55	13.78	13.93	15.13	15.84	18.39	20.40	21.09	19.58	19.77	12
31.04	33.71	35.61	40.10	45.00	50.10	50.71	53.18	57.06	60.29	61.68	67.98	74.67	75.48	67.97	72.51	80.97	90.02	95.10	94.39	96.61	93.27	92.70	13
13.23	13.74	14.83	16.46	16.96	19.33	20.24	21.93	23.36	25.13	25.90	26.89	28.88	26.74	23.97	25.97	27.22	28.92	29.55	29.29	30.99	30.40	29.71	14
17.81	19.97	20.79	23.65	28.04	30.77	30.46	31.24	33.70	35.15	35.79	41.09	45.79	48.74	44.00	46.53	53.75	61.10	65.55	65.10	65.62	62.87	62.98	15
1.79	1.98	1.77	1.85	1.86	1.86	1.75	1.74	2.04	2.21	2.80	2.88	3.12	3.69	4.07	4.73	5.50	5.51	5.51	5.75	6.21	5.23	4.37	16
.59	.66	.58	.64	.65	.67	.64	.75	.93	1.17	1.39	1.40	1.47	1.61	1.64	1.99	2.24	2.10	2.19	2.59	2.94	2.31	1.93	17
1.21	1.32	1.19	1.20	1.21	1.19	1.11	1.00	1.12	1.04	1.41	1.48	1.65	2.08	2.43	2.74	3.26	3.41	3.32	3.16	3.27	2.92	2.45	18
4.15	4.68	4.71	6.09	7.24	8.38	8.06	8.18	8.24	7.76	6.62	7.14	7.72	7.90	7.46	7.79	8.19	8.26	8.97	8.43	7.58	6.87	6.40	19
1.08	1.22	1.31	1.46	1.52	1.68	1.56	1.76	1.84	1.75	1.90	1.72	1.98	2.09	2.52	3.02	2.72	2.33	2.50	2.42	2.48	2.37	2.33	20
3.07	3.46	3.40	4.63	5.71	6.70	6.50	6.42	6.40	6.01	4.72	5.42	5.73	5.81	4.93	4.77	5.46	5.93	6.46	6.01	5.10	4.50	4.07	21
6.98	6.93	7.26	7.85	8.62	10.14	11.76	12.84	13.68	14.45	15.37	16.26	17.11	16.67	14.41	15.25	17.54	18.59	19.27	18.90	18.85	19.82	19.18	22
4.48	4.36	4.57	4.91	5.63	6.65	7.42	8.65	8.83	8.81	8.63	9.20	9.69	8.79	8.02	8.49	9.35	10.23	10.64	10.55	10.94	11.62	11.24	23
2.50	2.57	2.69	2.93	2.99	3.49	4.34	4.19	4.85	5.64	6.73	7.06	7.42	7.87	6.39	6.76	8.19	8.36	8.62	8.35	7.91	8.19	7.95	24
18.11	20.12	21.86	24.32	27.28	29.73	29.13	30.42	33.09	35.87	36.90	41.69	46.72	47.22	42.04	44.74	49.74	57.66	61.36	61.30	63.97	61.35	62.74	25
7.08	7.50	8.36	9.44	9.16	10.34	10.62	10.78	11.77	13.41	13.98	14.56	15.74	14.25	11.79	12.46	12.90	14.27	14.21	13.73	14.63	14.10	14.22	26
11.03	12.62	13.50	14.88	18.13	19.39	18.52	19.64	21.32	22.46	22.92	27.13	30.99	32.97	30.25	32.27	36.84	43.40	47.14	47.57	49.34	47.26	48.52	27
66.36	70.68	72.68	83.17	93.83	106.27	104.60	106.73	114.68	115.68	113.19	120.91	133.97	138.31	124.19	130.76	143.43	157.86	168.65	171.26	175.28	168.24	167.74	28
32.55	33.89	33.77	37.50	40.17	45.49	44.09	46.38	49.49	50.23	49.75	50.02	53.31	50.48	45.30	48.05	49.88	52.87	53.28	52.59	54.49	53.33	52.86	29
33.81	36.80	38.92	45.68	53.66	60.79	60.51	60.35	65.18	65.45	63.44	70.89	80.66	87.83	78.89	82.71	93.56	105.00	115.37	118.67	120.80	114.91	114.88	30
21.75	22.18	23.66	28.76	34.05	40.69	40.26	38.67	41.42	40.05	34.77	35.42	40.74	45.13	39.98	41.50	45.06	48.43	54.06	57.79	59.09	54.24	53.67	31
7.64	7.51	7.58	9.10	10.91	13.28	12.90	12.40	13.31	13.35	11.06	10.12	11.08	11.77	10.58	11.65	11.60	12.18	12.31	12.47	12.38	11.03	10.73	32
14.12	14.67	16.08	19.65	23.14	27.41	27.36	26.27	28.11	26.70	23.70	25.30	29.66	33.36	29.40	29.85	33.46	36.25	41.75	45.32	46.71	43.21	42.94	33
44.60	48.50	49.02	54.42	59.78	65.58	64.34	68.05	73.26	75.63	78.42	85.49	93.23	93.18	84.21	89.26	98.38	109.43	114.60	113.47	116.20	114.01	114.07	34
24.91	26.38	26.18	28.39	29.26	32.20	31.19	33.97	36.18	36.88	38.69	39.90	42.23	38.71	34.71	36.40	38.28	40.69	40.98	40.12	42.11	42.31	42.13	35
19.69	22.12	22.83	26.02	30.52	33.38	33.15	34.08	37.08	38.75	39.74	45.59	51.00	54.47	49.50	52.86	60.10	68.75	73.62	73.35	74.08	71.70	71.94	36
31.04	33.71	35.61	40.10	45.00	50.10	50.71	53.18	57.06	60.29	61.68	67.98	74.67	75.48	67.97	72.51	80.97	90.02	95.10	94.39	96.61	93.27	92.70	37
13.23	13.74	14.83	16.46	16.96	19.33	20.24	21.93	23.36	25.13	25.90	26.89	28.88	26.74	23.97	25.97	27.22	28.92	29.55	29.29	30.99	30.40	29.71	38
17.81	19.97	20.79	23.65	28.04	30.77	30.46	31.24	33.70	35.15	35.79	41.09	45.79	48.74	44.00	46.53	53.75	61.10	65.55	65.10	65.62	62.87	62.98	39
13.56	14.79	13.40	14.31	14.78	15.48	13.65	14.88	16.19	15.34	16.74	17.51	18.56	17.70	16.24	16.75	17.41	19.41	19.49	19.08	19.58	20.74	21.38	40
11.68	12.63	11.36	11.93	12.30	12.87	10.95	12.04	12.82	11.74	12.79	13.02	13.35	11.97	10.74	10.43	11.06	11.76	11.42	10.83	11.12	11.90	12.42	41
1.88	2.16	2.05	2.38	2.49	2.61	2.69	2.84	3.38	3.60	3.95	4.50	5.21	5.73	5.50	6.32	6.35	7.65	8.07	8.25	8.46	8.83	8.96	42

Table 12.—Planned Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by Business,

Line		1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
1	All industries ²	96.4	102.2	102.2	106.6	97.9	102.7	99.2	95.3	95.3	96.3	96.4
2	Manufacturing.....	96.9	105.3	103.7	119.6	103.4	104.2	103.9	100.5	97.2	92.9	93.7
3	Durable goods.....	94.3	107.4	107.7	119.8	104.4	107.2	108.1	102.2	96.7	91.2	90.0
4	Primary metals ³	99.7	101.8	92.6	102.0	119.0	106.3	106.8	126.3	106.1	94.8	95.9
5	Blast furnaces, steel works.....	94.9	105.7	92.2	105.0	121.7	102.3	109.8	141.9	110.7	88.4	96.8
6	Nonferrous metals.....	116.6	91.4	93.4	95.0	117.5	121.5	103.3	96.3	99.6	109.6	91.9
7	Fabricated metals.....	93.1	99.9	108.7	107.8	98.2	115.4	101.7	112.4	115.4	116.7	109.9
8	Electrical machinery.....	95.0	91.7	111.9	123.5	97.6	99.6	100.3	99.2	94.4	87.5	91.8
9	Machinery, except electrical.....	97.8	100.7	114.4	131.7	104.7	107.6	104.2	95.0	101.3	83.8	79.9
10	Transportation equipment ³	91.7	115.7	116.9	134.2	106.4	108.2	119.9	94.5	82.9	83.0	80.2
11	Motor vehicles.....	94.2	118.4	123.0	140.4	106.6	111.4	126.3	95.4	77.1	80.8	79.9
12	Aircraft.....	77.9	103.1	100.6	116.3	106.3	97.4	98.6	92.2	102.1	91.3	80.8
13	Stone, clay, and glass.....	91.6	110.7	114.5	124.7	101.1	112.6	102.5	100.2	95.2	99.2	111.8
14	Other durables ⁴	91.4	119.1	108.7	115.8	91.2	105.0	108.8	95.3	99.8	95.6	93.3
15	Nondurable goods.....	99.2	103.2	99.9	119.5	102.4	101.1	100.0	98.9	97.7	94.7	97.9
16	Food including beverage.....	99.9	109.5	96.8	105.3	93.1	95.7	102.6	109.1	103.9	94.8	91.4
17	Textiles.....	88.3	93.4	104.0	112.7	95.5	100.1	108.6	93.5	107.9	99.6	100.9
18	Paper.....	100.1	102.3	115.8	122.2	105.7	96.2	114.0	100.5	100.4	101.8	102.5
19	Chemicals.....	106.7	96.0	103.7	124.3	111.8	98.1	101.9	100.4	99.7	88.6	94.2
20	Petroleum.....	98.3	105.6	95.9	127.1	107.8	106.6	96.2	91.9	93.2	97.2	99.3
21	Rubber.....	91.8	86.9	106.2	125.1	89.1	110.0	106.7	112.2	97.4	97.1	93.1
22	Other nondurables ⁵	97.0	110.7	94.2	98.4	85.2	97.1	85.5	99.7	91.1	87.0	111.7
23	Nonmanufacturing ²	96.1	99.9	101.1	98.5	94.5	101.7	96.0	91.9	94.0	98.8	98.5
24	Mining.....	92.2	89.8	95.6	110.6	92.5	99.7	98.6	91.8	98.1	87.1	95.1
25	Transportation.....	86.3	105.1	103.7	102.2	84.3	104.7	91.8	93.5	91.9	91.4	90.0
26	Railroad.....	78.5	103.9	104.0	114.0	77.3	93.0	86.0	94.0	86.3	96.9	89.6
27	Air.....	87.2	82.0	111.2	88.5	95.7	120.4	102.9	95.6	96.4	75.2	94.3
28	Other.....	95.3	112.8	100.9	92.7	86.2	111.1	90.8	92.3	96.9	93.1	88.1
29	Public utilities.....	100.3	99.8	96.1	103.3	106.2	108.4	108.9	97.4	101.8	98.5	95.8
30	Electric.....	100.7	98.4	96.5	103.4	102.2	100.1	103.9	95.7	101.5	98.5	97.2
31	Gas and other.....	99.3	103.0	95.2	102.9	116.0	111.7	122.1	102.1	102.5	98.6	91.9
32	Commercial and other.....	98.0	99.8	103.5	93.6	92.2	100.3	91.7	89.7	91.7	101.6	101.8
33	Addenda:											
34	Total nonfarm business ⁶	97.8	102.6	102.9	105.9	98.0	103.1	97.6	94.5	94.7	96.1	96.8
35	Manufacturing.....	96.9	105.3	103.7	119.6	103.4	104.2	103.9	100.5	97.2	92.9	93.7
36	Nonmanufacturing.....	98.2	101.1	102.4	99.9	95.6	102.6	94.7	91.7	93.5	97.8	98.6
37	Surveyed quarterly.....	96.1	99.9	101.1	98.5	94.5	101.7	96.0	91.9	94.0	98.8	98.5
37	Surveyed annually ⁷	104.6	104.4	106.2	103.2	98.3	104.9	91.6	91.3	92.1	95.0	99.0

1. Adjusted for systematic biases. Procedures for making these adjustments are described in technical note 1 of this article.

2. Surveyed quarterly.

3. Includes industries not shown separately.

4. Consists of lumber, furniture, instruments, and miscellaneous.

5. Consists of tobacco, apparel, printing-publishing, and leather.

6. "All industries" plus the part of nonmanufacturing that is surveyed annually.

7. Consists of real estate; professional services; membership organizations and social services; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services.

One Year Ahead, as a Percentage of Actual Expenditures: Annually, 1955-83 ¹

1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	Line
100.7	103.4	102.4	102.5	104.7	104.2	102.7	99.4	98.5	101.8	97.9	98.9	95.4	96.7	102.4	100.6	109.4	100.9	1
97.9	103.7	104.6	103.0	106.6	108.2	106.4	98.4	96.9	99.7	97.0	99.6	95.8	93.0	99.6	100.5	112.8	101.6	2
96.6	103.6	104.3	102.0	106.0	109.4	106.0	95.9	97.6	100.2	95.0	97.9	91.0	94.7	103.5	105.3	116.9	104.2	3
92.4	99.0	92.5	96.4	101.9	103.4	108.9	101.8	88.6	92.0	93.8	104.6	102.2	92.1	104.9	95.8	122.5	86.2	4
95.4	96.3	87.8	98.2	104.8	105.7	104.4	100.9	83.7	87.4	89.6	107.9	108.8	94.7	109.8	99.8	124.1	82.7	5
83.9	101.1	101.3	102.5	99.9	97.1	111.2	103.2	92.1	98.0	97.9	104.4	97.1	95.1	91.9	96.6	114.5	91.0	6
94.9	87.8	104.0	109.0	114.3	89.9	100.7	94.7	120.4	105.2	99.9	98.4	90.0	102.3	100.1	102.6	122.6	105.5	7
95.3	106.9	98.1	98.9	101.7	106.2	102.5	93.1	103.6	110.6	91.2	92.3	85.7	91.0	104.1	115.9	117.1	107.0	8
96.2	114.5	118.8	99.9	118.2	123.8	111.1	94.5	87.9	105.4	95.0	101.2	88.9	93.4	100.7	103.9	114.7	104.7	9
94.9	98.9	105.8	104.3	99.1	117.3	102.7	96.4	93.4	96.5	94.6	90.1	86.9	96.8	109.7	102.5	118.9	111.6	10
104.1	97.2	102.3	101.5	90.7	107.4	101.0	92.0	95.9	97.9	103.5	89.0	94.5	102.3	108.8	91.2	116.6	113.3	11
74.9	102.1	112.9	118.6	134.0	145.9	115.6	92.4	84.5	86.6	82.4	92.2	82.7	88.0	112.6	114.2	111.5	114.5	12
101.3	116.1	96.4	105.4	110.2	114.4	96.5	94.4	108.3	96.6	94.5	97.8	89.5	89.5	105.1	116.2	115.9	100.4	13
108.0	104.8	114.0	106.9	106.3	96.6	114.2	95.9	107.0	101.4	98.6	107.7	101.0	100.1	89.1	103.8	107.4	103.3	14
99.6	103.7	105.0	104.2	107.3	106.9	106.9	101.4	96.2	99.2	98.8	101.2	100.6	91.4	95.8	96.3	109.3	99.4	15
108.7	107.7	104.5	95.0	101.1	112.4	114.1	100.4	107.7	99.4	98.1	108.9	101.6	98.2	94.7	92.3	103.3	108.3	16
111.5	111.4	112.5	114.8	122.1	89.4	97.3	92.3	95.9	97.8	97.1	108.3	96.5	100.8	101.9	101.3	111.1	94.1	17
99.7	94.8	121.3	107.2	114.0	106.4	96.9	96.7	106.7	95.1	102.3	110.9	97.4	103.3	106.3	111.5	93.2	18	
95.8	108.2	105.7	106.0	108.0	108.0	101.6	94.9	88.2	92.6	96.9	99.7	100.3	85.2	92.3	94.4	118.8	98.0	19
97.2	96.9	101.6	103.5	107.4	102.9	112.1	113.2	91.8	97.2	102.9	96.6	98.1	83.9	93.9	93.7	109.7	102.7	20
92.0	112.8	93.3	106.0	104.1	97.2	95.5	95.7	99.0	119.6	95.0	95.0	108.8	110.2	127.1	119.8	110.2	94.8	21
97.9	111.8	105.5	109.1	112.0	113.4	103.0	102.4	106.2	105.8	97.0	107.3	94.9	96.8	91.2	97.3	98.2	91.8	22
102.9	103.2	100.8	102.2	103.5	101.9	100.8	99.9	99.5	103.1	98.4	98.5	95.2	99.0	104.2	100.6	107.3	100.5	23
102.8	109.7	114.6	103.5	106.2	98.1	100.1	100.6	102.4	101.4	96.3	91.1	106.6	89.2	97.9	85.9	117.2	126.5	24
91.7	100.8	98.1	109.3	119.8	113.8	105.0	94.7	103.6	113.2	85.2	88.3	102.4	99.8	111.7	104.4	110.4	99.6	25
89.6	100.9	91.6	110.6	124.8	115.9	102.9	94.9	100.2	126.1	81.8	92.6	104.4	101.5	105.9	106.0	101.7	100.9	26
92.9	104.3	104.7	107.1	95.4	128.7	98.7	97.7	105.8	102.5	102.8	95.2	106.9	92.1	116.2	104.8	104.6	98.6	27
94.3	96.1	96.9	110.1	142.0	104.5	110.9	92.8	105.9	105.7	84.1	81.8	97.7	103.7	115.7	102.1	125.4	99.2	28
95.5	92.5	93.8	98.3	99.6	98.5	102.6	106.1	107.6	102.8	107.1	103.1	101.1	97.0	95.9	99.8	96.3	99.7	29
95.4	92.2	96.0	97.3	99.9	98.2	100.3	105.4	106.1	102.1	107.2	105.1	102.3	98.4	97.1	101.4	95.1	96.2	30
95.6	93.7	86.8	101.7	98.2	100.5	114.6	110.1	115.8	106.6	106.3	93.2	95.2	90.6	91.5	94.1	101.2	116.8	31
108.6	107.8	103.7	101.9	101.3	101.5	99.5	98.3	95.5	101.6	97.8	99.5	90.3	100.9	107.1	103.3	109.5	97.5	32
102.2	104.1	102.4	103.3	103.7	103.3	101.7	99.5	97.9	101.5	99.0	98.1	95.7	96.6	102.2	99.8	108.4	100.3	33
97.9	103.7	104.6	103.0	106.6	108.2	106.4	98.4	96.9	99.7	97.0	99.6	95.8	93.0	99.6	100.5	112.8	101.6	34
104.8	104.4	101.1	103.5	102.1	101.1	99.7	100.0	98.4	102.4	99.9	97.3	95.7	98.5	103.7	99.4	106.0	99.7	35
102.9	103.2	100.8	102.2	103.5	101.9	100.8	99.9	99.5	103.1	98.4	98.5	95.2	99.0	104.2	100.6	107.3	100.5	36
111.0	108.7	102.1	108.0	97.0	98.2	95.2	100.4	93.4	99.0	106.9	91.3	98.1	95.8	100.7	92.6	99.5	95.5	37

IMPORTANT: This report is due February 15, 1985.

The collection of this information is authorized by law (15 U.S.C. 175). Your response is accorded confidential treatment and can be used only for statistical purposes (15 U.S.C. 176a). It cannot be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Your cooperation is needed to make the results comprehensive, accurate, and timely.

FORM BE-452/456
(Manufacturing and Nonmanufacturing)
(REV. 10/84)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

STRUCTURES AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES

Fourth Quarter 1984

Return To: U.S. Department of Commerce
Bureau of Economic Analysis
Business Outlook Division BE-52
Washington, D.C. 20230

ASSISTANCE: Telephone (202) 523-0874

(Please correct any error or make any changes in name and address, including ZIP code.)

NOTE: THIS IS YOUR REPORT FORM FOR THE LATEST FIGURES OF ACTUAL AND EXPECTED EXPENDITURES FOR STRUCTURES AND EQUIPMENT. Please read carefully the instructions and definition of terms on reverse side before completing this report.

QUARTERLY DOMESTIC CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Item	In thousands of dollars			
	Actual		Expected	
	Quarter ending Dec. 31, 1984	Quarter ending Mar. 31, 1985	Quarter ending June 30, 1985	Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1985
1. New structures & additions to existing structures & new equipment (machinery and other equipment).	\$, , 000	\$, , 000	\$, , 000	\$, , 000
2. Used structures and used equipment.	, , 000	, , 000	, , 000	, , 000
3. TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURES (sum of items 1 and 2).	, , 000	, , 000	, , 000	, , 000

ANNUAL DOMESTIC CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND SALES

Item	In thousands of dollars	
	Actual	Expected
	Calendar year 1984	Calendar year 1985
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES:		
4. New structures and additions to existing structures.	\$, , 000	\$, , 000
5. New equipment (machinery and other equipment).	, , 000	, , 000
6. Total new structures and new equipment (sum of items 4 and 5).	, , 000	, , 000
7. Used structures and used equipment.	, , 000	, , 000
8. TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURES (sum of items 6 and 7).	, , 000	, , 000
SALES:		
9. SALES OR OPERATING REVENUES.	, , 000	, , 000

ANNUAL DOMESTIC CAPITAL EXPENDITURES - ASSETS FOR LEASE TO OTHERS

Item	In thousands of dollars	
	Actual	Expected
	Calendar year 1984	Calendar year 1985
AS A LESSOR OF STRUCTURES AND EQUIPMENT TO OTHERS:		
10. New structures leased, or to be leased, to others (included in item 4).	\$, , 000	\$, , 000
11. New equipment leased, or to be leased, to others (included in item 5).	, , 000	, , 000
12. Total new structures and new equipment leased, or to be leased, to others (sum of items 10 and 11).	, , 000	, , 000
13. Used structures and used equipment leased, or to be leased, to others (included in item 7).	, , 000	, , 000
14. TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURES - ASSETS FOR LEASE TO OTHERS (sum of items 12 and 13).	, , 000	, , 000

ANNUAL ESTIMATED PRICE CHANGES

Item	Percent	
	Estimated	Expected
	1983 to 1984	1984 to 1985
15. Estimated average percent change in prices paid for new construction, structures, machinery, and equipment purchased by your enterprise.	%	%
16. Estimated average percent change in prices of goods and services sold by your enterprise.	%	%

REMARKS:

FOR BEA USE ONLY

Name and title of person to contact regarding this report.

Telephone number

Date

Area code

Number

Extension

The information you provide in this report is used to compile an overall measure of capital expenditures that is used to assess the current and near-term economic situation. Your response is voluntary. Questions concerning this report may be directed to the address shown above or by telephone (202) 523-0874.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

DOMESTIC (UNITED STATES) refers to the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

ENTERPRISE, for purposes of this report, refers to the consolidated domestic operations of any corporation, organization, association, branch, or venture located in the United States and its majority-owned domestic subsidiaries. Specifically excluded from the enterprise are foreign branch operations and all other foreign entities (either corporate or noncorporate) located outside the United States.

DOMESTIC CAPITAL EXPENDITURES refers to all costs—both for new facilities and for expansion or replacement of existing facilities—incurred by your enterprise that are chargeable to asset accounts and for which depreciation or amortization accounts are ordinarily maintained, **except** for the specific exclusions listed below. Reported values **should not** reflect retirements, write-downs, sales, or other dispositions of existing assets.

INCLUDE:

- Expenditures for structures and equipment (whether acquired on contract or directly by your enterprise), including items purchased abroad, for installation or use within the United States;
- Expenditures for major alterations, capitalized repairs and improvements, and expenditures for establishments under construction, but not yet in operation;
- Expenditures for structures and equipment that are, or will be, leased or rented to **others**;
- Capitalized expenditures for exploration and development of mineral properties;
- Expenditures for land development and improvements;
- Cost of construction work performed by your own employees (force-account construction work);
- Cost of capitalized improvements made to assets leased from **others** (leasehold improvements);
- Only that portion allocated to business use in cases where capital expenditures are made jointly for both business and personal use.

EXCLUDE:

- Expenditures for land, depletable assets, and mineral rights (**except** for land development and improvements, and for capitalized exploration and development of mineral properties);
- Capitalized interest for funds used during construction;
- Expenditures for structures and equipment by foreign subsidiaries and foreign branches;
- The value of structures built, and other work performed, by your enterprise on contract to others;
- Expenditures for maintenance and repairs that are not capitalized;
- The value of structures and equipment leased or rented from **others**, whether or not capitalized by your enterprise;
- Expenditures for residential structures (single- and multi-family dwellings), whether for sale or rent, **except** the estimated value of the portion of any structure devoted to commercial and business use;

- Expenditures for structures and equipment by your landlords and your lessors.

ACTUAL EXPENDITURES refers to domestic capital expenditures incurred during the time period indicated.

EXPECTED EXPENDITURES refers to domestic capital expenditures expected in each of the forthcoming time periods shown, **whether or not** commitments or orders have already been placed.

ANNUAL EXPENDITURES refers to domestic capital expenditures incurred during the previous full calendar year, and your best estimate of what domestic capital expenditures will be for the current full calendar year.

NEW STRUCTURES refers to new buildings and new construction (whether constructed on contract or by your own employees); major additions and alterations to existing structures; capitalized repairs and improvements to buildings; integral parts of buildings (such as elevators, powerplants, and heating and cooling systems); other fixed structures (such as blast furnaces, brick kilns, fractionating towers, shipways and similar types of structures); site improvements (such as roads, docks, tracks, parking areas, and utilities); and capitalized exploration and development of mineral properties.

NEW EQUIPMENT refers to new machinery and new equipment (including office equipment and computers) for factories, warehouses, mines, stores, offices, and other business enterprises; and new vehicles for both highway and off-highway use (such as automobiles, trucks, and tractors).

USED STRUCTURES AND USED EQUIPMENT refers to old or existing structures and second-hand equipment and machinery; additions to fixed-asset accounts acquired through mergers and direct purchases or acquisitions of other enterprises; and structures and equipment acquired from others on a "sale and leaseback" arrangement where your enterprise becomes a lessor.

SALES OR OPERATING REVENUES refers to total receipts from customers for merchandise sold or services rendered minus returns, allowances, and discounts and exclusive of any sales or excise taxes collected; and gross investment income and items of a similar nature that directly result from business operations. (Exclude any sales or operating revenues of foreign subsidiaries and foreign branches.)

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES—ASSETS FOR LEASE TO OTHERS

refers to all costs for structures and equipment that are, or will be, leased to others where your enterprise is, or intends to become, the lessor, including structures and equipment constructed, manufactured, fabricated, assembled, etc. by your enterprise for lease to others.

INSTRUCTIONS

CONSOLIDATED REPORTS should be filed for this enterprise, including its majority-owned U.S. subsidiaries, whenever possible. Reported data should reflect U.S. domestic operations only.

REPORTING PERIODS are for calendar quarters (years). If your records are on a fiscal-period basis, report in the calendar quarters (years) that most closely approximate your fiscal periods.

ESTIMATES are acceptable if the information requested is not available directly from your records. Please **do not** leave any item blank and **do not** use dashes; if you have not made, or do not expect to make, any domestic capital expenditures for a given period, enter a zero in the appropriate area on the form. If requested information is not available and cannot be estimated, enter "Not Avail." in the appropriate area and explain in the "Remarks" section.

MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS that occurred during the period covered by this report require special attention. (a) If your enterprise has merged or acquired another domestic enterprise during the period, include **new** domestic capital expenditures made by the merged or acquired enterprise from the date of acquisition; the costs to your enterprise of structures and equipment previously owned by the acquired enterprise at the time of the merger or acquisition should be reported as expenditures for **used** structures and equipment. Please furnish the date of acquisition or merger and the name of the acquired enterprise in the "Remarks" section. (b) If your enterprise has been merged with or acquired by another U.S. enterprise during the period

covered by this report, please furnish the merger date and the name and address of the acquiring enterprise in the "Remarks" section.

LEASED STRUCTURES AND EQUIPMENT. Domestic capital expenditures for structures and equipment that are leased to **others** should be included in the report filed by the enterprise that originally acquired the assets. Therefore, include in this report, as domestic capital expenditures, the costs of structures and equipment that are, or will be, leased to others by your enterprise.

The value of structures and equipment your enterprise leases, or expects to lease, from others should be excluded, **EVEN IF** the value of a lease is capitalized by your enterprise. (Note: For purposes of this report, leases capitalized by a lessee in accordance with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Number 13 are not considered capital expenditures by the lessee.) However, the cost of capitalized improvements your enterprise made, or expects to make, to assets leased from others (leasehold improvements) should be included.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO ENTERPRISES WITH "SALE AND LEASEBACK" ARRANGEMENTS. If your enterprise constructs (acquires), or plans to construct (acquire), a structure (equipment) under a "sale and leaseback" arrangement and retains ownership during the construction (acquisition) period, report these expenditures as **new** domestic capital expenditures. Expenditures for structures and equipment acquired from others as part of a "sale and leaseback" arrangement where your enterprise becomes a lessor should be reported as expenditures for **used** structures and equipment.

In this one convenient volume, data users can now obtain historical estimates of the foreign direct investment position in the United States and of balance of payments transactions between U.S. affiliates and their foreign parent companies. The estimates span a 30-year period—from 1950 to 1979. In addition to estimates of the foreign direct investment position, the volume contains estimates of capital inflows; equity and intercompany account inflows; reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates; income; earnings; and fees and royalties. The estimates are disaggregated by country of foreign parent and by industry of U.S. affiliate in the maximum detail possible. Order your copy of this informative reference volume today.

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CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS

The statistics here update series published in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1982, a statistical supplement to the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS. That volume (available from the Superintendent of Documents for \$8.00, stock no. 003-010-00124-1) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1979 through 1982, annually, 1961-82; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1961-82 (where available).

The sources of the series are given in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1982; they appear in the main methodological note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 135-136. Series originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Series from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS																
PERSONAL INCOME BY SOURCE †																
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:																
Total personal income.....bil. \$..	2,584.6	2,744.2	2,860.4	2,897.4	2,923.5	2,940.6	2,968.5	2,978.8	3,006.5	3,027.7	3,045.8	3,068.3	*3,081.6	*3,101.6	*3,113.6	3,130.1
Wage and salary disbursements, total.....do	1,568.7	1,659.2	1,727.9	1,747.6	1,755.1	1,764.6	1,785.3	1,789.8	1,804.3	1,812.4	1,816.9	1,829.1	1,830.9	*1,847.2	*1,864.0	1,870.3
Commodity-producing industries, total.....do	509.3	519.3	543.8	552.3	557.4	558.2	565.1	566.3	569.6	571.2	574.1	574.8	575.2	*580.8	*587.0	589.1
Manufacturing.....do	382.9	395.2	416.2	421.1	425.2	427.5	431.8	431.7	433.3	435.0	437.5	436.8	438.1	*442.5	*447.0	448.2
Distributive industries.....do	378.6	398.6	416.6	418.2	417.7	421.6	426.9	428.4	433.2	435.9	434.3	439.0	438.7	*443.5	*446.2	444.8
Service industries.....do	374.3	413.1	430.6	436.1	437.1	440.4	447.4	447.8	452.7	454.8	455.8	461.3	461.8	*466.2	*472.4	473.5
Govt. and govt. enterprises.....do	306.6	328.2	336.9	341.0	342.9	344.4	345.9	347.3	348.8	350.5	352.6	354.1	355.1	356.7	358.3	362.9
Other labor income.....do	155.5	173.1	184.3	186.3	188.1	189.9	191.7	193.5	195.3	196.7	198.1	199.5	201.0	202.5	203.9	205.1
Proprietors' income: ‡																
Farm.....do	21.8	13.8	21.4	30.1	36.5	30.9	25.4	21.4	23.5	26.5	27.4	28.0	*29.1	*28.0	*28.7	26.0
Nonfarm.....do	89.2	107.9	114.5	120.7	122.9	123.8	125.7	126.2	127.1	126.0	126.1	127.1	*129.4	*129.6	*130.3	130.8
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment.....bil. \$..	51.5	58.3	61.3	61.1	60.8	61.2	61.6	62.0	62.4	62.6	62.9	63.3	63.6	*63.9	*64.2	64.5
Dividends.....do	66.5	70.3	73.3	74.0	75.0	76.0	76.9	77.1	77.6	78.0	78.2	79.4	79.8	80.2	80.5	81.0
Personal interest income.....do	366.6	376.3	389.4	396.6	403.8	411.4	418.4	425.6	432.9	441.4	449.5	457.1	459.2	460.3	460.9	460.8
Transfer payments.....do	376.1	405.0	412.2	410.2	410.9	412.8	414.9	414.8	415.9	417.1	419.9	418.7	422.8	*425.1	*417.4	437.0
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance.....do	111.4	119.6	123.9	129.1	129.5	130.1	131.3	131.5	132.5	133.0	133.3	134.1	134.2	*135.2	136.2	145.4
Total nonfarm income.....do	2,532.1	2,701.1	2,810.1	2,838.3	2,857.9	2,880.5	2,913.8	2,928.1	2,953.5	2,971.6	2,988.5	3,010.2	*3,022.2	*3,043.1	*3,054.4	3,073.5
DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME †																
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:																
Total personal income.....bil. \$..	2,584.6	2,744.2	2,860.4	2,897.4	2,923.5	2,940.6	2,968.5	2,978.8	3,006.5	3,027.7	3,045.8	3,068.3	*3,081.6	*3,101.6	*3,113.6	3,130.1
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments.....do	404.1	404.2	411.8	415.2	419.0	420.8	425.0	429.6	436.3	438.8	440.4	443.4	445.5	*451.3	*456.6	458.4
Equals: Disposable personal income.....do	2,180.5	2,340.1	2,448.7	2,482.2	2,504.5	2,519.7	2,543.5	2,549.2	2,570.2	2,589.0	2,605.4	2,624.9	*2,636.1	*2,650.3	*2,657.0	2,671.7
Less: Personal outlays.....do	2,044.5	2,222.0	2,316.8	2,360.6	2,340.9	2,347.3	2,385.1	2,417.1	2,426.3	2,430.2	2,431.1	2,465.6	*2,460.8	*2,483.0	*2,502.1	2,516.7
Personal consumption expenditures.....do	1,984.9	2,155.9	2,245.9	2,288.8	2,267.6	2,273.2	2,310.1	2,340.1	2,347.9	2,350.5	2,350.1	2,383.7	*2,377.5	*2,398.2	*2,416.4	2,429.9
Durable goods.....do	245.1	279.8	308.2	317.6	308.8	306.4	309.7	325.4	326.9	320.2	313.2	318.2	318.1	*324.3	333.4	331.8
Nondurable goods.....do	757.5	801.7	820.5	850.6	837.6	835.6	855.3	860.0	859.7	853.5	871.6	862.6	*864.6	*870.8	870.6	870.6
Services.....do	982.2	1,074.4	1,117.1	1,120.6	1,121.2	1,131.3	1,145.1	1,154.8	1,161.2	1,171.1	1,183.4	1,193.8	*1,196.9	*1,209.3	*1,212.2	1,227.5
Interest paid by consumers to business.....do	58.5	65.1	69.8	70.6	72.2	73.0	74.0	75.9	77.3	78.6	79.9	80.9	82.1	83.5	84.6	85.6
Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net).....do	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Equals: personal saving.....do	136.0	118.1	131.9	121.6	163.6	172.4	158.4	132.1	143.9	158.7	174.3	159.2	*175.3	*167.3	*154.9	155.0
Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income %.....do	6.2	5.0	5.2	5.6	6.1	6.5	6.1	5.7	5.6	6.1	6.3	6.5	*6.3	6.3	6.0	.....
Disposable personal income in constant (1972) dollars.....bil. \$..	1,058.3	1,095.4	1,131.3	1,141.8	1,149.2	1,151.8	1,160.4	1,163.1	1,172.4	1,174.3	1,174.7	1,180.7	*1,182.6	*1,187.7	1,192.8	.....
Personal consumption expenditures in constant (1972) dollars.....do	963.3	1,009.2	1,037.6	1,052.8	1,040.4	1,039.1	1,053.9	1,067.7	1,071.0	1,066.1	1,059.5	1,072.2	*1,066.6	*1,074.8	1,084.8	.....
Durable goods.....do	140.5	157.5	171.8	177.5	172.3	171.2	172.9	180.9	182.0	178.4	174.8	177.8	178.3	*181.7	187.1	.....
Nondurable goods.....do	363.1	376.3	381.4	391.3	386.0	383.8	393.7	397.3	399.0	396.1	391.1	399.1	392.4	*394.4	398.1	.....
Services.....do	459.8	475.4	484.5	484.0	482.1	484.2	487.2	489.4	490.0	491.5	493.6	495.3	*495.9	*498.7	499.5	.....
Implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures.....index, 1972=100..	206.0	213.6	216.5	217.4	217.9	218.8	219.2	219.2	219.2	220.5	221.8	222.3	222.9	*223.1	222.7	.....
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION																
Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output																
Not Seasonally Adjusted																
Total index.....1967=100..	138.6	147.6	151.5	154.3	160.2	161.5	161.2	161.8	167.5	162.6	168.0	170.1	*168.0	*164.7	*160.9	*162.2
By industry groupings:																
Mining and utilities.....do	146.3	142.9	152.6	158.4	152.7	149.1	145.6	145.5	152.5	156.8	158.8	155.1	*146.2	*149.3	*153.0	*160.3
Manufacturing.....do	137.6	148.2	150.9	153.9	161.2	163.2	163.3	164.0	169.5	163.5	169.0	172.0	*170.6	*166.4	*161.8	*162.6
Nondurable manufactures.....do	156.2	168.1	164.5	166.8	175.4	177.1	177.6	178.7	185.9	179.7	186.9	189.1	*185.7	*179.5	*171.2	*172.1
Durable manufactures.....do	124.7	134.5	141.4	145.0	151.3	153.6	153.4	153.8	158.2	152.3	156.6	160.1	*160.1	*157.3	*155.4	*156.1
Seasonally Adjusted																
Total index.....do	138.6	147.6	156.2	158.5	160.0	160.8	162.1	162.8	164.4	165.9	166.0	165.0	*164.4	*165.0	*165.9	*166.6
By market groupings:																
Products, total.....do	141.8	149.2	157.4	159.7	160.4	161.1	162.5	163.3	165.3	167.4	167.2	166.4	*166.9	*167.8	*169.2	*170.1
Final products.....do	141.5	147.1	155.2	157.5	158.0	158.6	160.2	161.1	163.1	165.2	165.1	164.6	*165.2	*166.4	*167.7	*168.8
Consumer goods.....do	142.6	151.7	157.7	159.5	159.4	160.2	161.4	161.7	163.0	163.8	162.5	161.6	*161.6	*162.9	*163.6	*164.7

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983		1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	

FINANCE—Continued

MONETARY STATISTICS																
Currency in circulation (end of period).....bil. \$..	156.2	'171.9	171.9				168.7			175.1			175.3			
Money stock measures and components (averages of daily figures): †																
Measures (not seasonally adjusted): ‡																
M1.....bil. \$..	458.5	509.1	537.9	'536.8	'523.9	'530.4	'545.6	'537.3	'547.9	'549.9	'545.0	'548.6	'548.3	'556.1	'570.7	568.7
M2.....do	1,878.8	2,116.0	2,198.1	'2,206.7	'2,208.9	'2,228.5	'2,252.2	'2,251.3	'2,272.3	'2,285.7	'2,287.6	'2,298.7	'2,316.1	'2,344.0	'2,376.7	2,405.4
M3.....do	2,360.6	2,599.0	2,716.5	'2,723.2	'2,734.6	'2,766.4	'2,798.9	'2,812.8	'2,840.5	'2,863.8	'2,875.1	'2,891.4	'2,921.1	'2,960.6	'3,003.3	3,031.6
L (M3 plus other liquid assets).....do	2,753.3	3,042.3	3,187.1	'3,204.9	'3,226.0	'3,275.2	'3,306.8	'3,323.8	'3,370.2	'3,406.0	'3,426.5	'3,450.6				
Components (not seasonally adjusted):																
Currency.....do	129.4	141.9	150.5	148.4	148.3	'149.9	'151.6	152.9	154.9	156.3	156.5	156.5	156.7	'158.7	160.9	158.4
Demand deposits.....do	234.4	241.8	251.6	'250.0	'238.6	'240.1	'248.6	'242.1	'247.8	'248.4	'243.8	'246.1	'245.8	'248.9	'257.4	254.9
Other checkable deposits ‡.....do	90.4	120.8	131.3	'133.8	'132.4	'135.7	'140.6	'137.4	'139.8	'139.4	'138.9	'140.5	'140.8	'143.6	'147.5	150.5
Overnight RP's and Eurodollar deposits.....do	41.5	52.9	56.2	'56.1	'57.3	'56.6	'56.3	'58.3	'55.9	'56.4	'58.5	56.8	56.8	'58.1	'57.5	62.7
General purpose and broker/dealer money market funds.....do	172.0	145.3	138.2	137.8	142.1	144.8	145.9	146.5	148.9	150.5	150.6	152.0	155.7	162.2	168.1	172.8
Money market deposit accounts *.....do		340.5	376.0	'384.0	'390.0	'396.9	'401.0	'399.4	'397.8	'394.2	'388.9	'388.7	'392.1	'402.5	'415.1	433.9
Savings deposits.....do	350.5	321.2	308.5	'303.5	'301.1	'303.0	'304.5	'304.0	'304.4	'302.5	'295.6	'292.5	'291.5	'288.5	'285.9	286.7
Small time deposits @.....do	858.9	754.5	788.6	'795.8	'801.6	'803.9	'806.1	'812.9	'824.4	'839.3	'855.8	'867.3	'878.8	'883.9	'886.4	888.3
Large time deposits @.....do	324.1	307.0	329.2	'337.0	'343.4	'349.9	'354.7	'367.7	'378.2	'388.0	'395.1	'398.0	'407.7	'411.8	'417.5	417.4
Measures (seasonally adjusted): ‡																
M1.....do			525.4	'531.4	'534.2	'537.3	'539.2	'542.5	'547.3	'546.9	'548.9	'551.5	'548.4	'553.9	'558.7	563.1
M2.....do			2,196.3	'2,202.2	'2,216.9	'2,229.1	'2,241.1	'2,255.2	'2,269.3	'2,280.2	'2,292.8	'2,303.3	'2,318.7	'2,345.9	'2,371.7	2,400.1
M3.....do			2,710.4	'2,719.3	'2,741.7	'2,765.4	'2,788.0	'2,815.2	'2,839.0	'2,862.2	'2,879.1	'2,901.5	'2,925.5	'2,960.1	'2,996.1	3,027.9
L (M3 plus other liquid assets).....do			3,183.1	'3,196.6	'3,227.8	'3,269.2	'3,295.8	'3,329.3	'3,370.6	'3,406.1	'3,433.7	'3,463.1				
Components (seasonally adjusted):																
Currency.....do			148.0	'149.4	150.2	'151.2	'152.1	'152.8	'154.3	155.0	'155.9	'156.8	'157.1	'157.9	'158.7	159.4
Demand deposits.....do			243.7	'244.3	'245.2	'245.5	'245.9	'246.3	'248.9	'247.3	'246.8	'247.5	'244.5	'244.8	'246.8	249.1
Other checkable deposits *.....do			128.9	'132.7	'133.8	'135.6	'136.1	'138.3	'139.0	'139.4	'141.0	'142.2	'141.9	'144.1	'146.2	149.3
Savings deposits.....do			312.9	'305.1	'303.8	'302.9	'301.9	'301.5	'300.8	'299.1	'296.4	'294.5	'292.4	'290.4	'288.2	288.4
Small time deposits @.....do			793.1	'790.3	'796.2	'802.3	'811.2	'822.6	'834.0	'843.7	'855.0	'864.4	'872.1	'877.9	'885.1	881.9
Large time deposits @.....do			325.4	'336.1	'343.0	'349.7	'357.7	'369.8	'379.5	'389.3	'392.6	'396.2	'405.7	'411.3	'416.7	417.1
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.)																
Manufacturing corps. (Bureau of the Census):																
Net profit after taxes, all industries.....mil. \$..	71,028	85,834	25,009			26,463			30,992			25,695				
Food and kindred products.....do	8,383	9,436	3,001			2,368			2,539			2,342				
Textile mill products.....do	851	1,599	396			413			508			349				
Paper and allied products.....do	1,460	2,327	655			629			942			951				
Chemicals and allied products.....do	10,324	11,644	2,691			3,706			3,976			3,563				
Petroleum and coal products.....do	19,666	19,297	5,638			4,476			4,882			3,495				
Stone, clay, and glass products.....do	408	1,002	382			162			612			608				
Primary nonferrous metal.....do	-333	-288	-171			219			305			105				
Primary iron and steel.....do	-3,705	-3,746	-1,801			214			374			-110				
Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment).....mil. \$..	2,320	2,693	853			966			1,359			1,200				
Machinery (except electrical).....do	8,038	7,680	2,769			2,159			3,338			3,309				
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies.....do	6,449	6,367	2,181			2,228			1,875			2,036				
Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.).....mil. \$..	2,566	3,011	775			960			1,220			832				
Motor vehicles and equipment.....do	734	7,168	2,498			3,318			3,446			1,463				
All other manufacturing industries.....do	13,867	17,644	5,142			4,645			5,616			5,552				
Dividends paid (cash), all industries.....do	41,259	41,624	10,965			11,169			11,211			10,568				
SECURITIES ISSUED @@																
Securities and Exchange Commission:																
Estimated gross proceeds, total.....mil. \$..	73,428	101,837	6,215	8,026	10,388	5,915	5,393	5,377	4,603	6,427	7,276	6,847	'10,140	6,521		
By type of security:																
Bonds and notes, corporate.....do	44,004	47,905	2,443	5,067	7,694	3,601	3,472	1,672	2,820	5,128	5,236	4,220	'7,321	3,980		
Common stock.....do	23,202	44,857	3,234	2,456	2,080	1,764	1,582	1,600	1,608	1,109	1,707	2,221	1,466	1,887		
Preferred stock.....do	4,950	7,508	288	305	515	302	339	604	174	189	333	155	555	654		
By type of issuer:																
Corporate, total #.....mil. \$..	72,155	100,270	5,965	7,828	10,289	5,667	5,393	3,877	4,603	6,427	7,276	6,597	'9,342	6,521		
Manufacturing.....do	13,237	22,675	1,267	615	764	409	1,195	924	167	882	2,395	748	3,577	505		
Extractive (mining).....do	6,923	8,580	360	823	132	384	1,005	567	117	573	316	320	348	701		
Public utility.....do	16,408	12,092	433	467	429	533	582	115	485	785	144	1,024	1,138	758		
Transportation.....do	2,091	4,161	508	64	89	279	120	84	175	68	183	288	151	66		
Communication.....do	3,894	5,508	12	239	20	217	94	16	161	97	122	9	308	400		
Financial and real estate.....do	23,094	34,644	2,682	4,380	7,750	3,373	1,827	1,526	2,904	3,347	3,005	3,480	'2,685	3,448		
State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer):																
Long-term.....do	77,179	83,348	9,137	4,931	4,532	5,069	5,134	6,624	6,861	6,280	9,803	8,455	12,054	11,960	11,634	4,964
Short-term.....do	43,390	35,849	1,977	2,492	2,253	3,393	6,158	2,323	3,775	2,589	2,507	2,022	1,991	342	695	620
SECURITY MARKETS																
Stock Market Customer Financing																
Margin credit at brokers, end of year or month.....mil. \$..	13,325	23,000	23,000	23,132	22,557	22,668	22,830	22,360	23,450	22,980	22,810	22,800	22,330	22,350	22,470	
Free credit balances at brokers:																
Margin accounts.....do	5,735	6,620	6,620	6,510	6,420	6,520	6,450	6,685	6,430	6,430	6,855	6,690	6,580	'6,700	7,015	
Cash accounts.....do	8,390	8,430	8,430	8,230	8,420	8,265	7,910	8,115	8,305	8,125	8,185	8,315	8,650	8,420	10,215	
Bonds																
Prices:																
Standard & Poor's Corporation:																
High grade corporate:																
Composite \$.....dol. per \$100 bond	35.8	41.2	38.6	(²)												
Domestic municipal (15 bonds).....do	41.8	51.4	49.1	51.8	50.5	49.0	48.6	45.9	45.2	46.1	48.4	47.7	46.9	47.2	48.0	50.9
Sales:																
New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, total.....mil. \$..	7,155.44	7,572.32	601.30	566.58	550.96	579.24	552.79	644.69	561.99	534.20	593.47	495.72	651.67	625.38	625.60	813.58

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

Indexes																
Exports (U.S. mdse., excl. military grant-aid):																
Unit value.....1977=100	152.5	154.1	155.8	157.4	158.1	157.0	157.9	158.3	158.7	157.1	156.0	156.3	156.5	154.8	154.7	
Quantity.....do	115.1	107.8	111.7	107.8	106.8	123.8	111.7	117.4	114.9	115.8	109.9	111.3	117.6	115.9	122.5	
Value.....do	175.6	166.2	174.0	169.8	168.8	194.3	176.4	185.8	182.4	182.0	171.5	174.0	184.1	179.5	189.5	
General imports:																
Unit value.....do	167.5	160.6	162.7	162.6	161.5	163.7	164.1	164.6	164.4	164.1	164.5	164.6	164.8	163.7	163.0	
Quantity.....do	99.9	110.3	109.7	134.2	128.1	139.5	141.3	133.1	130.1	158.4	135.3	139.3	137.6	137.3	122.4	
Value.....do	167.4	177.1	178.5	218.2	206.8	228.4	231.9	219.1	213.8	259.9	222.7	229.4	226.7	224.8	199.6	
Shipping Weight and Value																
Waterborne trade:																
Exports (incl. reexports):																
Shipping weight.....thous. sh. tons.	400,896	361,404	31,864	29,192	25,576	31,768	30,206	33,256	30,864	32,127	31,630	34,130				
Value.....mil. \$.	115,885	100,651	8,891	8,618	7,797	9,289	8,247	8,798	8,263	8,497	8,099	8,216				
General imports:																
Shipping weight.....thous. sh. tons.	376,232	366,426	28,263	33,174	33,028	35,104	37,682	31,961	32,538	39,016	35,268	34,778				
Value.....mil. \$.	155,513	155,311	12,567	15,797	14,263	16,416	16,586	15,729	14,971	19,183	16,477	16,362				

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION

TRANSPORTATION																
Air Carriers (Scheduled Service)																
Certificated route carriers:																
Passenger-miles (revenue).....bil.	259.64	² 281.15	22.51	21.49	20.14	24.74	24.04	24.97	27.54	27.93	29.96					
Passenger-load factor.....percent.	59.0	60.7	56.9	53.7	53.8	60.0	59.4	59.8	64.4	61.9	65.4					
Ton-miles (revenue), total.....mil.	32,850	² 35,680	2,965	2,732	2,619	3,196	3,066	3,163	3,412	3,472	3,693					
Operating revenues (quarterly) # \$.....mil. \$.	36,066	² 38,596	9,931			9,978			11,033							
Passenger revenues.....do	30,371	² 32,731	8,327			8,445			9,431							
Cargo revenues.....do	2,319	2,579	741			586			676							
Mail revenues.....do	706	668	192			171			169							
Operating expenses (quarterly) \$.....do	36,804	² 38,234	9,643			9,855			10,274							
Net income after taxes (quarterly) \$.....do	-911	-289	39			-110			392							
Domestic operations:																
Passenger-miles (revenue).....bil.	210.15	² 222.57	18.42	17.42	16.74	20.53	19.48	19.80	21.60	21.63	23.27	⁵ 14.42	⁵ 15.55	⁵ 14.65	⁵ 15.50	
Cargo ton-miles.....mil.	3,039	² 3,383	297	262	271	320	290	305	299	292	310					
Mail ton-miles.....do	1,004	1,064	129	90	90	101	92	94	91	85	98					
Operating revenues (quarterly) \$.....mil. \$.	28,728	² 31,008	8,104			8,297			8,976							
Operating expenses (quarterly) \$.....do	² 29,478	² 31,184	7,885			8,204			8,320							
Net income after taxes (quarterly) \$.....do	-701	-639	14			-105			300							
International operations:																
Passenger-miles (revenue).....bil.	49.43	54.84	4.09	4.07	3.40	4.22	4.56	5.17	5.94	6.30	6.69					
Cargo ton-miles.....mil.	2,430	² 2,704	234	196	212	264	243	232	233	268	260					
Mail ton-miles.....do	399	415	54	34	32	37	36	35	35	35	35					
Operating revenues (quarterly) \$.....mil. \$.	6,435	7,172	1,721			1,574			1,981							
Operating expenses (quarterly) \$.....do	6,452	6,697	1,668			1,559			1,886							
Net income after taxes (quarterly) \$.....do	-193	313	15			-22			-83							
Urban Transit Systems																
Passengers carried, total.....mil.	7,714	7,859	658	647	661	727	664	692	656	614	670	636	731	679	653	
Motor Carriers																
Carriers of property, large, class I, qtrly.:																
Number of reporting carriers.....do	100	100	100			100			100							
Operating revenues, total.....mil. \$.	² 15,404	16,382	4,489			4,112			4,487							
Net income, after extraordinary and prior period charges and credits.....mil. \$.	81	353	87			42			123							
Tonnage hauled (revenue), common and contract carrier service.....mil. tons.	² 82	164	44			41			41							
Freight carried—volume indexes, class I and II intercity truck tonnage (ATA):																
Common carriers of general freight, seas. adj. ....1967=100	128.9	135.9	142.4	144.8	139.6	142.3	146.8	144.0	143.0	145.6	147.6	141.5	143.9	¹ 147.4	¹ 143.3	
Class I Railroads †																
Financial operations, qtrly. (AAR), excl. Amtrak:																
Operating revenues, total #.....mil. \$.	27,093	26,726	6,987			7,389			7,545			7,389				
Freight.....do	25,615	25,829	6,703			7,214			7,289			7,167				
Passenger, excl. Amtrak.....do	373	107	27			26			25			25				
Operating expenses.....do	27,094	26,726	6,396			6,619			6,471			6,352				
Net railway operating income.....do	805	1,296	335			564			1,074			1,064				
Ordinary income.....do	1,192	1,217	430			592			809			769				
Traffic:																
Revenue ton-miles, qtrly. (AAR).....bil.	797.8	828.3	215.3			231.1			235.0			234.0			215.9	⁴ 61.6
Price index for railroad freight ....1969=100	351.4	355.8	357.2	370.7	370.7	371.0	371.1	371.1	371.1	372.4	372.4	372.5	374.4	374.4	374.8	374.8
Travel																
Lodging industry:																
Restaurant sales index...same month 1967=100	⁶ 196	⁶ 202	204	168	198	227	202	240	235	219	203	215	222			
Hotels: Average room sale \$.....dollars.	61.71	64.51	64.01	69.13	69.69	70.64	69.87	68.82	66.83	65.30	67.48	67.73	73.75			
Rooms occupied.....% of total.	63	64	50	58	66	70	68	70	70	66	68	68	74			
Motor hotels: Average room sale \$.....dollars.	41.16	42.30	40.52	43.27	44.74	46.42	46.53	44.85	46.35	46.74	47.44	45.81	46.66			
Rooms occupied.....% of total.	64	66	50	56	67	70	68	69	71	73	73	66	68			
Economy hotels: Average room sale \$.....dollars.	24.96	28.69	32.47	28.55	27.74	29.03	30.48	28.83	32.02	32.10	30.23	29.96	30.16			
Rooms occupied *.....% of total.	64	65	51	55	59	67	64	65	72	72	79	67	70			
Foreign travel:																
U.S. citizens: Arrivals (quarterly).....thous.	² 9,388	12,010	2,733			2,983			3,571	¹ 1,569	¹ 1,699					
Departures (quarterly).....do	² 10,275	12,258	2,765			2,864			3,786	¹ 1,545	¹ 1,389					
Aliens: Arrivals (quarterly).....do	² 10,909	8,831	1,883			1,810			2,256	¹ 1,032	¹ 1,001					
Departures (quarterly).....do	² 9,047	7,467	1,710			1,579			1,824	¹ 753	¹ 945					
Passports issued.....do	3,664	4,152	255	272	372	471	507	603	528	442	394	275	298	269	265	² 400
National parks, recreation visits #.....do	48,901	49,328	1,115	1,225	1,439	1,776	2,633	3,783	6,642	9,380	9,049	5,871	3,938	¹ 1,936	1,348	

See footnotes at end of tables.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1982 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1982

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Continued

COMMUNICATION																
Telephone carriers:																
Operating revenues #	mil. \$	73,748	78,092	6,660												
Station revenues	do	31,654	33,090	2,757												
Tolls, message	do	28,068	28,031	2,369												
Operating expenses (excluding taxes)	do	51,269	53,095	5,647												
Net operating income (after taxes)	do	11,951	12,797	488												
Phones in service, end of period	mil.	157.8	134.4	134.4												
Telegraph carriers, domestic and overseas: @																
Operating revenues	mil. \$	1,417.0	1,482.7	126.6	112.6	112.0	118.2	113.3	118.4	107.6						
Operating expenses	do	1,173.9	1,259.4	113.8	93.1	94.5	98.8	94.5	100.6	100.2						
Net operating revenues (before taxes)	do	170.5	142.2	2.5	12.6	10.9	12.1	11.8	9.0	1.6						

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

CHEMICALS																
Inorganic Chemicals																
Production:																
Aluminum sulfate, commercial (17% Al ₂ O ₃) ‡	thous. sh. tons	1,154	1,144	100	98	90	98	84	106	91	95	97	81	85	78	
Chlorine gas (100% Cl ₂) ‡	do	9,176	9,960	803	849	866	922	964	947	941	892	878	904	832	863	
Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl) ‡	do	2,460	2,608	207	257	245	254	277	229	240	236	242	237	213	212	
Phosphorus, elemental	do	361	366	30	31	30	33	29	35	35	32	27	32	31	33	
Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH) ‡	do	9,385	10,230	813	882	905	947	1,010	980	981	931	919	940	901	898	
Sodium silicate, anhydrous ‡	do	664	732	58	59	85	80	55	65	65	50	61	57	62	59	
Sodium sulfate, anhydrous ‡	do	864	855	66	66	72	74	75	76	80	70	72	75	70	76	
Sodium tripolyphosphate (100% Na ₃ P ₃ O ₁₀) ‡	do	651	669	55	53	57	61	55	58	54	48	60	52	65	58	
Titanium dioxide (composite and pure) ‡	do	657	757	67	60	65	71	66	65	74	66	62	72	63	73	
Sulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered:																
Production	thous. met. tons	8,614	8,156	761	741	729	785	776	766	758	777	779	787	817	828	
Stocks (producers') end of period	do	4,202	3,218	3,218	3,172	3,141	3,139	3,115	3,026	2,898	2,782	2,605	2,525	2,521	2,515	
Inorganic Fertilizer Materials																
Production:																
Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous ‡	thous. sh. tons	15,776	13,683	1,245	1,279	1,326	1,443	1,439	1,405	1,247	1,169	1,306	1,288	1,370	1,436	
Ammonium nitrate, original solution ‡	do	7,091	6,618	597	592	597	631	618	611	565	562	508	551	590	578	
Ammonium sulfate ‡	do	1,769	1,968	160	163	176	180	165	182	169	153	164	177	189	177	
Nitric acid (100% HNO ₃) ‡	do	7,390	7,373	649	638	688	718	680	728	689	660	600	649	654	660	
Nitrogen solutions (100% N) ‡	do	2,728	2,403	213	217	237	266	244	417	275	308	277	277	315	311	
Phosphoric acid (100% P ₂ O ₅) ‡	do	8,262	9,950	952	856	856	963	914	912	876	869	954	958	996	983	
Sulfuric acid (100% H ₂ SO ₄) ‡	do	33,233	36,583	3,564	3,154	3,200	3,485	3,398	3,339	3,264	3,250	3,416	3,284	3,433	3,212	
Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers (gross weight):																
Production	thous. sh. tons	13,139	15,774	1,463	1,388	1,455	1,531	1,422	1,425	1,326	1,428	1,506	1,488	1,513	1,462	
Stocks, end of period ‡	do	892	844	844	867	964	985	947	845	953	812	821	840	914	1,187	
Potash, sales (K ₂ O)	do	5,186	6,271	457	566	510	414	538	656	365	297	836	624	426	374	598
Exports, total #	do	20,337	22,832	1,651	2,344	1,553	2,096	2,017	2,296	2,306	2,342	2,425	2,118	1,789	1,859	1,557
Nitrogenous materials	do	2,645	1,982	137	186	45	150	388	157	236	239	163	180	120	235	220
Phosphate materials	do	11,997	14,837	1,051	1,432	899	1,398	1,091	1,275	1,305	1,115	1,375	1,183	1,062	869	676
Potash materials	do	1,218	804	78	92	79	71	54	68	161	85	129	60	69	73	102
Imports:																
Ammonium nitrate	do	262	347	26	34	53	66	57	87	21	19	48	62	32	22	31
Ammonium sulfate	do	319	285	40	60	19	41	84	25	10	17	36	26	13	18	15
Potassium chloride	do	7,154	7,875	742	706	790	955	897	798	381	409	966	876	745	424	692
Sodium nitrate	do	131	97	4	21	24		12	9	15	13	11	(*)	14	(*)	4
Industrial Gases ‡																
Production:																
Acetylene	mil. cu. ft.	3,824	3,737	352	337	394	482	402	460	441	449	371	377	347	401	
Hydrogen (high and low purity)	do	88,131	100,253	9,314	9,440	8,909	9,084	9,067	10,861	9,423	9,102	8,698	8,300	8,383	7,862	
Nitrogen (high and low purity)	do	482,726	559,863	49,765	49,378	47,450	51,455	48,301	50,442	48,799	49,032	49,208	49,418	52,791	52,718	
Oxygen (high and low purity)	do	348,814	342,723	27,792	31,002	31,698	34,617	36,628	32,251	31,492	31,459	30,003	28,320	30,196	29,009	
Organic Chemicals §																
Production:																
Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin)	mil. lb.	23.4	30.7	2.2	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.8	2.8	1.9	3.3	2.8	1.7	
Creosote oil	mil. gal.	36.3	39.5	7.7	6.0	7.2	7.3	6.8	7.8		6.2	6.1	8.5	7.2	7.2	
Ethyl acetate (85%)	mil. lb.	235.4	213.0	16.3	15.6	16.3	14.6	14.7	15.1	14.9	16.1	14.9	16.1	16.8	14.4	
Formaldehyde (37% HCHO)	do	4,816.5	5,464.9	462.6	422.1	469.0	500.0	518.7	506.1	472.6	470.0	460.4	510.0	491.6	444.0	
Glycerin, refined, all grades	do	229.5	265.4	20.9	26.2	25.4	27.0	26.2	20.6	25.0	24.9	24.2	24.1	26.7	30.2	22.2
Methanol, synthetic	mil. gal.	1,137.7	1,202.1	60.3	86.6	119.1	104.5	103.5	105.6	118.2	105.1	94.5	101.3	95.3	95.5	
Phthalic anhydride	mil. lb.	684.4	838.3	70.1	73.3	70.1	77.5	66.7	82.4	79.6	60.4	77.6	82.6	65.3	57.1	
ALCOHOL																
Ethyl alcohol and spirits:																
Production	mil. tax gal.	601.1	677.5	48.0	49.3	45.9	54.1	58.2	50.9	49.7	48.4	48.3	51.8			
Stocks, end of period	do	95.0	78.6	78.6	73.5	57.0	82.0	82.7	97.5	85.3	80.5	72.3	74.2			
Denatured alcohol:																
Production	mil. wine gal.	284.9	353.3	23.4	29.5	34.2	31.8	28.2	36.5	34.9	31.4	29.4	28.2			
Consumption (withdrawals)	do	277.9	355.9	26.2	29.7	29.0	32.9	30.9	37.7	37.4	27.1	26.9	29.8			
For fuel use *	do	41.9	56.0	2.3	7.2	3.8	4.2	9.0	13.8	11.2	3.8	5.0	4.5			
Stocks, end of period	do	6.6	6.5	6.5	11.3	18.2	15.6	15.1	18.5	11.5	15.1	12.5	10.9			

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS—Continued

PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS																
Production:																
Phenolic resins.....mil. lb.	¹ 1,397.7	¹ 1,459.6	137.4	123.2	128.5	132.7	132.4	123.9	124.8	109.3	118.3	120.0	¹ 130.5	117.8		
Polyethylene and copolymers.....do	¹ 12,548.0	¹ 14,045.3	1,088.6	1,194.2	1,194.1	1,321.5	1,240.3	1,308.2	1,224.2	1,217.3	1,164.1	1,230.6	¹ 1,233.1	1,231.2		
Polypropylene.....do	¹ 3,515.0	¹ 4,456.9	366.2	388.1	413.4	439.4	378.0	395.8	407.8	361.4	501.6	500.5	454.7	397.6		
Polystyrene and copolymers.....do	¹ 5,608.6	¹ 6,254.0	445.6	473.9	498.4	530.2	522.8	527.0	509.1	474.9	487.0	520.2	501.3	458.3		
Polyvinyl chloride and copolymers.....do	¹ 5,397.2	¹ 6,256.1	354.9	498.8	576.8	663.4	636.1	560.4	525.6	457.1	554.6	544.6	¹ 586.0	596.9		
MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS																
Explosives (industrial), shipments, quarterly mil. lb.	2,514.9	2,229.3	614.6			668.8			622.3			669.7			619.0	
Paints, varnish, and lacquer, shipments: ◇																
Total shipments.....mil. \$	7,047.4	7,843.8	510.2	628.7	676.7	764.2	758.2	843.4	844.0	789.4	838.1	672.5	¹ 695.7	577.4		
Architectural coatings.....do	3,093.3	3,321.3	176.9	222.5	256.3	308.7	311.1	359.8	365.6	333.8	347.1	234.6	¹ 229.9	174.0		
Product coatings (OEM).....do	2,492.9	2,907.4	218.0	278.5	277.1	307.9	290.5	305.1	298.9	284.8	304.8	287.3	¹ 311.6	272.1		
Special purpose coatings.....do	1,461.2	1,615.1	115.3	127.7	143.3	147.6	156.6	178.5	179.6	170.8	186.2	150.6	¹ 154.2	131.3		

ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

ELECTRIC POWER																
Production:																
Electric utilities, total.....mil. kw.-hr.	2,241,211	2,310,285	212,319	216,450	189,498	199,359	180,934	191,945	209,425	220,724	229,119	194,864	190,405			
By fuels.....do	1,931,998	1,978,154	180,628	186,710	161,597	168,935	150,984	160,131	180,690	193,225	203,983	173,954	169,520			
By waterpower.....do	309,213	332,130	31,691	29,738	27,901	30,425	29,948	31,814	28,735	27,499	25,137	20,909	20,886			
Sales to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute) ‡.....mil. kw.-hr.																
Commercial \$.....do	² 516,959	² 546,252	¹ 133,685			136,370			137,458			162,258				
Industrial \$.....do	² 770,398	² 780,020	² 202,605			205,977			211,560			216,833				
Railways and railroads.....do	4,288	⁴ 4,296	³ 942			1,012			959			875				
Residential or domestic.....do	² 732,678	² 750,850	¹ 175,253			214,948			171,620			212,708				
Street and highway lighting.....do	¹ 14,236	¹ 14,052	³ 6,679			3,689			3,284			3,277				
Other public authorities.....do	55,745	⁵ 56,720	¹ 14,810			14,648			15,745			16,785				
Interdepartmental.....do	5,438	⁵ 5,407	¹ 1,217			1,269			1,586			2,118				
Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) ‡.....mil. \$																
	¹ 121,584	¹ 129,558	³ 31,966			34,253			33,200			40,309				
GAS †																
Total utility gas, quarterly (American Gas Association):																
Customers, end of period, total.....thous.	⁴ 48,517	⁴ 48,948	⁴ 48,948			49,614			49,348			48,958				
Residential.....do	⁴ 44,650	⁴ 45,035	⁴ 45,035			45,615			45,378			45,044				
Commercial.....do	3,636	³ 3,685	³ 3,685			3,771			3,742			3,686				
Industrial.....do	185	¹ 181	¹ 181			182			182			182				
Other.....do	46	⁴ 47	⁴ 47			46			47			47				
Sales to customers, total.....tril. Btu.																
Residential.....do	¹ 14,183	¹ 12,859	³ 3,362			4,791			2,846			2,181				
Commercial.....do	4,770	⁴ 4,450	¹ 1,215			2,207			892			380				
Industrial.....do	2,471	² 2,298	⁷ 622			1,054			463			273				
Other.....do	⁶ 6,794	⁵ 5,970	¹ 1,489			1,474			1,463			1,508				
Revenue from sales to customers, total.....mil. \$	⁶ 63,200	⁶ 65,837	¹ 17,290			24,893			14,413			10,837				
Residential.....do	² 23,700	² 26,173	⁷ 7,173			12,434			5,397			2,651				
Commercial.....do	11,666	¹ 12,659	³ 3,429			5,740			2,565			1,538				
Industrial.....do	² 27,200	² 26,315	⁶ 6,506			6,443			6,316			6,558				
Other.....do	⁶ 634	⁶ 690	¹ 182			276			134			89				

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES																
Beer:																
Production.....mil. bbl.	194.35	195.12	12.46	14.15	14.75	17.72	16.65	18.59	18.47	18.64	17.59	14.58	15.14	13.06		
Taxable withdrawals.....do	176.57	¹ 177.50	11.98	12.42	12.63	15.32	14.88	16.67	17.23	16.90	16.97	13.66	14.29	12.40		
Stocks, end of period.....do	13.22	13.26	13.26	13.70	14.17	15.24	15.55	15.87	15.67	14.86	14.44	13.69	13.74	12.85		
Distilled spirits (total):																
Production.....mil. tax gal.	138.08	119.40	8.55	10.36	11.99	13.31	13.32	11.76	6.81	4.82	7.75	10.44				
Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes.....mil. wine gal.	² 437.66	² 431.06	50.45	30.54	30.72	34.28	32.74	34.17	36.42	31.24	33.05	32.55				
Stocks, end of period.....mil. tax gal.	604.67	551.47	551.47	576.46	577.43	548.92	561.07	575.44	578.07	568.78	563.93	561.68				
Imports.....mil. proof gal.	106.03	¹ 116.35	11.77	7.20	9.46	7.58	11.12	11.89	9.41	10.03	8.62	9.00	10.20	13.20	10.15	
Whisky:																
Production.....mil. tax gal.	91.25	72.45	5.38	6.21	8.82	9.91	9.72	8.30	4.15	3.03	4.90	5.77				
Stocks, end of period.....do	533.39	480.38	480.38	505.69	507.06	480.01	507.60	502.14	503.20	498.16	493.66	490.18				
Imports.....mil. proof gal.	76.60	⁸ 83.84	8.66	4.84	6.84	4.65	7.80	5.34	6.69	6.69	5.86	5.95	6.94	9.38	7.06	
Wines and distilling materials:																
Effervescent wines:																
Production.....mil. wine gal.	31.01	37.13	2.89	1.46	2.94	2.26	2.35	2.78	4.11	2.56	3.69	2.68				
Taxable withdrawals.....do	29.18	32.51	4.56	1.25	.95	2.25	1.64	4.29	1.99	1.09	2.64	1.92				
Stocks, end of period.....do	13.00	16.11	16.11	16.95	17.70	17.82	18.71	17.76	19.02	19.96	20.54	20.17				
Imports.....do	8.35	11.11	1.72	1.36	.80	.81	1.02	1.01	.86	1.05	1.05	1.29	1.53	1.97	2.17	
Still wines:																
Production.....do	550.47	⁴ 429.39	13.17	6.66	6.05	8.45	4.07	6.68	4.27	5.35	63.82	187.34				
Taxable withdrawals.....do	362.78	³ 366.44	30.13	25.90	27.64	33.10	33.84	32.32	33.34	26.00	34.16	29.78				
Stocks, end of period.....do	697.52	686.47	686.47	619.08	601.11	574.31	539.35	504.59	468.91	437.43	488.25	565.34				
Imports.....do	113.79	119.83	11.20	11.29	7.93	9.02	10.80	9.49	9.50	13.04	10.07	11.30	10.18	13.14	11.73	
Distilling materials produced at wineries.....do																
	190.36	174.94	5.92	3.30	2.28	2.83	2.46	4.83	1.19	1.75	33.56	55.68				

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued																
DAIRY PRODUCTS																
Butter:																
Production (factory).....mil. lb.	1,257.0	1,299.2	109.6	126.0	113.0	111.1	106.2	105.9	80.3	72.8	70.6	69.1	86.5	81.1	97.3	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period.....do	466.8	499.4	499.4	510.6	532.5	529.3	532.4	538.5	516.7	489.6	462.7	426.3	374.3	335.9	295.8	
Producer Price Index **.....1967=100	226.9	226.6	221.0	218.8	219.2	220.2	220.2	221.3	227.3	242.1	227.1	241.3	243.1	243.3	221.7	217.2
Cheese:																
Production (factory), total.....mil. lb.	4,541.7	4,818.4	415.4	387.4	369.1	412.9	415.3	436.8	419.7	387.7	368.5	349.4	377.6	371.8	392.2	
American, whole milk.....do	2,752.3	2,927.6	236.8	231.1	221.4	247.6	250.3	269.7	257.2	230.2	206.6	185.2	196.6	190.9	210.1	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period.....do	963.5	1,204.6	1,204.6	1,202.2	1,219.8	1,217.4	1,182.4	1,208.0	1,193.4	1,185.5	1,147.6	1,115.0	1,078.4	1,044.2	985.3	
American, whole milk.....do	880.8	1,099.7	1,099.7	1,096.8	1,116.4	1,117.3	1,081.5	1,103.4	1,089.1	1,078.3	1,045.1	1,018.0	979.8	945.8	882.2	
Imports.....do	269.3	286.2	41.4	22.1	16.7	19.2	24.2	25.4	19.5	31.8	27.1	25.2	27.9	32.2	34.8	
Price, wholesale, cheddar, single daisies (Chicago).....\$ per lb.	1.684	1.682	1.684	1.689	1.689	1.689	1.689	1.689	1.688	1.700	1.721	1.759	1.744	1.699	1.691	1.683
Condensed and evaporated milk:																
Production, case goods.....mil. lb.	734.9	694.2	63.2	48.8	44.6	51.2	57.3	60.8	55.4	54.1	53.7	50.5	53.0	48.3	53.5	
Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of period.....do	51.9	46.7	46.7	47.1	50.0	52.8	60.7	78.6	89.7	96.6	102.2	102.9	88.7	75.4	41.7	
Exports.....do	19.3	5.6	.7	.8	.5	.6	.7	.4	.4	.4	.5	.9	1.0	1.1	.8	
Fluid milk:																
Production on farms.....do	135,802	139,672	11,345	11,375	10,855	11,723	11,662	12,227	11,720	11,485	11,206	10,777	10,918	10,529	10,967	
Utilization in manufactured dairy products.....do	79,098	82,609	6,430	6,583	6,413	6,971	6,943	7,413	6,925	6,499	6,229	5,634	5,955	5,576	5,980	
Price, wholesale, U.S. average.....\$ per 100 lb.	13.60	13.60	13.70	13.60	13.40	13.20	13.10	13.00	12.80	12.90	13.10	13.60	14.00	14.30	14.00	13.90
Dry milk:																
Production:																
Dry whole milk.....mil. lb.	102.2	111.2	9.9	10.4	9.2	11.3	10.6	10.0	12.1	9.8	8.3	10.2	9.4	9.8	9.9	
Nonfat dry milk (human food).....do	1,400.5	1,499.9	111.1	111.9	105.0	109.2	118.8	128.5	119.8	111.7	88.1	71.7	72.2	69.7	85.2	
Stocks, manufacturers', end of period:																
Dry whole milk.....do	6.0	6.4	6.4	5.7	5.4	5.8	5.2	6.3	8.6	8.8	7.9	7.1	6.6	4.9	5.4	
Nonfat dry milk (human food).....do	93.3	74.6	74.6	66.0	62.8	58.9	67.0	74.6	74.5	72.9	58.4	52.7	42.9	38.3	61.1	
Exports, whole and nonfat (human food).....do	187.8	321.6	30.6	29.1	13.1	9.0	12.9	.8	5.0	5.8	14.3	54.2	28.8	13.9	12.2	
Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food).....\$ per lb.	1.936	.938	.919	.912	.910	.911	.911	.910	.910	.911	.913	.912	.913	.915	.916	
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS																
Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat).....mil. bu.	3,524.8	3,440.2	320.4	300.9	277.6	313.3	281.6	286.5	226.6	267.9	287.1	367.7	302.8	348.6	350.4	
Barley:																
Production (crop estimate).....do	2515.9	2508.9													2596.5	
Stocks (domestic), end of period, total.....do	414.1	367.6	367.7			268.9		189.4				573.6			437.8	
On farms.....do	289.9	244.9	244.9			169.4		117.0				402.1			306.5	
Off farms.....do	124.2	122.7	122.7			99.6		72.4				171.5			131.3	
Exports, including malt \$.....do	66.4	71.6	15.6	7.8	6.0	11.2	6.0	4.1	4.9	2.1	5.2	17.5	9.0	9.9	11.8	
Producer Price Index, No. 2 feed, Minneapolis *.....1967=100	162.6	180.9	199.6	216.6	216.6	223.4	236.1	237.8	229.3	186.0	169.9	175.8	180.1	181.8	157.1	169.9
Corn:																
Production (crop estimate, grain only).....mil. bu.	2,235.1	2,174.7													2,656.2	
Stocks (domestic), end of period, total.....do	8,204.7	4,912.9	4,912.9			3,251.2		2,145.1				723.2			5,808.3	
On farms.....do	5,936.0	3,080.0	3,080.0			1,933.7		1,213.1				347.9			4,248.1	
Off farms.....do	2,268.7	1,832.9	1,832.9			1,317.6		932.0				375.4			1,560.2	
Exports, including meal and flour.....do	1,924.9	1,876.5	175.2	172.6	158.4	176.4	174.6	163.0	111.0	128.1	135.3	106.4	154.2	242.1	206.5	
Producer Price Index, No. 2, Chicago *.....1967=100	193.5	248.4	255.8	255.9	246.7	268.1	280.8	274.3	276.9	271.2	254.0	240.0	217.5	216.3	209.6	215.5
Oats:																
Production (crop estimate).....mil. bu.	2592.6	2477.0													2471.9	
Stocks (domestic), end of period, total.....do	453.3	378.8	378.8			270.0		181.1				473.9			357.2	
On farms.....do	378.8	322.4	322.4			226.7		151.2				397.4			299.4	
Off farms.....do	74.5	56.4	56.4			43.3		29.8				76.5			57.8	
Exports, including oatmeal.....do	5.8	2.8	.2	.1	.1	.3	.2	.1	.3	.2	(*)	.2	.2	.1	.1	
Producer Price Index, No. 2, Minneapolis *.....1967=100	272.0	252.6	276.4	282.1	250.1	267.9	272.9	280.7	269.3	271.5	250.1	253.0	255.8	274.3	270.0	258.7
Rice:																
Production (crop estimate).....mil. bags #	2153.6	299.7													2137.0	
California mills:																
Receipts, domestic, rough.....mil. lb.	2,912	2,730	154	296	87	243	226	186	191	144	166	76	(10)			
Shipments from mills, milled rice.....do	1,619	1,884	66	181	86	151	136	179	152	116	157	153	(10)			
Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of period.....mil. lb.	503	478	478	482	413	461	505	378	331	293	244	183	(10)			
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.):																
Receipts, rough, from producers.....mil. lb.	11,482	9,143	930	829	488	522	347	233	142	108	695	2,560	1,934	964	653	
Shipments from mills, milled rice.....do	7,020	6,289	504	498	548	562	479	488	479	440	517	610	542	545	475	
Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of period.....mil. lb.	3,170	2,703	2,703	2,776	2,592	2,418	1,902	1,626	1,325	984	930	2,017	2,792	2,899	2,868	
Exports.....do	5,516	5,151	359	299	220	462	432	420	431	314	384	566	331	343	307	
Producer Price Index, medium grain, milled **.....1967=100	195.6	202.0	205.9	205.9	205.9	205.9	205.9	205.9	205.9	205.7	203.2	201.0	195.8	195.4	195.4	196.5
Rye:																
Production (crop estimate).....mil. bu.	219.5	271.1													282.4	
Stocks (domestic), end of period.....do	10.2	5.8														
Producer Price Index, No. 2, Minneapolis *.....1967=100	293.2	210.7	214.8	213.1	210.5	214.8	223.4	219.1	212.6	197.6	185.2	180.4	176.1	184.7	193.3	199.3
Wheat:																
Production (crop estimate), total.....mil. bu.	2,765	2,420													2,596	
Spring wheat.....do	691	2,432													535	
Winter wheat.....do	2,074	1,988													2,061	
Distribution, quarterly @.....do	2,436	2,605	629			571		359				1,250				
Stocks (domestic), end of period, total.....do	2,506.2	2,326.4	2,326.4			1,758.1		1,398.6				2,740.0			2,139.8	
On farms.....do	1,150.5	1,015.4	1,015.4			771.2		591.6				1,217.3			933.5	
Off farms.....do	1,355.6	1,311.0	1,311.0			986.9		807.0				1,522.7			1,206.3	
Exports, total, including flour.....do	1,527.5	1,488.3	129.3	120.2	119.1	125.3	100.8	119.2	110.5	137.3	146.7	243.5	139.5	96.4	132.0	
Wheat only.....do	1,493.6	1,407.6	128.4	118.3	111.0	118.7	94.3	111.7	104.8	133.3	146.0	242.4	136.9	96.1	131.4	

See footnotes at end of tables.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1982 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1982	Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
		1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued																	
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS—Continued																	
Wheat—Continued																	
Producer Price Indexes: *																	
Hard, winter Ord, No.1, Kans. City																	
1967=100 ..																	
Spring, No. 1, D.N. Ord, Minneapolis																	
1967=100 ..																	
Wheat flour:																	
Production:																	
Flour †.....thous. sacks (100 lb.)..																	
Millfeed †.....thous. sh. tons..																	
Grindings of wheat †.....thous. bu.																	
Stocks held by mills, end of period																	
thous. sacks (100 lb.)..																	
Exports.....do																	
Producer Price Index *.....6/83=100 ..																	
POULTRY AND EGGS																	
Poultry:																	
Slaughter.....mil. lb.																	
Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period,																	
total.....mil. lb.																	
Turkeys.....do																	
Price, in Georgia producing area,																	
live broilers.....\$ per lb.																	
Eggs:																	
Production on farms.....mil. cases \$..																	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period:																	
Shell.....thous. cases \$..																	
Frozen.....mil. lb.																	
Price, wholesale, large (delivered; Chicago)																	
\$ per doz..																	
LIVESTOCK																	
Cattle and calves:																	
Slaughter (federally inspected):																	
Calves.....thous. animals..																	
Cattle.....do																	
Prices, wholesale:																	
Beef steers (Omaha).....\$ per 100 lb ..																	
Steers, stocker and feeder																	
(Kansas City).....do																	
Calves, vealers (So. St. Paul).....do																	
Hogs:																	
Slaughter (federally inspected).....thous. animals ..																	
Prices:																	
Wholesale, average, all weights (Sioux City)																	
\$ per 100 lb..																	
Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in																	
value to 100 lb. live hog).....																	
Sheep and lambs:																	
Slaughter (federally inspected).....thous. animals ..																	
Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha) †																	
\$ per 100 lb ..																	
MEATS																	
Total meats (excluding lard):																	
Production.....mil. lb.																	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period.....do																	
Exports (meat and meat prepara-																	
tions).....do																	
Imports (meat and meat prepara-																	
tions).....do																	
Beef and veal:																	
Production, total.....do																	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period.....do																	
Exports.....do																	
Imports.....do																	
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses,																	
choice (600-700 lbs.)																	
(Central U.S.).....\$ per lb ..																	
Lamb and mutton:																	
Production, total.....mil. lb.																	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period.....do																	
Pork (excluding lard):																	
Production, total.....do																	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period.....do																	
Exports.....do																	
Imports.....do																	
Prices:																	
Producer Price Index, Hams, smoked																	
1967=100 ..																	
Fresh loins, 8-14 lb. average,																	
wholesale (N.Y.).....\$ per lb ..																	
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS																	
Cocoa (cacao) beans:																	
Imports (including shells).....thous. lg. tons ..																	
Producer price, Accra (New																	
York).....\$ per lb ..																	
Coffee:																	
Imports, total.....thous. bags ◇																	
From Brazil.....do																	
Producer price, Santos, No. 4																	
(N.Y.).....\$ per lb ..																	
Fish:																	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period.....mil. lb.																	

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Cont.																
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS—Cont.																
Sugar:																
Exports, raw and refined.....sh. tons..	58,512	207,871	31,825	28,400	33,940	30,094	32,915	37,144	19,892	12,019	15,985	14,022	27,266	21,204	35,419	
Imports, raw and refined.....thous. sh. tons..	2,616	2,915	253	269	358	278	299	204	174	247	212	168	259	313	165	
Producer Price Indexes: *																
Raw (cane).....1967=100..	278.4	315.9	311.6	309.4	315.6	314.8	315.3	314.5	315.5	315.4	310.8	*312.3	309.6	306.2	304.5	297.7
Refined.....12/77=100..	161.0	172.1	173.8	174.7	173.4	174.6	174.5	175.4	174.8	174.2	173.8	172.8	172.0	171.6	170.6	168.2
Tea, imports.....thous. lb.	182,613	170,451	15,631	15,599	15,956	20,235	18,031	17,546	12,803	22,287	12,023	14,169	20,946	12,386	12,585	
TOBACCO																
Leaf:																
Production (crop estimate).....mil. lb.	*1,994	*1,429														*1,744
Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of period.....do....	5,367	5,357	5,357			5,210			4,987			5,186				
Exports, incl. scrap and stems.....thous. lb.	562,260	509,828	60,302	41,984	40,165	43,329	32,400	26,476	28,857	14,831	18,351	39,148	67,982	97,864	77,064	
Imports, incl. scrap and stems.....do....	295,740	316,917	22,646	29,786	43,619	40,005	27,690	26,321	22,928	49,558	36,888	33,184	33,937	38,837	26,347	
Manufactured:																
Consumption (withdrawals):																
Cigarettes (small):																
Tax-exempt.....millions..	82,078	69,680	5,374	5,243	4,790	5,745	5,341	5,172	5,080	6,091	5,731	5,362	6,635	6,302		
Taxable.....do....	614,017	597,464	43,212	49,948	44,582	50,788	47,415	50,315	57,741	44,541	53,152	46,797	56,633	53,202		
Cigars (large), taxable.....do....	3,056	3,030	224	243	226	246	217	267	284	205	276	261	282	230		
Exports, cigarettes.....do....	73,585	60,698	5,171	3,775	4,366	4,893	5,081	3,557	4,802	4,895	3,885	5,308	5,617	5,959	4,378	

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

LEATHER																
Exports:																
Upper and lining leather.....thous. sq. ft.	159,804	155,808	9,412	13,624	13,015	17,787	14,772	19,514	14,294	12,907	14,046	11,219	11,533	10,231	10,431	
Price, producer:																
Sole, bends, light.....index, 1967=100..																
LEATHER MANUFACTURES																
Footwear:																
Production, total.....thous. pairs....	*359,107	344,265	25,210	26,690	28,458	29,565	27,115	27,956	24,074	20,277	25,456	21,445	*24,680	21,939		
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic.....thous. pairs....	*285,200	268,991	20,297	20,884	22,185	22,800	21,294	21,809	18,703	16,700	18,580	16,050	*18,545	16,817		
Slippers.....do....	*54,041	56,215	3,478	4,616	5,216	5,360	4,737	5,070	4,614	2,978	5,579	4,384	*5,176	4,266		
Athletic.....do....	*19,866	19,059	1,435	1,190	1,057	1,405	1,084	1,077	757	599	1,297	1,011	959	856		
Other footwear.....do....	*6,396	5,696	338	231	303	367	320	295	327	352	473	435	551	393		
Exports.....do....	7,717	6,158	394	361	344	450	468	675	461	486	581	594	683	587	549	
Producer Price Indexes:																
Men's leather upper, dress and casual 12/80=100..	105.2	107.0	107.4	108.2	108.5	108.1	107.9	107.6	107.6	108.1	109.0	*109.2	108.8	104.1	105.0	105.3
Women's leather upper.....1967=100..	215.8	223.4	220.0	221.7	222.9	224.1	218.0	218.1	215.2	215.6	216.2	216.3	216.6	216.5	215.2	222.7
Women's plastic upper.....12/80=100..	97.9	100.7	100.5	102.3	102.8	102.7	105.1	105.1	105.1	102.0	102.0	*101.6	102.5	101.4	102.6	102.6

LUMBER AND PRODUCTS

LUMBER—ALL TYPES #																
National Forest Products Association:																
Production, total.....mil. bd. ft.	*25,795	*31,479	2,345	2,740	2,678	3,104	2,983	2,828	2,968	2,685	2,933	2,776	3,154			
Hardwoods.....do....	*4,774	*5,721	416	454	484	487	461	491	538	497	563	544	529			
Softwoods.....do....	21,021	25,758	1,929	2,286	2,194	2,617	2,522	2,337	2,430	2,188	2,370	2,232	2,625			
Shipments, total.....do....	*25,960	*31,358	2,445	2,589	2,603	3,022	2,875	2,852	2,993	2,756	2,950	2,688	3,154			
Hardwoods.....do....	*4,935	*5,896	404	452	479	490	468	491	506	470	529	520	497			
Softwoods.....do....	21,025	25,462	2,041	2,137	2,124	2,532	2,407	2,361	2,487	2,286	2,421	2,168	2,657			
Stocks (gross), mill, end of period, total.....do....	5,745	5,866	5,866	6,021	6,097	6,178	6,287	6,283	6,257	6,186	6,176	6,265	6,239			
Hardwoods.....do....	1,766	1,591	1,591	1,597	1,603	1,576	1,570	1,568	1,599	1,626	1,667	1,692	1,724			
Softwoods.....do....	3,979	4,275	4,275	4,424	4,494	4,602	4,717	4,715	4,658	4,560	4,509	4,573	4,515			
Exports, total sawmill products.....do....																
Imports, total sawmill products.....do....	9,421	12,293	885	941	1,135	1,108	1,098	1,073	1,172	1,202	1,191	1,298	1,185	1,104	1,108	
SOFTWOODS																
Douglas fir:																
Orders, new.....mil. bd. ft.	5,976	7,864	715	768	655	881	656	620	761	694	663	662	681	694	477	
Orders, unfilled, end of period.....do....	612	674	674	756	765	820	701	627	632	658	594	649	603	587	561	
Production.....do....	5,743	7,934	572	735	691	850	793	691	722	631	653	648	654	586	586	
Shipments.....do....	5,793	7,802	638	686	646	826	775	694	756	668	727	607	727	650	503	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of period.....do....	862	994	994	1,043	1,088	1,112	1,130	1,127	1,093	1,056	982	1,023	950	886	842	
Exports, total sawmill products.....do....	471	569	43	38	44	57	60	50	52	49	40	45	40	33	35	
Sawed timber.....do....	125	129	8	10	9	13	22	12	10	11	10	19	18	9	7	
Boards, planks, scantlings, etc.....do....	345	439	34	28	35	44	39	37	42	39	30	26	22	23	28	
Producer Price Index, Douglas fir, dressed † 1967=100..	266.2	361.5	324.7	322.8	351.7	369.7	364.3	335.8	322.8	307.8	309.2	312.5	301.9	312.7	325.8	333.0

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
LUMBER AND PRODUCTS—Continued																
SOFTWOODS—Continued																
Southern pine:																
Orders, new.....mil. bd. ft.	'6,014	'6,821	537	513	577	677	570	662	660	612	614	543	955			
Orders, unfilled, end of period.....do	438	556	556	522	498	544	514	542	589	603	590	557	671			
Production.....do	'6,186	'6,637	471	577	610	661	626	615	636	605	657	617	898			
Shipments.....do	'5,996	'6,703	470	547	601	652	600	634	613	598	627	576	859			
Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of period.....mil. bd. ft.	1,474	1,408	1,408	1,438	1,447	1,479	1,505	1,486	1,509	1,516	1,546	1,586	1,602			
Exports, total sawmill products.....thous. bd. ft.	245,221	217,660	17,001	9,648	17,975	14,273	18,136	19,520	19,159	12,378	11,898	14,283	18,435	13,148	15,940	
Producer Price Index, southern pine, dressed f.....1967=100	285.9	319.9	328.2	334.0	337.8	336.1	334.5	320.4	317.1	318.8	318.4	*308.5	305.5	302.3	304.7	303.3
Western pine:																
Orders, new.....mil. bd. ft.	6,880	8,350	692	731	634	804	756	740	811	791	764	764	816	766	617	
Orders, unfilled, end of period.....do	324	410	410	466	470	457	422	396	373	407	378	413	436	422	407	
Production.....do	6,681	8,488	686	719	650	866	863	759	788	716	781	699	788	723	571	
Shipments.....do	6,775	8,264	713	675	630	817	791	766	834	757	793	729	793	780	632	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of period.....do	1,055	1,279	1,279	1,323	1,343	1,392	1,464	1,457	1,411	1,370	1,358	1,323	1,323	1,266	1,205	
Producer Price Index, other softwood, dressed f.....1967=100	356.0	403.2	394.2	394.0	417.2	425.1	416.8	393.1	385.4	365.9	368.8	*362.5	360.9	367.8	369.7	377.2
HARDWOOD FLOORING																
Oak:																
Orders, unfilled, end of period.....mil. bd. ft.	4.8	8.6	8.6	9.1	10.4	10.4	9.0	9.2	8.9	8.2	7.0	6.9	7.0	7.4	7.3	7.4
Shipments.....do	75.0	98.9	7.3	8.6	9.4	9.5	8.5	9.3	8.9	7.5	10.7	10.3	9.9	9.3	7.7	9.5
Stocks (gross), mill, end of period.....do	12.0	5.5	5.5	3.9	3.7	3.7	4.0	3.8	5.0	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.0	5.7	5.1

METALS AND MANUFACTURES

IRON AND STEEL																
Exports:																
Steel mill products.....thous. sh. tons	1,842	1,199	84	86	73	80	73	90	86	90	94	76	89	61	83	
Scrap.....do	6,804	7,520	751	626	663	653	606	899	954	957	852	702	924	808	826	
Pig iron.....do	54	6	(*)	(*)	2	22	(*)	1	13	11	1	1	2	2	1	
Imports:																
Steel mill products.....do	'16,663	17,070	1,730	2,082	2,161	2,224	2,216	1,998	1,776	2,656	2,515	2,182	1,986	2,209	2,165	
Scrap.....do	474	641	52	53	60	61	50	48	40	41	43	46	43	49	44	
Pig iron.....do	322	233	74	49	55	45	62	24	121	67	88	37	67	63	25	
Iron and Steel Scrap																
Production.....thous. sh. tons	27,127	27,149	2,247	2,442	2,499	2,866	2,734	2,859	2,733	2,510	2,376	2,144	*2,323	2,050		
Receipts, net.....do	'27,520	32,557	2,804	3,128	3,592	3,730	3,476	3,470	3,157	3,089	2,732	2,615	*2,844	2,550		
Consumption.....do	'56,386	61,782	5,086	5,709	5,932	6,460	6,256	6,393	5,820	5,662	5,143	4,897	*5,150	4,678		
Stocks, end of period.....do	6,418	5,807	5,838	5,647	5,789	5,892	5,861	5,757	5,755	6,016	5,613	5,484	*5,457	5,345		
Prices, steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting:																
Composite.....\$ per lg. ton	61.51	67.24	78.56	84.68	89.89	88.81	87.34	86.68	82.30	76.82	74.46	77.96	79.51	77.19	74.69	76.44
Pittsburgh district.....do	66.71	76.92	91.50	98.00	103.00	100.50	102.00	102.00	95.00	86.50	82.50	87.50	89.00	81.00	81.50	85.50
Ore																
Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts):																
Mine production.....thous. lg. tons	'35,433	'37,562	2,611	3,145	4,303	4,877	4,946	5,733	5,513	5,143	4,053	3,888	4,430	3,277		
Shipments from mines.....do	'35,756	'44,596	4,053	1,142	1,251	1,477	3,655	6,248	6,095	7,265	5,904	4,695	5,071	4,985		
Imports.....do	'14,501	13,246	1,531	600	811	418	1,238	1,457	1,627	2,525	1,545	2,215	1,545	*1,675	1,503	
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates:																
Receipts at iron and steel plants.....do	49,872	57,197	5,509	1,159	1,556	1,841	5,148	7,919	7,871	9,071	7,950	5,926	6,298	6,749		
Consumption at iron and steel plants.....do	55,233	61,220	5,125	5,517	5,670	6,391	6,415	6,489	5,632	5,501	5,222	4,554	4,776	4,935		
Exports (domestic).....do	3,178	'3,781	682	155	113	46	169	701	470	932	487	869	386	289	376	
Stocks, total, end of period.....do	52,621	32,567	32,567	30,118	28,364	26,288	26,220	27,395	29,177	30,900	31,564	32,211	33,325	33,668		
At mines.....do	12,129	3,209	3,899	5,944	8,996	12,396	13,697	13,187	12,608	10,479	8,628	7,834	7,193	5,518		
At furnace yards.....do	29,923	25,494	25,494	21,047	16,857	12,238	10,949	12,391	14,610	18,218	20,880	22,181	23,708	25,517		
At U.S. docks.....do	5,750	3,174	3,174	3,127	2,511	1,654	1,574	1,817	1,959	2,203	2,056	2,195	2,429	2,633		
Manganese (manganese content), general imports.....do	477	483	35	39	63	33	64	33	68	46	52	31	37	33	35	
Pig Iron and Iron Products																
Pig iron:																
Production (including production of ferroalloys).....thous. sh. tons	'43,136	48,741	4,084	4,310	4,497	5,083	5,077	5,166	4,565	4,329	4,057	3,473	3,739	3,817	3,694	3,969
Consumption.....do	'44,409	'49,213	4,034	4,367	4,467	5,079	5,063	5,182	4,604	4,415	4,143	3,534	*3,784	3,869		
Stocks, end of period.....do	580	459	459	447	414	397	394	397	419	489	400	402	*396	414		
Producer Price Index, basic.....6/82=100		100.1	99.9	100.5	100.5	100.2	100.5	100.1	100.5	101.0	100.2	100.3	100.2	100.3	99.4	100.1
Castings, gray and ductile iron:																
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period.....thous. sh. tons	533	637	637													
Shipments, total.....do	8,215	9,247	719	889	905	*926	918	1,004	931	817	962	*851	1,006	785		
For sale.....do	4,641	5,481	406	494	510	527	537	588	560	519	636	*528	640	515		
Castings, malleable iron:																
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period.....thous. sh. tons	14	18	18													
Shipments, total.....do	284	293	25	30	31	33	28	30	32	28	33	*33	33	24		
For sale.....do	119	92	9	13	13	12	11	12	15	13	16	16	17	10		

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1982 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1982

METALS AND MANUFACTURES—Continued

Steel, Raw and Semifinished																
Steel (raw):																
Production.....thous. sh. tons..	¹ 74,577	83,379	6,991	7,970	8,142	9,056	8,997	9,174	7,945	7,460	6,915	6,378	6,708	6,422	6,013	6,984
Rate of capability utilization.....percent..	48.4	55.4	54.7	69.6	76.0	79.1	80.8	79.8	71.4	65.3	60.5	57.7	58.4	57.8	52.4	60.9
Steel castings:																
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period																
Shipments, total.....thous. sh. tons..	160	142	142													
For sale, total.....do.....	1,017	727	67	70	71	84	85	87	87	71	89	⁷ 75	86	79		
	916	667	63	66	67	78	78	80	81	66	82	⁷ 71	83	76		
Steel Mill Products																
Steel products, net shipments:																
Total (all grades).....thous. sh. tons..	61,567	67,584	6,269	5,980	6,150	7,239	5,399	6,948	6,686	5,820	6,033	5,454	6,087	5,317	4,867	
By product:																
Semifinished products.....do.....	3,408	3,899	374	349	402	463	389	434	367	350	357	332	333	317	259	
Structural shapes (heavy),																
steel piling.....do.....	3,424	¹ 3,448	320	343	335	408	319	372	347	320	282	314	349	301	274	
Plates.....do.....	4,136	3,832	381	352	378	421	402	431	419	330	345	304	342	323	297	
Rails and accessories.....do.....	782	883	87	108	120	122	111	113	96	98	99	98	102	90	82	
Bars and tool steel, total.....do.....	9,440	¹ 11,666	1,009	1,010	1,027	1,297	1,089	1,202	1,141	1,034	1,143	977	1,139	913	807	
Bars: Hot rolled (including																
light shapes).....do.....	¹ 4,857	¹ 6,285	578	585	620	697	616	655	603	451	638	510	618	492	426	
Bars: Reinforcing.....do.....	3,526	¹ 4,138	320	299	276	445	337	401	401	364	378	358	396	315	297	
Bars: Cold finished.....do.....	1,013	1,197	106	121	125	147	131	140	131	114	122	105	121	102	78	
Pipe and tubing.....do.....	5,026	3,242	303	303	321	366	354	408	407	367	392	316	381	339	320	
Wire and wire products.....do.....	1,332	1,384	99	116	115	129	109	110	104	98	100	98	100	79	69	
Tin mill products.....do.....	4,321	4,308	402	322	307	345	334	381	370	349	380	340	304	278	350	
Sheets and strip (including electrical),																
total.....do.....	27,914	34,792	3,294	3,077	3,147	3,689	3,364	3,497	3,435	2,875	2,935	2,675	3,037	2,678	2,409	
Sheets: Hot rolled.....do.....	9,052	11,619	1,049	1,076	1,127	1,316	1,208	1,286	1,270	1,073	1,050	922	1,057	907	853	
Sheets: Cold rolled.....do.....	11,132	13,781	1,366	1,155	1,217	1,394	1,275	1,294	1,248	1,010	1,054	991	1,123	1,007	894	
By market (quarterly):																
Service centers and distributors.....do.....	¹ 12,972	¹ 15,713	4,384			4,850			4,760		3,696				3,750	
Construction, incl. maintenance.....do.....	6,260	6,276	1,643			1,553			1,746		1,523				1,395	
Contractors' products.....do.....	2,290	2,597	660			663			674		638				580	
Automotive.....do.....	¹ 9,295	12,087	3,598			3,223			3,371		3,020				2,906	
Rail transportation.....do.....	1,030	918	258			311			293		253				222	
Machinery, industrial equip., tools.....do.....	2,582	2,320	638			728			803		662				570	
Containers, packaging, ship,																
materials.....do.....	4,471	4,532	1,105			1,049			1,216		1,139				928	
Other.....do.....	¹ 20,883	¹ 23,011	6,092			6,993			7,240		6,375				5,941	
Steel mill shapes and forms, inventories, end																
of period—total for the specified sectors:	22.2	23.9	23.9	24.4	25.3	25.4	25.9	26.6	26.0	26.7	26.8	26.1	25.5	25.1		
Producing mills, inventory, end of period:																
Steel in process.....mil. sh. tons..	8.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.6	7.8	7.7	8.2	8.0	7.7	⁷ 7.3	7.2		
Finished steel.....do.....	5.3	5.7	5.7	5.8	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.0	⁷ 5.8	5.8		
Service centers (warehouses), inventory, end																
of period.....mil. sh. tons..	4.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.3	6.0		
Consumers (manufacturers only):																
Inventory, end of period.....do.....	4.1	5.4	5.4	5.7	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0	5.7	6.0	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.1		
Receipts during period.....do.....	54.9	48.1	3.1	4.1	4.4	3.9	3.7	4.1	3.2	3.8	4.5	3.7	3.7	3.4		
Consumption during period.....do.....	56.7	46.8	3.1	3.8	4.1	4.0	3.7	4.0	3.5	3.5	4.2	3.8	3.8	3.4		
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS																
Aluminum:																
Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores)																
thous. met. tons.....do.....	3,274	3,353	340	342	324	350	347	365	351	349	344	329	338			
Recovery from scrap [†]do.....	¹ 1,666	1,773	148	135	141	145	139	146	134	141	144	134	142			
Imports (general):																
Metal and alloys, crude.....do.....	¹ 616.3	714.9	40.3	70.9	94.9	114.3	68.8	108.8	73.9	66.8	68.0	89.9	93.0	68.6	57.4	
Plates, sheets, bars, etc.....do.....	¹ 176.4	209.7	22.3	33.3	41.3	49.7	38.1	39.0	43.2	58.4	47.8	35.1	49.0	32.3	29.6	
Exports:																
Metal and alloys, crude.....do.....	¹ 364.0	360.7	24.1	24.5	20.1	19.9	7.6	23.4	24.0	22.1	37.5	23.9	17.9	32.9	32.3	
Plates, sheets, bars, etc.....do.....	¹ 189.6	166.6	14.8	20.2	21.5	21.8	15.9	17.6	20.5	18.4	21.2	19.2	19.7	13.0	15.3	
Price, U.S. market, 99.7% purity *.....\$ per lb..	.4680	.6821	.7515	.7613	.7384	.7156	.6821	.6468	.6317	.5607	.5438	.4845	.5014	.5508	.5144	.5007
Aluminum products:																
Shipments:																
Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.).....mil. lb..	12,039	14,103	1,318	1,186	1,366	1,509	1,199	1,366	1,343	1,144	1,241	⁷ 1,137	1,280			
Mill products, total.....do.....	9,027	10,623	943	928	930	1,083	935	995	962	891	929	⁷ 839	960			
Sheet and plate.....do.....	5,329	6,345	590	548	551	665	539	587	583	542	550	⁷ 453	525			
Castings.....do.....	1,306	1,500	132	155	152	165	146	157	151	124	147	134	⁷ 164	146		
Inventories, total (ingot, mill products, and																
scrap), end of period.....mil. lb..	6,180	4,994	4,994	5,176	5,229	5,305	5,435	5,579	5,618	5,775	5,794	⁷ 5,881	5,891			
Copper:																
Production:																
Mine, recoverable copper.....thous. met. tons..	1,147.0	1,038.1	89.0	91.4	86.3	94.3	86.8	93.7	97.0	87.0	87.8	⁷ 86.8	98.1			
Refinery, primary.....do.....	1,226.8	1,182.1	94.7	95.3	99.4	107.0	106.6	110.6	106.8	101.9	88.0	⁷ 84.5	103.3			
From domestic ores.....do.....	1,064.5	1,003.7	81.8	84.1	89.0	95.3	94.4	100.0	98.3	93.0	80.0	⁷ 75.5	94.7			
From foreign ores.....do.....	¹ 162.2	178.4	12.9	11.2	10.4	11.7	12.3	10.6	8.6	8.9	8.0	⁷ 9.0	8.5			
Secondary, recovered																
as refined.....do.....	570.2															
Imports (general):																
Refined, unrefined,																
scrap (copper cont.).....do.....	¹ 518.7	714.7	39.3	73.7	46.0	65.5	72.9	52.3	57.9	⁷ 73.7	41.5	40.0	60.8	33.4	35.0	
Refined.....do.....	¹ 259.8	486.4	21.6	56.1	31.8	51.0	60.3	43.5	49.6	63.0	33.6	29.1	51.9	26.9	24.6	
Exports:																
Refined and scrap.....do.....	¹ 381.1	277.2	25.4	39.5	35.9	30.5	32.5	40.8	⁷ 24.7	⁷ 34.8	17.1	16.1	24.8	20.5	39.3	
Refined.....do.....	35.0	87.5	11.2	17.5	14.4	8.9	6.8	14.7	1.6	14.0	2.3	2.2	1.9	2.8	6.9	
Consumption, refined																
(by mills, etc.).....thous. sh. tons..	1,790															
Stocks, refined, end of period.....do.....	668															
Price, electrolytic (wirebars), dom., delivered																
\$ per lb..	.7431	.7926	.7080	.6879	.7075	.7531	.7739	.7223	.6985	.6440	.6454	.6341	.6204	.6565		

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1982 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1982

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
METALS AND MANUFACTURES—Continued																
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS—Continued																
Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly total):																
Brass mill products.....mil. lb.	2,014	2,116				² 735			² 726			² 647				
Copper wire mill products (copper content).....do	2,393	2,285				² 615			² 543			² 500				
Brass and bronze foundry products.....do	456	422				² 121			² 129			² 110				
Lead:																
Production:																
Mine, recoverable lead.....thous. met. tons	512.5	¹ 449.0	34.9	41.8	42.6	46.2	20.9	24.0	12.2	24.8	23.4	¹ 18.6	22.4	19.5		
Recovered from scrap (lead cont.).....do	¹ 571.3	504.1	45.7	44.4	48.6	47.6	48.5	46.6	46.7	44.5	50.0	49.0	51.7	48.1		
Imports (general), ore (lead content), metal.....do	50.1	58.8	6.1	12.8	5.1	8.1	6.6	3.1	8.0	2.4	3.3	11.4	7.2	5.4	6.9	
Consumption, total.....do	1,075.4	¹ 1,148.5	121.4	112.7	94.1	96.8	89.5	87.3	96.4	82.7	97.3	96.7	103.2	92.9		
Stocks, end of period:																
Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process (lead content), ABMS.....thous. met. tons	75.0	74.5	74.5	77.9	82.9	89.8	85.6	75.7	65.9	65.8	70.6	86.9	86.8	99.0	107.9	
Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial (lead content).....thous. met. tons	73.5	58.2	58.2	62.7	69.4	73.5	78.1	80.5	80.0	82.9	75.6	63.3	64.4	50.6		
Consumers' (lead content).....do	97.2	71.7	71.7	67.4	72.1	72.7	74.4	69.3	73.1	73.0	72.4	73.7	67.9	67.0		
Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all smelters (gross weight).....thous. met. tons	33.5	32.8	32.8	35.0	37.0	34.3	31.1	30.9	28.9	34.2	30.0	27.5	22.8	21.7		
Price, common grade, delivered.....\$ per lb.	2554	2168	2446	2512	2407	2503	2643	2537	2816	3051	2824	2418	2233	2525		
Tin:																
Imports (for consumption):																
Ore (tin content).....metric tons	1,931	969	169	70	60	747	75	745	354	43	² 715	² 387	37	33	8	
Metal, unwrought, unalloyed.....do	27,939	34,048	3,225	3,556	4,661	3,344	5,375	3,907	3,356	2,184	3,510	2,834	3,271	2,334	2,408	
Recovery from scrap, total (tin cont.).....do	12,544	¹ 12,372	835	856	968	1,127	1,043	1,065	902	736	1,073	1,073	² 904	969		
As metal.....do	1,067	¹ 1,180	227	157	156	186	169	190	190	182	201	201	199	191		
Consumption, total.....do	53,450	55,800	4,800	4,600	4,300	5,300	3,900	4,500	4,400	4,100	4,400	4,100	4,000	3,300		
Primary.....do	38,700	40,400	3,100	3,400	3,200	4,100	3,100	3,500	3,500	3,200	3,400	3,100	3,000	2,500		
Exports, incl. reexports (metal).....do	¹ 9,357	3,552	280	278	446	141	375	246	303	216	² 244	351	150	189	243	
Stocks, pig (industrial), end of period.....do	3,152	3,020	3,020	2,963	2,268	2,840	2,646	3,119	2,795	2,688	2,837	2,495	2,512	2,326		
Price, Straits quality (delivered).....\$ per lb.	6,5392	6,5475	6,3080	6,2374	6,2788	6,3665	6,3650	6,3632	6,3825	6,2989	6,2600	6,1808	6,0361	6,0994		
Zinc:																
Mine prod., recoverable zinc.....thous. met. tons	¹ 303.2	275.3	21.7	23.2	25.0	26.9	21.8	22.7	19.9	19.2	16.2	15.1	21.5	21.4		
Imports (general):																
Ores (zinc content).....do	49.3	¹ 62.2	10.0	1.4	3.5	2.5	2.2	12.7	6.1	8.0	2.4	9.5	8.2	18.8	20.3	
Metal (slab, blocks).....do	¹ 456.1	613.4	59.2	67.2	71.4	60.1	65.8	51.0	53.2	55.2	32.6	36.9	61.4	39.6	38.2	
Consumption (recoverable zinc content):																
Ores.....do	53.1	52.9	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.6	6.1	6.5	7.0	5.5	4.3	5.6	4.4	6.0		
Scrap, all types.....do	208.1	190.2	17.4	17.2	16.8	18.1	23.0	23.6	22.2	21.7	21.9	21.7	22.7	21.7		
Slab zinc: @																
Production, total.....thous. met. tons	¹ 302.5	261.8	21.8	23.2	22.1	21.6	25.8	24.7	27.3	24.5	23.6	23.0	23.1	22.8	28.3	28.0
Consumption, fabricators.....do	¹ 709.5	¹ 775.3	63.7	69.4	70.2	76.8	72.1	73.1	71.1	62.8	67.8	65.1	² 69.2	63.6		
Exports.....do	.3	.4	(²)	(²)	.1	.3	(²)	.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
Stocks, end of period:																
Producers', at smelter (ABMS).....do	34.2	23.9	16.7	14.4	15.8	15.0	20.0	25.3	33.9	39.4	40.3	44.4	36.8	32.7	43.7	43.6
Consumers'.....do	¹ 77.6	¹ 89.0	73.9	80.3	82.6	82.9	72.2	75.1	70.5	72.7	66.5	62.3	² 53.9	55.8		
Price, Prime Western.....\$ per lb.	3847	4139	4874	4922	5061	5107	5190	5277	5245	4952	4785	4642	4419	4360	4362	
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT																
Heating, combustion, atmosphere equipment, new orders (domestic), net, qtrly #.....mil. \$	¹ 296.9	¹ 274.5	74.5			96.2			108.8			51.7				
Electric processing heating equipment.....do	65.4	87.8	23.7			28.6			28.2			27.4				
Fuel-fired processing heating equip.....do	128.2	¹ 77.3	23.8			29.9			43.4			24.3				
Material handling equipment (industrial):																
Orders (new), index, seas. adj. ....1967=100 ..	249.2	275.7	335.2	321.5	284.9	256.5	337.7	358.9	370.6	399.8	403.8	397.2				
Industrial supplies, machinery and equipment: New orders index, seas. adjusted....1977=100 ..	94.6	97.9	112.6	119.6	121.3	113.2	116.1	122.7	119.1	120.3	129.1	121.0	118.5	123.2	122.7	
Industrial suppliers distribution:																
Sales index, seas. adjusted.....1977=100 ..	120.9	113.9	119.4	127.7	132.1	131.7	132.2	134.9	133.1	134.1	144.7	138.9	136.5	136.2	123.3	
Inflation index, not seas. adj. (tools, material handling equip., valves, fittings, abrasives, fasteners, metal products, etc.)....1977=100 ..	153.1	155.0	156.3	156.5	157.0	157.1	158.1	158.4	159.0	159.4	159.6	159.9	160.0	160.3	160.2	
Fluid power products shipments indexes:																
Hydraulic products, seas. adj. ....1972=100 ..	208	201	239	245	259	263	261	271	264	286	274	283	292	274	256	
Pneumatic products, seas. adj. ....do ..	202	208	244	260	263	248	253	282	262	285	294	267	300	280	247	
Machine tools:																
Metal cutting type tools:																
Orders, new (net), total.....mil. \$	1,064.45	1,151.65	91.25	133.20	133.05	146.50	179.80	188.45	130.95	135.85	135.00	222.15	191.75	¹ 160.00	¹ 156.20	
Domestic.....do	889.60	1,069.45	84.15	122.50	121.70	131.90	135.70	167.50	107.55	126.05	118.25	194.85	176.65	¹ 154.75	¹ 140.65	
Shipments, total.....do	2,894.75	1,371.50	181.75	72.55	103.05	122.50	101.50	150.00	150.30	133.25	116.95	151.35	145.15	¹ 159.05	¹ 192.70	
Domestic.....do	2,598.60	1,199.60	152.15	65.35	95.30	112.35	92.70	142.10	138.75	127.50	111.05	138.70	129.45	¹ 147.15	¹ 178.65	
Order backlog, end of period.....do	1,043.0	823.2	823.2	883.8	913.8	937.8	1,016.1	1,054.6	1,035.2	1,037.8	1,055.8	1,126.7	1,173.2	¹ 1,174.2	¹ 1,137.7	
Metal forming type tools:																
Orders, new (net), total.....do	¹ 433.30	544.50	60.00	55.90	69.85	61.95	73.30	131.10	60.80	177.55	65.60	64.05	91.85	52.00	² 96.00	
Domestic.....do	371.75	488.75	48.30	53.05	66.00	56.75	65.90	124.40	53.60	173.55	62.00	60.25	71.55	51.45	² 92.95	
Shipments, total.....do	¹ 709.65	473.55	56.05	40.40	44.25	66.75	57.25	60.05	53.20	60.50	47.40	59.40	62.60	52.70	² 74.85	
Domestic.....do	599.75	430.45	54.35	35.55	40.40	60.00	52.30	52.30	43.45	54.50	44.10	51.15	57.60	48.30	² 69.10	
Order backlog, end of period.....do	150.6	221.6	221.6	237.0	262.6	257.8	273.9	345.0	352.6	469.6	487.8	492.4	521.7	521.0	² 542.2	

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1982 and methodological notes are as shown in BUSINESS STATISTICS: 1982

METALS AND MANUFACTURES—Continued

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT—Continued																
Tractors used in construction, shipments, qtrly:																
Tracklaying, total	7,159	7,247	806	588	775	667	815	985	1,124	725	655	627	696	607		
units	777.3	633.6	77.6	50.2	62.3	54.2	60.6	78.4	105.9	62.9	62.8	56.9	62.4	63.8		
mil. \$	3,430	3,636	1,126			665			717			780				
mil. \$	264.7	272.9	94.0			49.1			63.1			69.1				
Tractor shovel loaders (integral units only),																
wheel and tracklaying types	23,407	24,823	7,556			8,794			8,964			7,541				
units	1,009.4	1,143.0	383.4			358.8			394.0			344.3				
Tractors, wheel, farm, nonfarm (ex. garden and																
construction types), ship., qtrly	70,107	51,890	4,619	5,333	6,450	6,908	6,042	6,336	6,087	3,661	2,924	5,484	8,819	4,689		
mil. \$	2,295.9	1,816.2	177.1	168.2	220.8	250.3	236.4	282.2	217.1	128.9	105.6	208.0	373.6	163.8		
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT																
Batteries (auto-type replacement),																
shipments	54,214	56,105	6,295	6,499	4,273	3,984	3,370	3,759	4,171	3,995	5,377	5,968	6,334	6,085		
Radio sets, production, total market	31,782	36,454	*3,510	3,423	2,838	*3,421	3,549	3,468	*3,588	4,855	4,174	*4,653	5,448	3,708		
Television sets (incl. combination models),																
production, total market	16,405	19,680	*1,925	1,679	1,632	*2,133	1,668	1,659	*2,108	1,372	1,761	*2,480	2,102	1,695	*1,923	
Household major appliances (electrical), factory																
shipments (domestic and export) #	26,683	32,466	2,561	3,273	3,023	3,387	3,170	3,661	3,836	3,243	3,142	3,249	3,452	3,094	2,886	
Air conditioners (room)	2,761	2,002	98	168	262	504	459	588	648	187	47	40	36	51	113	
Dishwashers	2,170	3,121	252	308	242	258	258	296	286	291	300	302	324	271	254	
Disposers (food waste)	2,780	3,544	281	340	355	368	348	279	328	280	331	362	361	363	302	
Microwave ovens/ranges *	4,071	5,933	747	738	587	615	612	719	726	662	716	888	1,006	986	953	
Ranges	2,035	2,754	212	260	237	260	237	262	265	267	252	271	278	252	221	
Refrigerators	4,364	5,476	342	494	426	509	484	574	641	652	577	520	505	388	335	
Freezers	1,340	1,341	82	103	95	89	90	110	126	153	133	106	87	81	70	
Washers	4,019	4,616	292	479	427	420	364	436	428	417	445	435	465	389	341	
Dryers (incl. gas)	2,728	3,294	250	366	331	287	250	289	274	283	308	322	382	309	284	
Vacuum cleaners (qtrly)	7,536	7,942	1,848			2,277										
GAS EQUIPMENT (RESIDENTIAL)																
Furnaces, warm air, shipments	1,156	1,662	173	146	142	127	116	118	137	134	170	200	224	172	163	
Ranges, total, sales	1,368	1,573	149	132	133	154	136	134	153	121	146	173	153	146	151	
Water heaters (storage), automatic,																
sales	3,041	3,172	269	319	315	308	337	277	276	277	259	236	346	272	279	

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS

COAL																
Anthracite:																
Production †	4,588	4,089	359	284	249	275	228	377	293	382	458	402	395	376	293	298
Exports	980	776	66	9	5	3	55	35	40	121	186	91	45	88	3	
Producer Price Index	640.3	617.1	612.3	612.2	612.0	611.2	610.4	611.1	610.8	610.8	610.8	610.8	610.8	610.2	614.7	615.0
Bituminous:																
Production †	833,523	778,003	63,354	67,869	73,684	81,587	71,711	79,826	75,293	*73,915	*89,728	*77,971	68,608	65,319	60,617	67,799
Consumption, total †	703,561	733,850	70,235	71,699	62,812	64,888	58,648	59,919	66,431	70,265	73,410	63,919				
Electric power utilities	592,591	624,175	59,030	60,126	52,182	54,465	47,470	49,408	56,821	60,259	63,299	53,910	54,324	54,050		
Industrial, total	104,372	102,586	10,296	10,669	9,839	9,859	10,386	10,033	9,232	9,395	9,534	9,243				
Coke plants (oven and beehive)	40,859	37,005	3,458	3,787	3,588	3,839	4,177	4,097	3,561	3,636	3,618	3,555				
Residential and commercial	6,598	7,090	909	904	791	564	792	478	378	611	577	766				
Stocks, end of period, total †	189,085	162,070	162,070	155,511	161,898	166,282	173,767	183,085	185,658	184,045	190,243	199,069				
Electric power utilities	175,053	149,091	149,091	142,223	148,301	152,373	158,082	165,619	166,408	163,207	167,814	175,050	176,475	173,950		
Industrial, total	14,032	12,979	12,979	13,288	13,597	13,904	15,685	17,466	19,250	20,838	22,429	24,019				
Oven-coke plants	4,625	4,337	4,337	4,939	5,541	6,142	7,161	8,180	9,201	9,644	10,089	10,533				
Exports	105,244	76,870	6,194	5,053	4,243	5,809	7,633	8,185	7,787	8,197	8,048	8,619	6,595	4,102	6,522	
Producer Price Index	530.4	533.8	540.7	538.1	541.5	543.1	538.9	544.4	541.1	545.1	547.0	*546.1	540.5	543.4	545.1	547.5
COKE																
Production:																
Beehive and oven (byproduct)	28,115	25,808	7,025			7,696			8,227			7,522				
Petroleum coke ‡	29,908	30,661	2,671	2,713	2,598	2,797	2,728	2,809	2,734	2,652	2,487	2,660	2,622	2,631		
Stocks, end of period:																
Oven-coke plants, total	8,190	3,518	3,518			3,153			2,966			3,441				
At furnace plants	7,858	3,233	3,233			2,848			2,666			3,146				
At merchant plants	331	286	286			306			300			295				
Petroleum coke	1,344	1,096	1,096	1,127	1,265	1,136	1,139	980	912	981	954	991	1,028	1,000		
Exports	1,109	731	119	55	23	61	66	75	110	96	115	87	191	133	117	
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS																
Crude petroleum:																
Oil wells completed	40,300	*37,207	*3,490	3,253	3,212	4,092	2,821	3,137	3,723	2,629	3,968	3,946	3,434	3,131	3,718	
Producer Price Index	733.4	681.4	674.4	675.6	675.6	675.6	673.9	673.9	673.3	672.6	671.1	*670.6	670.8	658.5	652.6	631.1
Gross input to crude oil distillation																
units ‡	4,442.6	4,360.7	354.1	365.8	356.0	374.7	361.8	384.8	371.8	379.1	389.9	376.0	376.6	366.9		
Refinery operating ratio ‡	70	72	70	73	76	75	75	77	77	76	78	78	76	77		
All oils, supply, demand, and stocks: ‡																
New supply, total ◊	5,608.2	5,602.9	465.5	484.5	465.5	483.6	469.9	506.2	471.0	492.0	480.8	469.1	505.7	482.7		
Production:																
Crude petroleum	3,156.7	3,171.0	260.3	268.4	253.0	270.3	260.6	271.3	262.3	271.8	272.2	262.8	274.3	265.4		
Natural gas plant liquids	585.1	588.2	49.2	50.3	48.8	50.7	49.8	51.6	49.6	53.3	52.5	51.2	52.8	51.4		
Imports:																
Crude and unfinished oils	1,352.4	1,317.3	110.0	103.8	93.7	114.8	114.4	133.4	111.4	122.1	108.4	108.0	127.6	116.7		
Refined products	514.0	525.9	46.0	62.0	69.9	47.8	45.1	50.0	47.7	44.8	47.6	47.2	51.1	49.2		
Change in stocks, all oils	-53.7	23.7	-55.9	-23.1	33.9	-19.9	20.8	32.2	5.2	11.4	-13.5	14.1	31.3	10.2		
Product demand, total	5,880.4	5,829.2	538.3	536.3	463.1	522.4	484.1	514.7	496.4	498.5	522.6	479.4	503.1	493.6		
Exports:																
Crude petroleum	86.3	59.9	2.9	4.7	5.4	7.3	5.1	6.8	6.7	3.3	5.9	4.8	4.4	6.1		
Refined products	211.2	209.9	16.9	13.1	11.4	18.6	14.4	16.9	19.2	13.2	16.7	15.1	14.1	19.5		

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS—Continued

PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued																
All oils, supply, demand, and stocks †—Continued																
Domestic product demand, total #.....mil. bbl.	5,582.9	5,559.4	518.5	518.5	446.3	496.5	464.5	491.0	470.6	482.0	500.0	459.4	484.6	468.1		
Gasoline.....do	2,396.1	2,426.5	212.9	194.7	181.5	202.3	201.2	214.2	213.9	213.3	221.7	199.2	209.2	204.8		
Kerosene.....do	47.0	46.4	7.1	6.5	3.2	3.9	3.4	1.6	2.9	2.8	2.5	3.4	2.6	5.3		
Distillate fuel oil.....do	974.9	981.9	104.3	108.2	82.4	100.9	87.9	87.6	78.1	78.1	79.8	79.9	86.0	84.7		
Residual fuel oil.....do	626.5	518.6	49.2	61.4	46.5	50.8	40.7	37.8	39.7	37.6	39.2	35.0	33.3	40.7		
Jet fuel.....do	369.6	381.8	36.6	37.0	32.3	34.1	34.5	35.2	32.7	36.9	38.7	36.1	37.9	34.6		
Lubricants.....do	51.0	53.4	4.0	4.1	5.1	5.2	5.4	4.4	4.7	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.0	4.4		
Asphalt.....do	124.4	*136.2	4.3	4.2	4.5	6.2	8.6	13.2	17.8	19.4	22.0	18.9	16.7	10.2		
Liquefied gases.....do	547.3	550.7	63.2	61.8	49.5	49.0	41.7	43.8	41.8	45.5	46.2	45.0	15.1	47.8		
Stocks, end of period, total.....do	1,429.9	1,453.6	1,453.6	1,430.0	1,463.9	1,444.0	1,464.8	1,497.0	1,502.2	1,513.6	1,500.1	1,514.2	1,545.5	1,555.7		
Crude petroleum.....do	643.6	722.9	722.9	732.9	727.5	727.5	744.5	763.6	766.4	772.1	764.4	756.4	781.2	786.1		
Strategic petroleum reserve.....do	293.8	379.1	379.1	384.4	387.2	391.8	396.9	404.5	413.7	423.9	429.5	431.1	438.2	443.0		
Unfinished oils, natural gasoline, etc.....do	158.1	161.5	161.5	159.9	159.2	164.7	170.4	175.0	163.3	156.0	155.7	159.1	159.7	155.7		
Refined products.....do	628.3	569.2	569.2	537.3	577.3	551.8	550.0	558.4	572.5	585.5	580.0	598.7	604.6	613.9		
Refined petroleum products: ‡																
Gasoline (incl. aviation):																
Production.....do	2,322.1	2,823.3	196.1	187.7	184.1	198.2	196.5	207.0	199.6	201.8	200.4	197.0	199.0	202.0		
Stocks, end of period.....do	196.8	187.8	187.8	188.0	199.3	205.5	210.0	213.0	206.5	202.6	189.0	196.9	195.6	201.0		
Prices, regular grade (excl. aviation):																
Producer Price Index.....2/73=100	612.5	551.7	535.8	518.3	512.4	517.9	520.5	532.6	531.0	520.9	504.6	*500.3	510.7	512.5	503.3	481.7
Retail, U.S. city average (BLS): *																
Unleaded.....\$ per gal	1.222	1.157	1.146	1.131	1.125	1.125	1.145	1.154	1.147	1.129	1.116	1.120	1.127	1.124	1.109	
Unleaded.....do	1.296	1.241	1.231	1.216	1.209	1.210	1.227	1.236	1.229	1.212	1.196	1.203	1.209	1.207	1.193	
Aviation gasoline:																
Production.....mil. bbl.	8.9	9.2	.5	.6	.9	.5	.6	.8	1.0	.9	.9	.7	.7	.8		
Stocks, end of period.....do	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6		
Kerosene:																
Production.....do	42.0	40.0	4.1	5.6	4.4	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.9	2.6	2.7	3.7	4.1	3.9		
Stocks, end of period.....do	10.4	7.9	7.9	7.5	9.3	7.8	6.7	7.6	7.9	8.0	8.5	9.0	11.2	10.8		
Producer Price Index (light distillate).....1967=100	996.4	906.1	881.4	872.2	885.8	903.5	879.2	876.8	876.5	874.3	863.0	*853.2	853.5	856.1	846.5	839.9
Distillate fuel oil:																
Production.....mil. bbl.	951.3	896.5	78.2	80.1	83.1	76.9	70.4	81.6	86.4	84.8	83.0	81.7	83.4	84.6		
Imports.....do	34.0	63.5	6.8	8.4	13.3	3.6	6.6	7.8	8.0	6.1	8.2	8.5	13.1	9.2		
Stocks, end of period.....do	178.6	140.3	140.3	119.5	132.2	109.6	97.8	98.2	112.9	124.5	133.5	143.2	152.4	160.8		
Producer Price Index (middle distillate).....1967=100	1,012.7	889.8	892.1	871.4	924.4	952.1	874.9	881.9	895.2	893.4	859.6	*837.8	853.7	868.2	850.6	835.0
Residual fuel oil:																
Production.....mil. bbl.	390.4	310.9	27.8	29.5	29.1	27.5	25.2	25.7	25.2	24.6	25.0	25.8	28.3	28.1		
Imports.....do	283.1	255.2	20.1	32.9	32.1	19.6	19.1	17.2	20.3	18.5	17.7	17.9	14.3	17.6		
Stocks, end of period.....do	66.2	48.5	48.5	45.4	57.6	47.6	47.4	46.3	46.8	49.2	44.7	47.0	50.8	47.2		
Producer Price Index.....1967=100	1,182.0	1,058.9	1,109.6	1,091.0	1,093.2	1,114.0	1,106.8	1,131.2	1,138.4	1,148.2	1,124.8	*1,110.1	1,113.2	1,131.7	1,129.8	1,127.8
Jet fuel:																
Production.....mil. bbl.	357.0	373.2	29.3	32.5	32.7	34.2	31.9	33.8	33.6	36.8	37.9	34.8	36.1	34.2		
Stocks, end of period.....do	36.8	38.6	38.6	35.6	39.0	40.6	40.7	40.9	42.9	43.6	45.6	45.2	44.6	44.9		
Lubricants:																
Production.....do	51.6	53.8	4.5	4.3	4.6	4.9	5.5	4.8	4.9	5.3	5.1	5.3	4.7	4.8		
Stocks, end of period.....do	12.5	12.1	12.1	12.3	11.7	11.2	11.0	10.9	11.1	11.7	12.2	12.5	12.1	12.5		
Asphalt:																
Production.....do	119.4	*135.7	7.4	6.4	7.0	7.8	10.0	13.1	15.0	16.5	18.1	15.5	12.8	10.9		
Stocks, end of period.....do	15.9	*18.8	18.8	21.1	23.6	25.2	26.6	26.6	23.9	21.4	18.3	15.9	13.1	14.1		
Liquefied gases (incl. ethane and ethylene):																
Production, total.....do	557.5	599.2	51.0	49.9	49.0	52.2	51.3	53.0	51.4	54.2	54.1	51.1	52.2	51.6		
At gas processing plants (L.P.G.).....do	459.0	479.6	41.8	40.0	38.9	40.5	39.8	40.8	39.4	41.7	41.9	40.6	41.8	41.5		
At refineries (L.R.G.).....do	98.5	119.6	9.2	9.9	10.1	11.8	11.5	12.2	12.1	12.6	12.2	10.5	10.4	10.1		
Stocks (at plants and refineries).....do	94.0	100.6	100.6	93.2	88.9	88.6	93.7	100.5	106.2	110.5	114.6	115.3	111.1	108.3		

PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS

PULPWOOD †																
Receipts.....thous. cords (128 cu.ft.)	178,519	184,475	6,691	7,044	7,434	7,619	7,100	7,425	7,423	7,197	7,642	7,398	7,971	7,196		
Consumption.....do	179,039	185,442	6,741	7,185	7,295	7,660	7,344	7,439	7,264	7,192	7,368	7,246	7,625	7,153		
Inventories, end of period.....do	5,426	5,229	5,229	5,168	5,192	5,157	4,777	4,782	4,682	4,621	4,825	5,023	5,475	5,314		
WASTE PAPER †																
Consumption.....thous. sh. tons	13,565	14,539	1,157	1,292	1,276	1,384	1,353	1,397	1,331	1,209	*1,347	*1,258	*1,367	1,310		
Inventories, end of period.....do	1,022	920	920	908	896	896	886	858	870	934	955	931	976	992		
WOODPULP †																
Production:																
Total.....thous. sh. tons	49,334	52,537	4,124	4,513	4,539	4,858	4,715	4,762	4,696	4,530	4,791	4,559	*4,763	4,502		
Dissolving pulp.....do	1,092	1,261	106	98	106	106	117	109	100	99	109	73	103	101		
Paper grades chemical pulp.....do	39,478	42,358	3,297	3,601	3,651	3,921	3,779	3,826	3,767	3,645	3,891	3,703	*3,846	3,646		
Groundwood and thermo-mechanical.....do	5,064	5,067	419	463	454	466	472	476	482	471	461	458	*460	436		
Semi-chemical.....do	3,699	3,851	303	352	328	365	347	351	346	316	330	326	353	318		
Inventories, end of period:																
At pulp mills:																
Own use woodpulp.....do	177	170	170	151	142	154	157	146	159	153	159	163	*164	159		
Market pulp.....do	437	384	384	394	351	324	341	329	319	379	409	415	500	588		
Market pulp at paper and board mills.....do	429	522	522	564	546	588	618	594	596	542	506	508	*474	470		
Exports, all grades, total.....do	13,395	13,674	384	360	317	374	249	336	307	279	318	285	284	274	311	
Dissolving and special alpha.....do	631	646	72	52	38	74	53	47	57	41	43	49	48	28	65	
All other.....do	12,763	13,027	312	208	279	300	196	290	249	238	275	236	236	246	246	
Imports, all grades, total.....do	13,894	14,093	345	337	420	341	338	387	360	357	389	386	344	415	416	
Dissolving and special alpha.....do	162	179	20	14	11	19	6	17	6	15	8	22	7	5	16	
All other.....do	13,732	13,914	325	323	409	322	331	370	354	342	381	364	337	411	399	

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.

PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Continued

PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS †																
Paper and board:																
Production (API):																
Total.....thous. sh. tons..	'59,456	'65,017	5,169	5,680	5,661	6,079	5,776	6,011	5,842	5,574	5,875	'5,669	'5,976	'5,582	5,155	.....
Paper.....do.....	30,390	'32,841	2,706	2,886	2,851	3,050	2,888	2,999	2,888	2,782	2,907	'2,786	'2,999	'2,820	2,653	.....
Paperboard.....do.....	29,065	32,177	2,463	2,795	2,810	3,029	2,888	3,012	2,954	2,792	2,967	2,883	2,977	'2,762	2,503	.....
Producer price indexes:																
Paperboard.....1967=100.....	254.9	250.9	260.9	262.2	271.8	275.6	277.1	277.8	279.1	279.1	285.1	'288.6	291.8	293.4	292.4	288.9
Building paper and board.....do.....	239.5	250.0	250.4	251.9	255.1	258.6	265.8	265.2	265.1	262.9	259.8	'259.4	257.3	253.5	253.6	255.2
Selected types of paper (API):																
Groundwood paper, uncoated:																
Orders, new.....thous. sh. tons..	'1,481	'1,581	122	143	149	141	139	117	125	139	150	123	138	'112	124	.....
Orders, unfilled, end of period.....do.....	92	145	145	157	185	187	194	173	165	150	166	168	171	'158	169	.....
Shipments.....do.....	'1,471	'1,581	121	135	129	140	133	133	131	138	129	123	'135	'126	115	.....
Coated paper:																
Orders, new.....do.....	'4,941	'5,864	545	496	527	552	516	489	542	502	545	479	537	'524	493	.....
Orders, unfilled, end of period.....do.....	322	513	551	520	540	557	568	508	510	495	488	482	455	452	450	.....
Shipments.....do.....	4,974	5,696	496	508	512	531	510	546	524	478	538	496	553	'527	498	.....
Uncoated free sheet papers:																
Orders, new.....do.....	'7,827	'9,076	735	739	726	820	697	773	696	696	724	712	'795	'730	696	.....
Shipments.....do.....	'8,184	'9,095	750	805	789	846	786	833	795	752	799	754	834	'773	720	.....
Unbleached kraft packaging and industrial converting papers:																
Shipments.....thous. sh. tons..	'3,688	'3,666	301	322	322	352	331	323	316	328	304	302	313	289	255	.....
Tissue paper, production.....do.....	'4,438	'4,789	390	407	393	421	402	412	402	391	411	'413	'434	'420	420	.....
Newsprint:																
Canada:																
Production.....thous. metric tons..	8,109	8,486	673	757	622	666	737	811	786	825	775	746	793	758	740	.....
Shipments from mills.....do.....	8,054	8,439	723	699	646	674	701	850	877	759	752	743	792	770	772	.....
Inventory, end of period.....do.....	256	303	303	361	337	329	365	327	236	302	326	329	329	318	285	.....
United States:																
Production.....do.....	4,574	4,688	372	417	410	434	422	436	424	409	426	415	430	417	389	.....
Shipments from mills.....do.....	4,525	4,675	390	415	412	454	439	451	419	413	417	409	426	422	391	.....
Inventory, end of period.....do.....	86	99	99	103	102	82	65	50	55	52	61	67	71	66	64	.....
Estimated consumption, all users.....do.....	10,107	10,579	954	847	880	946	973	992	916	913	950	969	'1,017	'1,038	1,002	.....
Publishers' stocks, end of period #.....thous. metric tons..	854	790	790	785	808	778	770	811	873	955	951	924	903	'875	877	.....
Imports.....thous. sh. tons..	6,531	6,919	593	663	621	591	573	654	740	722	713	666	649	664	637	.....
Price, rolls, contract, f.o.b. mill, freight allowed or delivered.....Index, 1967=100..	315.8	302.9	309.6	309.6	309.6	316.0	314.8	314.8	314.8	334.5	331.2	331.2	338.2	336.9	336.9	336.9
Paper products:																
Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber shipments.....mil. sq. ft. surf. area..	235,185	252,876	'19,873	22,070	21,983	23,650	21,960	23,001	22,387	21,257	23,759	21,605	24,852	21,103	19,496	.....

RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

RUBBER																
Natural rubber:																
Consumption.....thous. metric tons..	660.61	676.27	49.57	73.76	56.78	83.05	68.24	65.12	42.35	73.94	56.06	63.65	58.29	55.37	54.13	.....
Stocks, end of period.....do.....	95.42	80.75	'80,748.00	95.19	95.68	87.68	87.76	91.42	88.46	87.08	84.75	86.22	87.34	91.30	96.42	.....
Imports, incl. latex and guayule.....thous. long tons..	618.27	642.07	54.71	87.84	57.82	75.45	69.18	70.25	41.45	73.81	56.23	67.46	61.95	62.36	62.21	.....
Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.).....\$ per lb..	.453	'2.560	.....	.573	.583	.580	.568	.518	.470	.460	.460	.460	.430	.428	.420	.423
Synthetic rubber:																
Production.....thous. metric tons..	1,828.95	1,978.28	'160.18	183.29	173.02	190.26	193.22	191.43	183.66	166.66	178.43	173.02	179.70	158.32	147.51	.....
Consumption.....do.....	1,757.30	1,860.79	'147.17	177.54	175.36	180.45	166.72	167.11	170.97	147.14	173.85	151.45	184.12	166.34	147.17	.....
Stocks, end of period.....do.....	255.94	283.80	'277.94	284.08	277.18	276.95	294.64	305.01	302.26	309.26	300.64	311.99	301.44	285.88	274.11	.....
Exports (Bu. of Census).....thous. lg. tons..	284.62	275.01	23.67	24.12	22.22	28.09	29.13	29.42	28.02	29.58	30.24	29.95	25.54	25.92	25.68	.....
TIRES AND TUBES																
Pneumatic casings, automotive:																
Production.....thous.....	'178,500	186,923	15,483	16,749	17,498	19,122	16,988	18,043	18,557	15,546	18,078	17,333	19,136	16,645	.....	.....
Shipments, total.....do.....	201,236	218,865	16,077	18,509	17,971	21,422	20,851	21,121	21,084	20,753	20,282	20,525	23,510	19,264	.....	.....
Original equipment.....do.....	38,633	49,364	4,608	4,755	5,109	5,728	4,970	5,290	5,109	4,063	4,551	4,493	5,467	4,906	.....	.....
Replacement equipment.....do.....	158,688	164,265	10,890	13,118	12,253	14,973	15,255	15,205	15,420	16,204	15,067	15,473	17,390	13,770	.....	.....
Exports.....do.....	3,915	5,236	579	636	609	721	626	626	555	486	664	559	653	588	.....	.....
Stocks, end of period.....do.....	39,955	33,340	33,340	35,450	37,615	38,529	38,026	37,693	37,678	36,365	37,199	37,685	37,277	37,995	.....	.....
Exports (Bu. of Census).....do.....	5,971	4,656	484	458	427	544	539	625	500	453	670	533	507	604	550	.....
Inner tubes, automotive:																
Exports (Bu. of Census).....do.....	1,924	1,829	177	97	137	187	85	119	103	120	90	149	239	155	131	.....

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1933	1934												1935
	1932	1933	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS																
PORTLAND CEMENT																
Shipments, finished cement.....thous. bbl.	'343,628	'376,856	22,202	20,356	25,638	29,202	34,346	41,527	43,059	42,117	46,851	39,926	43,340	36,452		
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS																
Shipments: †																
Brick, unglazed (common and face)																
mil. standard brick ..	5,118.9	6,218.4	408.5	332.3	410.3	466.6	554.1	618.7	641.1	630.5	660.4	637.5	'688.1	525.9		
Structural tile, except facing.....thous. sh. tons..	24.2	50.8	3.8	1.0	1.9	2.4	1.9	2.2	4.1	3.6	3.2	3.2	'2.8	3.3		
Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified.....do	359.3	419.9	23.6	23.3	22.2	29.7	32.8	35.5	39.2	38.2	47.0	42.6	41.4	27.6		
Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and unglazed.....mi. sq. ft.	304.7	348.3	26.7	24.6	26.7	29.8	28.0	31.1	29.4	27.9	27.6	26.7	'28.4	31.0		
Producer Price Index, Brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock.....1967=100 ..	312.5	337.8	345.5	345.8	345.6	346.8	348.3	349.5	350.7	351.1	351.1	'353.4	354.7	355.0	355.2	(*)
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS																
Flat glass, mfrs.' shipments.....thous. \$.	892,059	954,927	249,777			221,218			235,270			235,124				
Glass containers: †																
Production.....thous. gross..	'311,104	'294,090	'16,738	21,126	23,174	25,147	24,658	24,891	25,611	25,604	27,279	'22,910	25,771	21,177		
Shipments, total.....do	'308,846	'293,103	'18,604	21,109	21,396	24,388	23,371	24,620	25,911	26,128	28,390	'22,441	24,632	20,863		
Narrow-neck containers:																
Food.....do	27,658	28,270	1,392	2,092	2,221	2,578	1,995	2,377	2,323	2,344	3,129	'2,220	1,915	1,620		
Beverage.....do	61,020	62,617	3,916	3,966	4,484	4,639	5,033	5,431	6,100	6,499	6,716	'4,880	5,206	4,445		
Beer.....do	107,861	97,100	5,778	6,887	6,483	7,781	7,925	8,644	8,906	8,962	8,283	'6,849	7,432	6,498		
Liquor and wine.....do	'22,165	23,628	1,696	1,838	1,789	2,213	2,008	1,996	2,188	2,012	2,339	'1,866	2,276	1,923		
Wide-mouth containers:																
Food and dairy products.....do	63,372	60,108	4,232	4,943	4,923	5,416	4,954	4,837	4,979	5,099	6,348	'5,372	6,374	5,157		
Narrow-neck and wide-mouth containers:																
Medicinal and toilet.....do	'24,155	'19,592	'1,479	1,240	1,340	1,596	1,342	1,203	1,250	1,024	1,332	1,108	1,271	1,056		
Chemical, household and industrial.....do	2,615	1,788	111	143	156	165	114	132	165	188	243	'146	158	164		
Stocks, end of period.....do	45,634	43,469	43,469	44,855	46,357	46,714	47,677	46,995	46,021	46,370	46,331	'44,280	45,601	45,178		
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS																
Production:																
Crude gypsum (exc. byproduct).....thous. sh. tons..	'10,538	12,948	1,117	1,056	1,064	1,292	1,235	1,220	1,183	1,064	1,511	1,373	1,271	1,072		
Calcined.....do	'11,243	13,710	1,161	1,263	1,212	1,289	1,331	1,276	1,119	1,192	1,236	1,179	1,240	1,251		
Imports, crude gypsum.....do	6,718	8,081	561	705	703	721	668	598	571	1,266	658	938	756	763		
Sales of gypsum products:																
Uncalcined.....do	'4,528	4,064	383	268	266	321	324	433	524	373	469	503	376	319		
Calcined:																
Industrial plasters.....do	'430	'442	36	36	40	47	45	38	44	42	49	43	49	43		
Building plasters, total (incl. Keene's cement) @	'264	257	19	20	20	22	20	21	21	21	23	21	24	19		
Board products, total.....mil. sq. ft.	13,093	16,818	1,542	1,494	1,524	1,693	1,591	1,528	1,434	1,490	1,581	1,425	1,681	1,470		
Lath.....do	39	36	4	2	3	4	2	4	3	3	2	2	3	2		
Veneer base.....do	286	368	34	34	37	39	31	34	28	32	36	32	36	34		
Gypsum sheathing.....do	264	344	25	28	28	28	30	29	26	24	27	27	29	23		
Regular gypsum board.....do	8,447	10,807	1,000	945	970	1,070	992	937	874	931	986	883	1,058	932		
Type X gypsum board.....do	3,486	4,283	408	407	398	456	426	420	419	419	433	394	465	407		
Predecorated wallboard.....do	119	119	10	10	12	12	11	12	10	11	11	9	12	11		
%s mobile home board.....do	453	861	62	66	75	83	99	93	74	70	84	77	79	61		

TEXTILE PRODUCTS

FABRIC																
Woven fabric, finishing plants:																
Production (finished fabric).....mil. linear yd..	7,118	7,676	'699	556	610	'766	582	600	'713	403	571	'674	'563	516		
Cotton.....do	2,519	2,750	'234	207	227	'288	219	228	'260	149	212	'251	212	192		
Manmade fiber and silk fabrics.....do	4,599	4,926	'465	350	383	'478	362	372	'453	254	360	'423	'351	324		
Inventories held at end of period.....do	694	720	720	673	679	673	680	687	675	664	672	643	668	650		
Cotton.....do	254	252	252	285	288	291	290	293	279	267	263	263	272	260		
Manmade fiber and silk fabrics.....do	440	468	468	388	390	382	390	395	396	397	409	380	396	390		
Backlog of finishing orders.....do			575	615	631	611	623	599	557	630	576	566	509	476		
Cotton.....do			219	224	245	237	227	211	189	190	187	206	196	189		
Manmade fiber and silk fabrics.....do			356	332	327	313	335	326	304	346	388	360	313	286		
COTTON AND MANUFACTURES																
Cotton (excluding linters):																
Production:																
Ginnings.....thous. running bales..	11,526	7,504								163	636	1,179	4,324	8,979	11,082	
Crop estimate.....thous. net weight bales \$.	11,963	7,771												13,381		
Consumption.....thous. running bales..	4,938	5,553	'468	469	448	'548	423	442	'508	354	416	'494	415	'377	'408	
Stocks in the United States, total, end of period #.....thous. running bales..	14,232	10,686	10,686	9,512	8,347	6,908	5,698	4,702	3,775	2,833	14,798	14,026	13,289	'12,477	11,732	
Domestic cotton, total.....do	14,229	10,685	10,685	9,511	8,346	6,908	5,697	4,701	3,774	2,832	14,797	14,025	13,288	'12,476	11,731	
On farms and in transit.....do	2,433	1,159	1,159	1,222	1,275	1,166	962	943	741	300	12,592	11,949	9,594	'4,432	1,643	
Public storage and compresses.....do	11,101	8,924	8,924	7,643	6,359	4,997	3,960	2,998	2,212	1,757	1,491	1,432	3,155	'7,481	9,028	
Consuming establishments.....do	695	602	602	646	712	740	775	765	821	708	714	644	539	'558	700	

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units		Annual		1983			1984											1985	
		1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.		

TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued																	
COTTON AND MANUFACTURES—Cont.																	
Cotton (excluding linters)—Continued																	
Exports.....thous. running bales.....	6,079	5,649	632	663	719	896	723	607	422	365	452	264	292	484	629		
Imports.....thous. net-weight bales \$.....	39	8	(°)	1	1	(°)	(°)	1	21	31	20	1	1	(°)	(°)		
Price(farm), American upland (°).....cents per lb.....	59.1	66.0	66.2	62.7	65.0	70.1	67.2	72.7	68.0	65.9	67.2	64.6	64.6	61.8	55.8	53.7	
Price, Strict Low Middling, Grade 41, staple 34 (1½%).....average 10 markets.....cents per lb.....	60.5	63.1	73.0	70.6	71.4	74.9	75.6	79.4	75.0	67.4	63.0	61.2	61.2	60.4	60.4	60.0	
Spindle activity (cotton system spindles):																	
Active spindles, last working day, total.....mil.....	14.2	13.9	13.9	13.8	14.0	13.6	13.7	13.7	13.6	13.6	13.5	13.4	13.4	13.3			
Consuming 100 percent cotton.....do.....	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1			
Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total.....bil.....	81.6	90.3	7.6	7.4	8.0	9.1	6.9	7.0	8.2	5.5	6.5	7.5	6.5	6.0			
Average per working day.....do.....	320	343	305	371	400	364	346	350	328	276	323	301	325	299			
Consuming 100 percent cotton.....do.....	30.2	33.7	33.0	2.8	2.9	3.2	2.5	2.5	3.0	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.4	2.2			
Cotton cloth:																	
Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width: Production (qtrly.).....mil. sq. yd.....	3,794	4,192	1,040			1,092			1,028			921					
Orders, unfilled, end of period, compared with average weekly production.....no. weeks' prod.....	11.1	11.8	13.8	13.2	14.2	15.0	14.7	13.1	12.3	12.3	11.5	12.0	11.1	11.3			
Inventories, end of period, compared with avg. weekly production.....no. weeks' prod.....	7.1	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.5	3.9	4.0	4.2	3.9	5.2	4.5	4.3	4.5	5.0			
Ratio of stocks to unfilled orders (at cotton mills), end of period.....do.....	65	40	34	35	32	26	28	32	32	35	39	36	41	44			
Exports, raw cotton equiv. thous. net-weight.....480 lb. bales.....	239.2	188.8	14.8	14.2	12.3	13.6	13.4	14.2	16.9	13.5	12.8	15.7	16.7	14.1			
Imports, raw cotton equivalent.....do.....	601.3	793.1	77.4	99.2	96.5	102.1	97.9	79.1	98.9	101.7	91.3	80.1	80.6	66.0			
Producer Price Index, gray cotton broadwovens *.....12/75=100 ..	152.6	152.1	156.7	157.3	158.6	158.1	158.2	157.5	159.9	159.2	159.3	159.0	158.4	158.6	157.7	157.4	
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES																	
Fiber production, qtrly:																	
Acetate filament yarn.....mil. lb.....	195.2	227.6	53.8			55.2			56.0			50.0					
Rayon staple, including tow.....do.....	355.0	374.8	98.0			104.0			103.7			94.0					
Noncellulosic, except textile glass:																	
Yarn and monofilaments.....do.....	3,040.3	3,560.5	932.1			897.7			889.9			836.9					
Staple, incl. tow.....do.....	3,402.5	3,970.6	1,035.6			1,011.5			1,026.8			953.5					
Textile glass fiber.....do.....	899.2	1,167.2	334.6			333.3			337.0								
Fiber stocks, producers', end of period:																	
Acetate filament yarn.....mil. lb.....	10.7	12.5	12.5			13.2			13.1			15.3					
Rayon staple, including tow.....do.....	25.9	23.3	23.3			25.3			26.2			23.3					
Noncellulosic fiber, except textile glass:																	
Yarn and monofilaments.....do.....	279.8	274.9	274.9			298.0			304.6			300.8					
Staple, incl. tow.....do.....	324.8	342.0	342.0			363.2			376.9			373.6					
Textile glass fiber.....do.....	141.0	124.7	124.7			141.2			122.6								
Manmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics:																	
Production(qtrly.), total #.....mil. sq. yd.....	9,760.4	11,460.7	3,142.9			3,054.9			3,070.3			2,891.5					
Filament yarn (100%) fabrics #.....do.....	3,669.6	4,472.9	1,296.8			1,227.7			1,264.2			1,213.1					
Chiefly rayon and/or acetate fabrics.....do.....	346.6	296.1				1,364.0			141.4			148.7					
Chiefly nylon fabrics.....do.....	397.5	357.1	111.5			140.6			136.8			149.8					
Spun yarn (100%) fabrics #.....do.....	5,067.6	5,702.1	1,497.4			1,480.9			1,472.9			1,338.4					
Rayon and/or acetate fabrics, blends.....do.....	94.1	86.9	23.1			26.6			28.4			25.7					
Polyester blends with cotton.....do.....	3,565.4	4,417.4	1,155.6			1,136.5			1,147.9			1,034.5					
Acetate filament and spun yarn fabrics.....do.....	853.3	1,094.9	295.0			286.8			275.8			281.3					
Producer Price Index, gray synthetic broadwovens *.....12/75=100 ..	143.7	147.0	151.0	148.8	151.2	152.3	152.4	153.5	153.3	153.3	153.6	151.9	152.5	152.3	149.7	149.4	
Manmade fiber textile trade:																	
Exports, manmade fiber equivalent.....mil. lbs.....	438.55	460.71	35.24	35.08	37.05	40.21	38.50	42.79	46.53	40.63	44.02	43.94	44.51	36.94			
Yarn, tops, thread, cloth.....thous. do.....	200.59	167.19	12.49	12.74	13.19	15.86	12.94	15.70	16.55	13.13	15.59	17.32	17.34	14.61			
Cloth, woven.....do.....	132.57	108.66	7.76	7.93	7.96	8.83	8.26	9.91	10.79	9.08	9.80	10.24	9.78	8.07			
Manufactured prods., apparel, furnishings.....do.....	237.96	293.52	22.74	22.34	23.86	24.35	25.56	27.09	29.98	27.50	28.43	26.62	27.17	22.33			
Imports, manmade fiber equivalent.....do.....	807.10	1,069.49	77.93	100.34	118.86	110.21	110.50	114.35	122.45	169.47	127.72	114.80	98.79	80.51			
Yarn, tops, thread, cloth.....do.....	132.58	182.50	13.36	18.91	18.27	19.34	20.11	18.28	18.65	25.44	21.64	16.20	13.38				
Cloth, woven.....do.....	93.34	123.21	9.07	12.50	11.51	12.53	14.54	12.65	13.45	17.34	15.63	13.52	12.64	9.56			
Manufactured products, apparel, furnishings.....do.....	674.51	886.99	64.58	81.43	100.59	90.87	90.40	96.06	103.80	144.03	106.08	93.04	82.60	67.14			
Apparel, total.....do.....	485.31	574.39	34.18	51.31	63.14	53.16	50.85	56.11	59.78	88.89	67.93	62.70	54.78	41.98			
Knit apparel.....do.....	193.09	241.30	11.05	17.64	22.39	18.63	19.80	23.33	25.85	38.38	29.24	26.70	21.63	15.24			
WOOL AND MANUFACTURES																	
Wool consumption, mill (clean basis):																	
Apparel class.....mil. lb.....	105.9	126.7	111.8	10.6	12.1	14.0	11.4	12.1	13.1	8.3	10.0	11.4	8.7	9.1	9.6		
Carpet class.....do.....	9.8	11.4	8.8	8	8	10.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Wool imports, clean yield.....do.....	61.4	78.1	8.9	11.2	9.0	7.8	7.8	10.4	6.7	9.6	6.4	6.0	6.9	5.6	6.8		
Duty-free.....do.....	21.4	28.7	3.8	2.7	1.8	2.7	2.8	3.1	2.2	4.5	2.9	2.6	2.5	1.5	1.5		
Wool prices, raw, shorn, clean basis, delivered to U.S. mills:																	
Domestic—Graded territory, 64's, staple 2¾" and up.....cents per lb.....	2.47	2.12	2.28	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.45	2.34	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.21	2.18	2.14	2.05	
Australian, 64's, Type 62, duty-paid.....do.....	2.99	2.66	2.66	2.68	2.76	2.79	2.76	2.71	2.69	2.55	2.59	2.47	2.49	2.55	2.51	2.46	
Wool broadwoven goods, exc. felts: Production (qtrly.).....mil. sq. yd.....	121.1	143.5	37.0			47.8			44.4			29.5					
FLOOR COVERINGS																	
Carpet, rugs, carpeting (woven, tufted, other), shipments, quarterly.....mil. sq. yds.....	885.8	1,090.1	284.7			289.8			298.7			276.5					
APPAREL																	
Women's, misses', juniors' apparel cuttings:																	
Coats.....thous. units.....	12,617	12,709	569	439	503	568	602	979	1,057	1,087	1,255	1,261	986	510			
Dresses.....do.....	166,747	167,046	10,118	13,942	16,662	16,693	15,359	13,698	11,266	10,473	10,829	10,213	11,868	10,504			
Suits (incl. pant suits, jumpsuits).....do.....	12,138	12,988	984	1,192	1,344	1,461	1,256	1,309	1,087	948	1,029	926	1,168	1,139			
Skirts.....do.....	104,430	102,835	7,502	8,018	8,567	8,712	7,365	9,007	8,016	6,537	8,108	7,513	6,858	5,986			
Blouses.....thous. dozen.....	27,845	30,909	2,288	2,754	2,858	2,990	2,776	2,439	2,264	1,962	2,166	2,011	2,075	1,897			

See footnotes at end of tables.

Units	Annual		1983	1984												1985
	1982	1983	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued																
APPAREL—Continued																
Men's apparel cuttings:																
Suits.....thous. units..	411,735	11,181	913	1,118	1,079	1,198	993	1,065	956	752	1,101	1,013	1,175	1,070		
Coats (separate), dress and sport.....do.	416,477	19,113	1,312	1,605	1,739	1,814	1,860	1,904	1,861	1,461	1,715	1,595	1,720	1,588		
Trousers (separate), dress.....do.	4111,749	112,699	7,614	10,053	12,115	10,702	9,700	10,602	9,308	7,396	10,340	9,065	9,904	8,886		
Slacks (jean cut), casual.....do.	4172,299	187,453	9,447	12,912	13,791	14,178	12,732	15,242	18,179	15,338	15,625	15,052	14,073	13,041		
Shirts, dress and sport.....thous. doz.	492,423	40,861	3,266	3,694	3,831	3,940	3,505	3,803	3,811	2,886	3,512	3,064	3,136	2,641		
Hosiery, shipments.....thous. doz. pairs..	288,704	308,079	24,905	24,191	25,847	28,867	24,649	25,748	26,576	31,426	24,637	23,627	27,208	25,460	21,122	
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT																
AEROSPACE VEHICLES																
Orders, new (net), qtrly, total.....mil. \$..	86,900	92,930	27,769													
U.S. Government.....do.	56,716	62,347	19,973													
Prime contract.....do.	84,897	91,160	27,350													
Sales (net), receipts, or billings, quarterly, total.....do.	75,487	82,777	22,645													
U.S. Government.....do.	42,239	49,169	13,877													
Backlog of orders, end of period #.....do.	106,123	116,276	116,276													
U.S. Government.....do.	61,068	74,246	74,246													
Aircraft (complete) and parts.....do.	46,606	48,953	48,953													
Engines (aircraft) and parts.....do.	11,958	12,905	12,905													
Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propulsion units, and parts.....mil. \$..	13,262	15,524	15,524													
Other related operations (conversions, modifications), products, services.....mil. \$..	12,465	14,548	14,548													
Aircraft (complete);																
Shipments ↑.....do.	8,681.5	9,927.5	1,227.3	286.2	580.8	681.3	568.8	735.5	892.8	739.3	476.0	716.1	649.2	904.4		
Airframe weight ↑.....thous. lb.	44,455	44,936	4,765	1,471	2,814	2,578	2,872	3,065	3,621	1,535	2,114	3,143	2,810	3,569		
Exports, commercial.....mil. \$..	4,775	5,569	679	140	378	322	310	325	469	246	137	389	261	344	668	
MOTOR VEHICLES (NEW)																
Passenger cars:																
Factory sales (from U.S. plants):																
Total ↑.....thous.	5,049	6,739	581	647	682	772	665	699	676	517	519	588	686	668		(2)
Domestic ↑.....do.	4,696	6,201	541	608	632	702	601	639	620	474	486	493	641	622		
Retail sales, total, not seas. adj.....do.	7,980	9,179	752	778	841	964	896	1,047	958	890	814	744	900	802	759	835
Domestics \$.....do.	5,758	6,793	559	583	655	756	721	803	727	684	604	567	690	601	561	628
Imports \$.....do.	2,221	2,386	192	195	186	208	174	244	230	206	210	178	211	201	199	207
Total, seas. adj. at annual rate.....mil.			10.6	10.7	10.7	10.0	10.2	11.0	10.8	10.6	10.0	10.3	9.7	9.8	11.0	11.1
Domestics \$.....do.			8.0	8.1	8.6	7.8	8.1	8.4	8.2	8.3	7.7	7.9	6.9	7.1	8.3	8.4
Imports \$.....do.			2.6	2.6	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.6
Retail inventories, end of period, domestics: \$																
Not seasonally adjusted.....thous.	1,126	1,352	1,352	1,471	1,532	1,572	1,535	1,460	1,446	1,298	1,268	1,266	1,293	1,404	1,415	1,565
Seasonally adjusted.....do.	1,127	1,350	1,350	1,476	1,523	1,603	1,557	1,448	1,350	1,266	1,346	1,291	1,329	1,461	1,494	1,644
Inventory-retail sales ratio, domestics \$.....2.3	2.3	2.4	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.3
Exports (BuCensus), total.....do.	374.30	551.16	38.14	40.71	53.69	70.88	65.39	63.19	58.31	41.75	31.74	48.01	42.06	52.63	45.28	
To Canada.....do.	334.05	523.99	36.18	38.85	50.64	68.57	63.37	60.02	57.21	40.40	30.60	46.89	40.26	50.93	41.56	
Imports (ITC), complete units #.....do.	2,926.4	3,133.8	297.1	316.6	258.6	317.8	305.2	355.8	295.2	323.1	271.0	269.6	286.9	291.9	267.8	
From Canada, total.....do.	702.5	836.8	98.4	83.5	94.3	87.5	109.4	99.3	102.9	67.0	79.1	79.8	92.1	96.0	81.5	
Registrations ○, total new vehicles.....do.	7,754	8,924	910	747	782	835	837	886	928	903	852	874	884	816	823	
Imports, including domestically sponsored.....do.	2,269	2,457	239	195	194	199	188	199	224	224	228	231	208	208	224	
Trucks and buses:																
Factory sales (from U.S. plants):																
Total @.....do.	1,906	2,414	207	246	252	283	253	288	278	208	261	243	283	263		(2)
Domestic @.....do.	1,779	2,260	192	231	235	264	235	267	260	194	246	230	268	248		
Retail sales, not seasonally adjusted: *																
Light-duty ↑.....do.	2,063.8	2,520.7	244.5	226.7	256.2	313.7	289.4	325.0	290.8	275.9	231.2	247.3	295.0	269.9	240.1	
Medium-duty ↑.....do.	45.7	47.7	3.9	3.7	4.3	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.5	7.0	5.0	5.4	6.1	5.5	5.0	
Heavy-duty ↑.....do.	138.3	141.0	15.1	12.1	14.2	17.1	18.8	20.4	20.6	19.9	17.9	19.1	20.2	16.8	18.9	
Retail sales, seasonally adjusted:																
Light-duty ↑.....do.			268.8	256.6	245.5	258.3	278.9	275.1	261.2	297.3	242.6	272.6	308.6	305.4	263.7	
Medium-duty ↑.....do.			4.4	4.6	5.3	4.5	5.0	4.5	3.9	5.5	4.2	5.2	5.9	7.3	5.9	
Heavy-duty ↑.....do.			16.2	12.6	15.4	14.8	16.4	19.8	19.9	18.9	17.3	19.9	19.7	21.6	21.0	
Retail inventories, end of period:																
Not seasonally adjusted *.....do.	539.5	583.7	583.7	649.5	672.8	686.4	684.6	679.5	699.8	636.7	696.8	727.8	750.0	788.2	782.8	
Seasonally adjusted.....do.	545.5	591.4	591.4	629.4	664.3	676.7	673.6	667.0	667.0	648.0	755.3	766.1	746.8	781.6	794.0	
Exports (BuCensus).....do.	124.43	131.86	10.54	10.52	15.20	15.76	14.95	15.59	13.06	10.90	9.37	12.53	11.48	11.52	12.50	
Imports (BuCensus), including separate chassis and bodies.....thous.	738.48	846.89	94.07	80.41	72.72	85.78	111.41	105.66	92.36	95.30	78.75	94.35	84.13	90.13	86.12	
Registrations ○, new vehicles, excluding buses not produced on truck chassis.....thous.	2,430	2,977	332	282	302	329	336	348	363	347	330	357	350	341	361	
Truck trailers and chassis, complete (excludes detachables), shipments ↑.....number	108,864	120,658	13,782	19,731	17,341	19,237	17,788	20,202	19,982	19,477	21,525	18,600	20,996	18,459	21,157	
Vans ↑.....do.	70,437	85,067	10,182	15,421	12,597	13,668	12,127	13,473	13,243	12,640	14,425	11,677	12,573	11,799	13,216	
Trailer bodies (detachable), sold separately ↑.....do.	4,075	2,698	677	88	98	47	15	47	75	81	163	113	132	69	19	
Trailer chassis (detachable), sold separately ↑.....do.	4,128	4,406	824	1,638	1,398	2,062	1,742	2,614	2,592	2,398	2,848	2,292	2,326	2,132	1,485	
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT																
Freight cars (new), for domestic use; all railroads and private car lines (excludes rebuilt cars and cars for export):																
Shipments.....number	417,236	45,772	745	415	528	894	722	755	1,771	1,327	1,300	1,465	1,295	1,225	796	
Equipment manufacturers.....do.	415,515	45,570	745	415	528	894	722	755	1,771	1,327	1,300	1,465	1,295	1,225	796	
New orders.....do.	417,071	45,964	805	2,736	1,523	1,213	672	1,301	2,994	607	785	775	1,578	525	751	
Equipment manufacturers.....do.	416,321	45,962	805	2,736	1,523	1,213	672	1,301	2,744	607	785	775	1,422	525	751	
Unfilled orders, end of period.....do.	4,295	3,271	3,271	5,553	6,548	6,928	5,177	5,723	7,287	6,821	6,306	5,616	5,899	5,199	5,154	
Equipment manufacturers.....do.	4,095	3,271	3,271	5,553	6,548	6,928	5,177	5,723	7,017	6,571	6,056	5,366	5,498	4,793	4,748	
Freight cars (revenue), class 1 railroads(AAR): ‡																
Number owned, end of period.....thous.	1,039	1,007	1,007	1,006	1,001	996	992	986	979	975	972	967	958	952	948	
Capacity (carrying), total, end of month.....mil. tons..	84.87	82.96	82.96	82.96	82.60	82.22	82.00	81.54	81.06	80.84	80.66	80.21	79.71	79.33	79.02	
Average per car.....tons.	81.68	82.37	82.37	82.43	82.52	82.56	82.64	82.73	82.83	82.90	82.96	82.96	83.18	83.30	83.34	

See footnotes at end of tables.

FOOTNOTES FOR PAGES S-1 THROUGH S-32

General Notes for all Pages:

- r Revised.
- p Preliminary.
- e Estimated.
- c Corrected.

Page S-1

- † Revised series. See Tables 2.6-2.9 in the July 1984 SURVEY for revised estimates for 1981-84.
- ‡ Includes inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.
- § Monthly estimates equal the centered three-month average of personal saving as a percentage of the centered three-month moving average of disposable personal income.

Page S-2

- 1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
- # Includes data not shown separately.
- ‡ See note "‡" for p. S-8.
- † See note "†" for p. S-8.
- †† See note "††" for p. S-3.
- @ Revised series. For manufacturing see note "††" for p. S-3. For retail see note "‡" for p. S-8. For wholesale see note "†" for p. S-8.
- § Revised series. Data have revised back to 1981, effective with the August 1984 SURVEY. Revisions are available upon request.

Page S-3

- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ‡ See note "‡" for p. S-8.
- † See note "†" for p. S-8.
- †† Effective May 1984 SURVEY, data have been revised for Jan. 1977-Dec. 1983. A detailed description of this revision and data appear in the report "Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders" M3-1.13 (1977-1983), copies of this report can be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. A computer tape of the report, including data back to 1958 can be purchased from the Data User Services Division, Customer Services Branch, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
- @ See note "@" for p. S-2.
- § See note "§" for p. S-2.

Page S-4

- 1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ‡ Includes textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are zero.
- † See note "†" for p. S-3.
- ◇ For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco, apparel and other textile products, petroleum and coal, chemicals and allied products, and rubber and plastics products) sales are considered equal to new orders.

Page S-5

- 1. Based on unadjusted data.
- 2. The annual liabilities figure for 1982 is \$15,610,792,000.
- @ Compiled by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. Monthly data are now available through 1982, and are available upon request.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- § Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index).
- ‡ See note "‡" for p. S-4.
- † Effective with the Feb. 1984 SURVEY, data (back to 1981 for some commodities) have been revised. Effective with July 1984 SURVEY, data for 1982-83 have been revised. Effective with the Feb. 1985 SURVEY, data (back to 1982, for some commodities have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.
- ◇ Beginning with data for January 1983, the index is affected by a change in methodology used to compute the homeownership component. For additional information regarding this change, see p. S-36 of the Feb. 1983 SURVEY.
- * New series.
- †† See note "††" for p. S-3.

Page S-6

- § For actual producer prices or price indexes of individual commodities, see respective commodities in the Industry section beginning p. S-19. All indexes subject to revision four months after original publication.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- * New series. This index (first shown in the Feb. 1984 SURVEY) reflects costs associated with homeowners' consumption of shelter service. This new index combines the subindexes of owners' equivalent rent and household insurance. Indexes prior to Dec. 1982 are not available. For additional information, see p. S-36 of the Feb. 1983 SURVEY.
- ‡ Effective with the Feb. 1984 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1979 to reflect updated seasonal factors and are available upon request.
- † Effective with the Feb. 1984 SURVEY, data back to 1979 have been revised. Effective with the Feb. 1985 SURVEY, data back to 1980 have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.
- ◇ See note "◇" for p. S-5.

Page S-7

- 1. Computed from cumulative valuation total.
- 2. Index as of Feb. 1, 1985: building, 360.0; construction, 388.8.
- 3. Data are for 16,000 permit-issuing places.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- § Data for Dec. 1983, and Mar., May, Aug., and Nov. 1984 are for five weeks; other months four weeks.
- † Effective Feb. 1984 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted housing starts have been revised back to 1981. Effective Feb. 1985 SURVEY, data have been revised from 1982-84. These revisions are available upon request.
- ‡ Effective Feb. 1985 SURVEY, data for building permit authorizations are based on 17,000 permit-issuing places beginning with Jan. 1984. These revisions are available upon request.
- @ Effective Feb. 1984 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted manufacturer's shipments of mobile homes have been revised back to 1981. Effective Feb. 1985 SURVEY, unadjusted data for Jan. 1982 through June 1984, and seasonally adjusted data from Jan. 1982 through Nov. 1984 have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.

Page S-8

- 1. Advance estimate.
- 2. Direct endorsement cases are included beginning with June data.
- ◇ Home mortgage rates (conventional first mortgages) are under money and interest rates on p. S-14.
- § Data include guaranteed direct loans sold.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- † Effective April 1984 SURVEY, wholesale trade data have been revised for Jan. 1978-Dec. 1983. A detailed description and the revised series appear in the report "Revised Monthly Wholesale Trade" BW-13-83s, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233; \$2.50 per copy.
- ‡ Effective April 1984 SURVEY, retail trade data have been revised for Jan. 1978-Dec. 1983. Revised data and a summary of changes appear in the report "Revised Monthly Retail Sales and Inventories" BR-13-83s, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233; \$2.75 per copy.
- * New series. Annual data for earlier periods are available upon request. Monthly data for earlier periods will be available later.

Page S-9

- 1. Advance estimate.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ◇ Effective with the January 1985 SURVEY, the seasonally adjusted labor force series have been revised back to January 1980. Effective with the January 1984 SURVEY, the seasonally adjusted labor force series have been revised back to January 1979. Revised monthly data back to 1980 appear in the January 1985 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised monthly data for 1979 appear in the February 1984 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.
- † The participation rate is the percent of the civilian noninstitutional population in the civilian labor force. The employment-population ratio is civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years and over.
- ‡ See note "‡" for p. S-8.
- * New series.
- @ Data include resident armed forces.

Page S-10

- § These unemployment rates are for civilian workers only. The unemployment rate for all workers, including the resident armed forces, was 7.3 in Jan. 1985.
- ◇ See note "◇" for p. S-9.
- * New series.
- † Effective June 1984 SURVEY, data have been revised back to April 1982 (not seasonally adjusted) and January 1979 (seasonally adjusted) based on the March 1983 benchmark, an improved method for estimating the employment effect of new firms entering the economy, and revised seasonal factors. The June 1984 issue of *"Employment and Earnings"* contains a detailed discussion of the effects of the revisions.

Page S-11

- ‡ This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.
- ◇ Production and nonsupervisory workers.
- * New series.
- † See note "†" for p. S-10.

Page S-12

1. This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. Use the corresponding unadjusted series.

◇ Production and nonsupervisory workers.

‡ Earnings in 1977 dollars reflect changes in purchasing power since 1977 by dividing by Consumer Price Index.

§ Wages as of Feb. 1, 1985: Common, \$15.89; Skilled, \$20.98.

* New series.

@ New series. The Employment Cost Index (ECI) is a quarterly measure of the average change in the cost of employing labor. See p. S-36 of the August through October 1984 issues of the SURVEY for a brief description of the ECI.

† Excludes farm, household, and Federal workers.

†† See note "†" for p. S-10.

Page S-13

1. Average for Dec.

2. Reported annual; monthly revisions are not available.

3. Effective December 1, 1982, there was a break in the commercial paper series because of changes in reporting panels, modifications to reporting instructions and corrections to misreported bank data.

‡ Effective January 1984, series revised due to changes in the reporting panel and in the item contents. The new panel includes 168 banks that had domestic office assets exceeding \$1.4 billion as of December 31, 1982.

Includes data for items not shown separately.

†† Reflects offsetting changes in classification of deposits of thrift institutions. Deposits of thrifts were formerly grouped with deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations, instead of with deposits of commercial banks in the United States.

* "Transaction balances other than demand deposits" consists of ATS, NOW, super NOW, and telephone transfer accounts, which formerly were classified with savings deposits. "Nontransaction balances" reflects the combination of deposits formerly reported separately as time deposits and the savings deposits remaining after deduction of the items now reported separately under "transaction balances."

§ Excludes loans and federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and includes valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).

◇ Securities of Federal agencies and corporations have been shifted out of "other securities" and are now combined with U.S. Treasury securities. Also, loan obligations of States and political subdivisions have been shifted out of "other securities" and are now shown separately among the loan items.

@ Insured unemployment (all programs) data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws; amounts paid under these programs are excluded from state benefits paid data.

@@ Insured unemployment as a percent of average covered employment in a 12-month period.

Page S-14

1. Data are for fiscal years ending Sept. 30 and include revisions not distributed to the months.

2. Weighted by number of loans.

3. For an explanation of the prime rate and historical data, see p. S-36 of the June or July 1984 SURVEY.

4. Data are not yet available.

† Effective April 1984 SURVEY, the consumer installment credit series have been revised back to July 1980 to reflect more complete benchmark data for some of the components.

Includes data for items not shown separately.

◇ Adjusted to exclude domestic commercial interbank loans and federal funds sold to domestic commercial banks.

‡ Rates on the commercial paper placed for firms whose bond rating is Aa or the equivalent.

†† Courtesy of *Metals Week*.

@@ Average effective rate

* New series.

Page S-15

1. Beginning 1983, the reporting frequency has been changed from a monthly to a quarterly basis.

2. This series has been discontinued.

† Effective Feb. 1985 SURVEY, the money stock measures and components have been revised and are available from the Banking Section of the Division of Research and Statistics at the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D.C. 20551

‡ Composition of the money stock measures is as follows:

M1.—This measure is currency plus demand deposits at commercial banks and interest-earning checkable deposits at all depository institutions—namely NOW accounts, automatic transfer from savings (ATS) accounts, and credit union share draft balances—as well as a small amount of demand deposits at thrift institutions that cannot, using present data sources, be separated from interest-earning checkable deposits.

M2.—This measure adds to M1 overnight repurchase agreements (RP's) issued by commercial banks and certain overnight Eurodollars (those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks) held by U.S. nonbank residents, money market mutual fund shares, and savings and small-denomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of less than \$100,000) at all depository institutions. Depository institutions are commercial banks (including U.S. agencies and branches of foreign banks, Edge Act corporations, and foreign investment companies), mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.

M3.—This measure equals M2 plus large-denomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of \$100,000 or more) at all depository institutions (including negotiable CD's) plus term RP's issued by commercial banks and savings and loan associations.

L.—This broad measure of liquid assets equals M3 plus other liquid assets consisting of other Eurodollar holdings of U.S. nonbank residents, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, savings bonds, and marketable liquid Treasury obligations.

†† Includes ATS and NOW balances at all depository institutions, credit union share draft balances, and demand deposits at thrift institutions.

◇ Overnight (and continuing contract) RP's are those issued by commercial banks to the nonbank public, and overnight Eurodollars are those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks to U.S. nonbank customers.

* New series. For "Other checkable deposits," see also note "††" for this page.

@ Small time deposits are those issued in amounts of less than \$100,000. Large time deposits are those issued in amounts of \$100,000 or more and are net of the holdings of domestic banks, thrift institutions, the U.S. Government, money market mutual funds, and foreign banks and official institutions.

Includes data for items not shown separately.

§ Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of the series.

@@ Annual data for 1978-82 and monthly data for 1982 have been revised to exclude private placements. Monthly revisions for 1978-81 are not available.

Page S-16

1. The Aaa public utility average was suspended Jan. 17, 1984, because of a lack of appropriate issues. The average corporate and the Aaa corporate do not include Aaa utilities from Jan. 17 to Oct. 12. The Aaa utility average was reinstated on Oct. 12; the Oct. monthly average includes only the last 14 days of the month.

§ Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of the series.

‡ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.

Includes data for items not shown separately.

@ Data may not equal the sum of the geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the component items.

◇ As of Jan. 25, 1984, the base period was changed to 1982=100.

Page S-17

1. Beginning with Jan. 1982 data, the Customs value is being substituted for the f.a.s. value.

Includes data not shown separately.

§ Data may not equal the sum of geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the components.

Page S-18

1. See note 1 for p. S-17.

2. Annual total; quarterly or monthly revisions are not available.

3. Before extraordinary and prior period items.

4. For month shown.

5. Domestic trunk operations only (averaging about 90 percent of domestic total).

6. Restaurant sales index data represent hotels and motor hotels only.

Includes data for items not shown separately.

§ Total revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled service.

‡ Beginning Jan. 1977, Class I railroads are defined as those having operating revenues of \$50 million or more.

◇ Average daily rent per room occupied, not scheduled rates.

Data represent entries to a national park for recreational use of the park, its services, conveniences, and/or facilities.

* New series.

Page S-19

1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.

2. A portion of data is being suppressed because of not meeting publication standards.

3. Less than 500 short tons.

Includes data for items not shown separately.

§ Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.

‡ Monthly data back to 1981 have been revised and are available upon request.

* New series, first shown in the Mar. 1984 SURVEY. Annual and monthly data back to 1980 are available upon request.

@ Because of deregulation, carriers are free to enter both domestic and international markets. Previously, carriers were limited either to domestic or overseas markets. Separate data for domestic or overseas are no longer available.

Page S-20

1. Reported annual total; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available.

2. Annual total includes data for Hawaii; not distributed to the months.

§ Data are not wholly comparable from year to year because of changes from one classification to another.

‡ Revised quarterly data for 1981-83 are available upon request.

◇ Effective 1983, data are based on a new sample of approximately 150 establishments, which was selected using the 1981 annual survey "Paints and Allied Products" panel as a universe frame. Comparable data for 1979-82 and revisions for 1983 are available upon request.

† Effective with the July 1984 SURVEY, data for 1980-82 (and 1975 for revenue from sales to customers) have been revised. Effective with the Feb. 1985 SURVEY, data for 1982-83 have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.

Page S-21

1. Based on quotations for fewer than 12 months.
2. Crop estimate for the year.
3. Stocks as of June 1.
4. Stocks as of June 1 and represents previous year's crop; new crop not reported until June (beginning of new crop year).
5. Previous year's crop; new crop not reported until Oct. (beginning of new crop year).
6. See note "@" for this page.
7. Less than 50,000 bushels.
8. Crop estimate for 1984.
9. Effective with 1983, figure represents June 1 stocks (based on previous year's crop); whereas, 1982 and earlier annuals are for stocks ending Dec. 31 of the respective calendar year. Quarterly estimates are no longer available.
10. Data are no longer available.
- § Excludes pearl barley.
- # Bags of 100 lbs.
- @ Data are quarterly except for June (covering Apr. and May) and Sept. (covering June-Sept.).
- * New series, first shown in the Mar. 1984 SURVEY. Annual and monthly data for earlier periods are available upon request.
- ** New series, first shown in the Sept. 1984 SURVEY. Annual and monthly indexes for earlier periods are available upon request.

Page S-22

- § Cases of 30 dozen.
- ◇ Bags of 132.276 lbs.
- ‡ Monthly revisions for 1982 are available upon request.
- * New series, first shown in the Mar. 1984 SURVEY. Annual and monthly indexes covering wheat for earlier periods are available upon request.

Page S-23

1. Crop estimate for the year.
2. Crop estimate for 1984.
3. Annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
- # Totals include data for items not shown separately.
- * New series, first shown in the Mar. 1984 SURVEY. Annual and monthly indexes for earlier periods are available upon request.
- † New series.
- ◇ Effective Dec. 1983 SURVEY, the footwear production series have been revised back to Jan. 1981. Effective Dec. 1984 SURVEY, the footwear production series have been revised back to Jan. 1982.

Page S-24

1. Annual data; monthly revisions not available.
2. Less than 500 short tons.
- † New series.

Page S-25

1. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available.
2. For month shown.
- † Beginning January 1982, data represent metallic (mostly aluminum) content. Data for 1981 and prior years represent aluminum content only.
- * New series. Estimated U.S. free market price, prompt delivery to the Midwest.

Page S-26

1. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available.
2. Less than 50 tons.
3. Quarterly data were discontinued for 1983 and reinstated beginning first quarter 1984.
- ◇ Includes secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap.
- @ All data (except annual production figures) reflect GSA remelted zinc and zinc purchased for direct shipment.
- ‡ Source for monthly data: American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Source for annual data: Bureau of Mines.
- # Includes data not shown separately.

Page S-27

1. Data withheld to avoid disclosing information for individual companies.
2. Data are for five weeks; other months 4 weeks.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- § Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke. See also note "‡" for this page.
- ◇ Includes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and alcohol new supply (field production)," not shown separately.
- † Effective with the Nov. 1983 SURVEY, data for 1982 have been revised. Effective with the June 1984 SURVEY, data for 1983 have been revised. Effective with the December 1984 SURVEY, coal production data for 1983 have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.
- * New series. Includes U.S. produced and imported microwave ovens and combination microwave oven/ranges.
- ‡ Effective with the July 1984 SURVEY, data for 1983 have been revised and are available upon request.

Page S-28

1. Reported annual totals; revisions not allocated to the months.
2. Effective with Jan. 1983, data include road oil. Total road oil data for 1982 were (thous. bbl.): 591, domestic demand; 610, production; 47, stocks.
- † New series. First shown in March 1984 SURVEY. Earlier data are available upon request.
- * New series, first shown in the Feb. 1984 SURVEY. Prices back to 1974 are available upon request.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ‡ Except for price data, see note "‡" for p. S-27.

Page S-29

1. See note 1 for p. S-28.
2. Average for 11 months; no price available for Dec. 1983.
- ◇ Source: American Paper Institute. Total U.S. estimated consumption by all newspaper users.
- † See note "†" for p. S-28.
- # Compiled by the American Newspaper Publishers Association.

Page S-30

1. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
2. Crop for the year.
3. Data cover five weeks; other months, four weeks.
4. Data are no longer available.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ◇ Cumulative ginnings to the end of month indicated.
- § Bales of 480 lbs.
- ‡ Monthly revisions for 1982 and 1983 are available upon request.
- † Monthly revisions for 1981-83 are available upon request.
- @ Effective with the Mar. 1984 SURVEY, sales of regular basecoat and all other building plasters (including Keene's cement) have been combined to represent sales of total building plasters. For comparability, earlier published figures for these two series should be combined.

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1. Monthly data discontinued for the year 1982; reinstated beginning Jan. 1983.
2. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
3. Average for crop year; Aug. 1-Jul. 31.
4. For five weeks; other months four weeks.
5. Average for 10 months; no data for Jan.-Feb.
6. Less than 500 bales.
7. Average for 9 months; no data for Oct.-Dec.
- ◇ Based on 480-lb. bales, preliminary price reflects sales as of the 15th; revised price reflects total quantity purchased and dollars paid for the entire month (revised price includes discounts and premiums).
- # Includes data not shown separately.
- * New series.
- § Bales of 480 lbs..

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1. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
2. Production of new vehicles (thous. of units) for Dec. 1984: *passenger cars*, 554; *trucks and buses*, 212.
3. Effective with the Feb. 1984 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1981 to reflect updated seasonal factors and are available upon request.
4. Monthly data discontinued for the year 1982; reinstated beginning Jan. 1983.
5. Effective with the April 1984 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 4th Qtr. 1980 and are available upon request. Effective with the July 1984 SURVEY, the reporting of quarterly data has been discontinued; however, the related annual summaries will continue to be available from the Bureau of the Census.
6. Effective with the July 1984 SURVEY, data for 1983 have been revised and are available upon request.
7. See note "†" for this page.
8. See note "##" for this page.
- # Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.
- § Domestic cars comprise all cars assembled in the U.S. and cars assembled in Canada and imported to the U.S. under the provisions of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965. Imports comprise all other cars.
- ◇ Courtesy of R.L. Polk & Co.; republication prohibited. Because data for some states are not available, month-to-month comparisons are not strictly valid.
- ‡ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.
- † Monthly revisions for aircraft shipments and airframe weight for 1982 and 1983 are available upon request. Monthly revisions for truck trailers, etc. for 1981-83 are available upon request.
- @ Includes passenger vans.
- * New series, first shown in the Mar. 1984 SURVEY. Annual and monthly data back to 1967 are available upon request.
- †† Includes Volkswagens produced in the U.S.
- ‡‡ Sizes (gross vehicle weight) are classified as follows: Light-duty, up to 14,000 lbs.; medium-duty, 14,001 - 26,000 lbs.; and heavy-duty, 26,001 lbs. and over.
- ## Annual and monthly data back to 1981 have been replaced with total imports of passenger cars published by the International Trade Commission, which exclude estimated quantities of passenger cars assembled in foreign trade zones. These new data, which are comparable with data previously published for 1980 and earlier periods, are available upon request.

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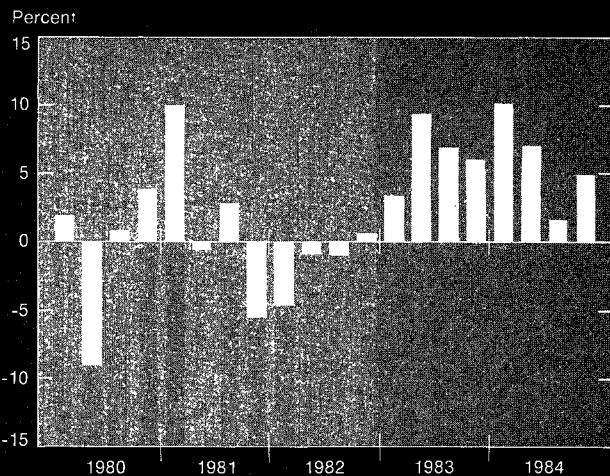


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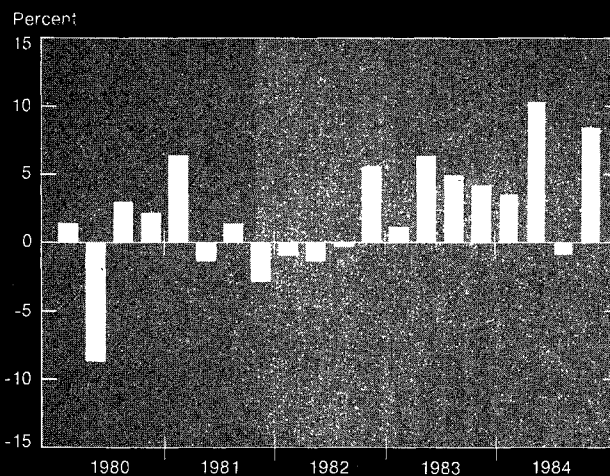
In the fourth quarter

- Real GNP increased 5 percent
- Real final sales increased 8½ percent
- GNP fixed-weighted price index increased 3½ percent
- Real disposable personal income increased 4 percent

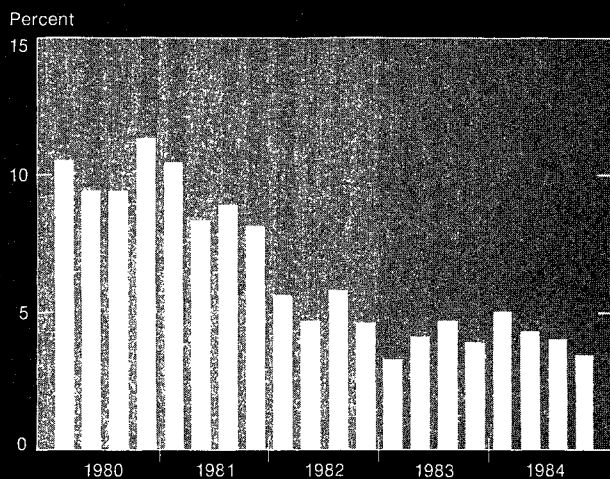
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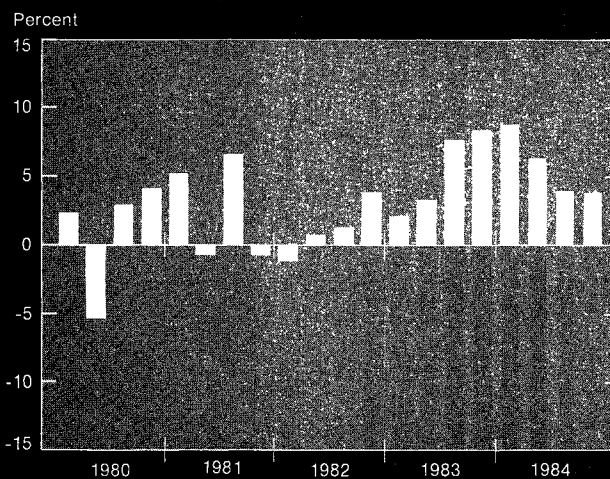
Real Final Sales



GNP Fixed-Weighted Price Index



Real Disposable Personal Income



Percent change at an annual rate from preceding quarter; based on seasonally adjusted estimates